Approx. 3/2/23

REPUBLIC OF KENYA



THE SENATE

THIRTEENTH PARLIAMENT|SECOND SESSION

STANDING COMMITTEE ON TRADE, INDUSTRIALIZATION AND TOURISM

REPORT ON COUNTY LICENSING (UNIFORM PROCEDURES), 2022 (SENATE BILLS NO. 9 OF 2022)

Clerk's Chambers Parliament Buildings NAIROBI. DATE 12 14 12023

TABLED BY Trodusto Committee and Charles April, 2023

CLERK AT THE TABLE D. Charles

April, 2023

THE SENATE
PECHIVED
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ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

KAM - Kenya Association of Manufacturers

KEPSA - Kenya Private Sector Alliance

KNCCI - Kenya National Chamber of Commerce and Industry

MSME - Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

PRELIMINARIES

The Senate Standing Committee on Trade, Industrialization and Tourism is established pursuant to Standing Order 228(3) of the Senate Standing Orders. As set out in Fourth Schedule of the Senate Standing Orders, the Committee is mandated to consider all matters related to trade, industrialization, tourism, cooperatives, investment and divestiture policies.

In undertaking its mandate, the Committee oversees the Ministry of Investment, Trade and Industry, Ministry of Co-operatives and Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) Development and the Ministry of Tourism, Wildlife & Heritage. Specifically, the Committee oversights the following state departments-

- 1) State Department for Investment Promotion
- 2) State Department for Trade;
- 3) State Department for Industry;
- 4) State department for Cooperatives;
- 5) State Department for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise (MSME) Development; and
- 6) The State Department for Tourism

The Committee also works closely with the Council of Governors, the county Assemblies Forum and non-state actors including Kenya Association of Manufacturers, Kenya Private Sector Alliance (KEPSA), Kenya National Chamber of Commerce and Industry (KNCCI), among others.

Committee Membership

The Standing Committee on Trade, Industrialization and Tourism comprises of the following Members: -

	Sen. Lenku Ole Kanar Seki, MP	-	Chairperson
2.	Sen. Esther Okenyuri, MP	-	Vice Chairperson
3.	Sen. (Dr.) Lelegwe Ltumbesi, MP	-	Member
4.	Sen. Jackson Kiplagat Mandago, EGH, MP	-	Member
5.	Sen. Paul Karungo Thangwa, MP	-	Member
6.	Sen. Crystal Kegehi Asige, MP	-	Member
7.	Sen. Andrew Omtatah Okoiti, MP	-	Member
8.	Sen. Betty Batuli Montet, MP	-	Member
9.	Sen. Hezena M. Lemaletian, MP	-	Member

CHAIRPERSON FOREWORD

Mr. Speaker Sir,

The County Licensing (Uniform Procedures) Bill, 2022 (Senate Bills No. 9 of 2022) is a Bill for an Act of Parliament to establish standard uniform procedures for licensing by county governments and for connected purposes.

The Bill seeks to establish standard uniform procedures for licensing by County Governments. As such, the Bill mandates its implementers to mainly adhere to the following-

- (a) ensure applicants are accorded an opportunity to be heard; and
- (b) prevention of multiple licensing process.

Mr. Speaker, Sir,

The County Licensing (Uniform Procedure Bill) (Senate Bills No. 9 of 2022) was published vide Kenya Gazette Supplement No.196 of 29th November, 2022 and was introduced in the Senate by way of First Reading on Thursday 16th February, 2023 and was thereafter referred to the Standing Committee on Trade, Industrialization and Tourism to facilitate public participation. The Bill is Sponsored by Sen. Mariam Omar, MP.

Pursuant to the provisions of Article 118 of the Constitution and standing order 145 (5) of the Senate Standing Orders, the Committee invited interested members of the public to submit their representations on the Bill. On 28th February, 2023, the Committee placed advertisements in the local dailies (The Daily Nation and the Standard newspapers) calling for views and submissions from the general public by 14th March, 2023. The Committee only received submissions from the Kenya Association of Manufacturers.

The Committee reviewed the submissions received and has taken into account the views of the stakeholders in proposing the amendments to the Bill and preparation of this report.

Mr. Speaker, Sir,

The Committee held four (4) sittings to consider the submissions through memoranda from Kenya Association of Manufacturers (KAM).

Summary Observations by the Committee

From the submissions that were received, the Committee made the following key observations –

- 1) **THAT**, the license contemplated under Clause 24 of the Bill is a function of county governments as provided under paragraph 7 of Part 2 of the Fourth Schedule to the Constitution. Enacting specific provisions on avoidance of multiplicity for county licenses in National legislation would be infringing on functions that are wholly devolved;
- 2) THAT, pursuant to Article 6(2) of the Constitution, counties are distinct and interdependent governments. Different county governments cannot therefore not be compared to different agencies of the same government. Further, the sharing of information by different counties has to ensure the protection of the data of the licensees in accordance with the Data Protection Act;
- 3) **THAT**, there is need for counties to adopt a coding system for identification of the different categories of licences issued by respective licensing authorities in county governments; and
- 4) THAT, the Bill does not provide consequences for breach of its provisions.

Recommendations by the Committee

From the foregoing observations, the Committee proposes the following key amendments. **THAT-**

- 1. Clause 6 (a) of the Bill be amended to provide for the protection of the rights of consumers and the manufacturers/producers of goods and services in the respective counties;
- 2. Clause 24 of the Bill be amended to stipulate the involvement of the Council of Governors in ensuring the harmonization of licensing regimes and fees in counties to avoid multiplicity of licenses by respective counties;
- 3. The Bill be amended to stipulate that each county posts in an online platform, a list of all licenses issued, their categories and fees paid or owed; and
- 4. The Bill be amended to stipulate consequences of breaching its provisions with a penalty of 6 months or 1 Million Shillings or both.

Acknowledgement

Mr. Speaker Sir,

The Committee wishes to acknowledge the time and considerable effort made by the institutions and organizations that prepared and submitted the memoranda to the Committee. I also wish to commend the Members of the committee for their devotion and commitment to duty during the consideration of the Bill.

Further, the Committee is indebted to the Office of the Speaker and the Clerk of the Senate for facilitating all the actions and interactions that led to the production of this report.

Mr. Speaker, Sir

It is now my pleasant duty, pursuant to standing order 148 of the Senate Standing Orders, to present the Report of the Standing Committee on Trade, Industrialization and Tourism on the County Licensing (Uniform Procedures) Bill, 2022 (Senate Bill No. 9 of 2022).

I thank you.

Signed.

CHAIRPERSON: SEN. LENKU OLE KANAR SEKI, MP,

STANDING COMMITTEE ON TRADE, INDUSTRIALIZATION AND TOURISM.

Date 11 RPLIL, 2003

CHAPTER ONE

OVERVIEW OF THE BILL

1.1. Background

- 1. The purpose of the (Uniform Procedures) Bill, 2022 (Senate Bills No. 9 of 2022) is to provide a national legislative framework for uniform procedures for the licensing of various activities by county governments. This will ensure certainty in the licensing processes in all counties and encourage private sector players to do business in the counties.
- 2. Paragraphs 2(d), 4(c), 6(a) and 7(b) of Part 2 of the Fourth Schedule to the Constitution assigns the following functions to county governments
 - a) county health services, including, in particular, licensing and control of undertakings that sell food to the public;
 - b) cultural activities, public entertainment and public amenities, including liquor licensing;
 - c) animal control and welfare, including licensing of dogs; and
 - d) trade development and regulation, including trade licenses (excluding regulation of professions).
- 3. Apart from the above specific licensing functions, Part 2 of the Fourth Schedule to the Constitution assigns various functions to county governments. Most of these functions require licensing of various activities and sectors by county governments.
- 4. In operationalizing these various licensing functions, it has become apparent that there are varied procedures in applying for licenses in different counties which have had a negative impact on the ease of doing business in the counties. This Bill therefore aims to establish uniform procedures for licensing in counties to ensure certainty in the process and ultimately encourage private sector investment in all counties.
- 5. There has also been hue and cry by county licensees of being required to procure licenses in each relevant county for undertaking a single business activity. This has discouraged private sector players from engaging in activities within some counties due to the requirement for multiple licenses, one for each relevant county, when undertaking a single activity across more than one county. This Bill also aims to arrest this issue to

this issue to ensure that private sector players carry out their business activities seamlessly without unnecessary impediment

1.2. Overview of the Bill

Principles and Obligations

- 6. The Bill mandates its implementers to adhere to, among others, the following -
 - (a) need to protect consumers, ensure public safety and promote environmental protection;
 - (b) access to information on conditions for issuance of licenses and the procedures;
 - (c) cost effectiveness in the licensing process;
 - (d) fairness and transparency in the licensing process;
 - (e) provision of a mechanism for simultaneous application for more than one license;
 - (f) prevention of multiple licensing procedures;
 - (g) ensuring applicants are accorded an opportunity to be heard; and
 - (h) adherence to timelines for the processing of license applications.
- 7. The Bill further mandates county governments, in establishing and administering a license regime, to -
 - (a) protect the rights of consumers;
 - (b) promote the regulation of developing markets;
 - (c) ensure that the quality of goods and services are of high standard;
 - (d) effectively administer control over activities that are risky i.e. activities that threaten the life or health of people, property or the State, public interest or nature and cultural heritage; and
 - (e) ensure that the licensing fees are not prohibitive and do not hinder the conduct of business.

Licensing Procedures

8. The Bill provides a standard process for application, renewal, variation and transfer of licenses. It further mandates county licensing authorities to design and administer an electronic system for the application, renewal, variation or transfer of licenses. It also makes provision for county licensing authorities to inquire for more information on licenses from applicants.

- 9. The Bill requires county governments, when enacting legislation and for the effective administration of the licensing processes, to prescribe procedures for a single application process for more than one license. It further mandates county licensing authorities to conduct public participation and undertake a regulatory impact assessment before varying the conditions of a license. It also makes provision for the advertisement of applications that are required by law to be advertised.
- 10. The Bill makes provision for withdrawal of applications. It imposes an obligation on county licensing authorities to process license applications within the required timelines, and in any case within 28 days. An application will be deemed to have been allowed after the expiry of the set timeline(s). It further makes provision for the issuance of licenses, with or without conditions, and mandates county licensing authorities to notify applicants of their decisions within 7 days of making the decisions.
- 11. The Bill also makes provision for the starting and expiry dates for licenses. It further makes provision for conditions for licenses and the procedure for their variation and imposes various conditions on all county licensees.
- 12. The Bill further makes provision for the cancellation of licences and for the application process for the review of decisions of county licensing authorities on licence applications.

Administration of licensing schemes

- 13. The Bill requires licensees (not being natural persons) to notify the respective county licensing authorities within 14 days of a change in the licensees' name, directorship, shareholding, address or registered particulars. It also mandates county licensing authorities to maintain a licensing register and provides details to be contained in the register. It further provides that the licensing register be accessible for inspection by member of the public.
- 14. The Bill also makes provision for the payment of fees for licenses. It mandates county governments, guided by the principles set out in the Bill, to formulate a licensing fees policy for the imposition of fees and issuance of licenses by the respective county. It also mandates county licensing authorities to be guided by the following principles in setting out fees for issuance of licenses-
 - (a) setting of fees be done within the scope of the county licensing authority;
 - (b) need to ensure efficiency in the delivery of goods and services;

- (c) accountability;
- (d) public participation;
- (e) avoidance of multiplicity in the issuance of licenses and multiple imposition of fees where goods are transported across different counties;
- (f) cross-subsidization where fees collected for providing a category of goods or services covers the costs incurred in providing goods and services in another category in accordance with existing legislation;
- (g) adherence to existing policy on the charging and collection of fees;
- (h) avoidance of multiple licensing in a specific sector;
- (i) fixing different fees with respect to the different types of licenses;
- (j) waiver of requirement for fees and prescribe conditions for such waivers;
- (k) the taking into account of the costs incurred in administering the licensing scheme; and
- (1) ensuring that the fees set do not adversely affect competition and investment.
- 15. The Bill makes detailed provision for service of notices required under the Bill and allows county licensing authorities to recover license fees owed as a debt in court. It further empowers the Cabinet Secretary responsible for matters relating to licensing to make regulations specifically to bring to effect the provisions of the Bill once enacted. The Bill finally empowers county assemblies to enact county specific legislation to give further effect to the provisions of the Bill once enacted.

Consequences of the Bill

16. The Bill seeks to establish uniform framework which will form the basis of licensing processes in counties. A uniform framework for licensing will guarantee certainty and predictability for business owners trading within counties and is vital to the ease of doing business in counties. A business environment underpinned by certainty and predictability will boost entrepreneurship, create employment opportunities, reduce the cost of doing business and promote regular and reliable revenue streams for county governments

CHAPTER TWO

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION AND THEMATIC SYNTHESIS OF THE SUBMISSIONS

2.1. Public participation

- 17. The Committee, pursuant to the provisions of Article 118 of the Constitution and standing order 145 (5) of the Senate Standing Orders, proceeded to undertake public participation on the Bill. In this regard the committee published an advertisement in the Daily Nation and Standard Newspaper on Tuesday, 28th February, 2023 inviting members of the public to submit written memoranda on the Bill. The advertisement was also posted on the Parliament website.
- 18. In response to the advertisement and invitations, the committee received written submission from one stakeholder, the Kenya Association of Manufacturers and made determinations as follows:

Obligations of County Government

- 19. The Kenya Association of Manufacturers proposed an amendment to clause 6 (a) of the Bill to include manufacturers and producers of goods and services among the entities whose right are to be protected by county governments when administering a licence regime. The rationale is that the County governments should also be obligated to protect the rights of manufacturers as manufacturers are the main job creators in counties and their welfare is therefore just as important as that of consumers.
- 20. The Committee adopted the Proposal to amend clause 6 (a), noting that it is only fair that all parties are protected by county licensing regimes. The Bill should therefore be amended to include producers of goods and services among the entities whose rights are to be protected by county governments when administering a license regime.
- 21. The Kenya Association of Manufacturers proposed an amendment to clause 6 (c) of the Bill to delete the term 'quality of goods produced'. The rationale is that ensuring that goods produced are of high standard is vested in the Kenya Bureau of Standards which has the capacity, resources and know how to effectively undertake the task and

granting county governments the mandate will be a duplication of roles and will add on to the regulatory burden already faced by manufacturers.

22. **The Committee rejected the proposal** to amend clause 6 (c), noting that the provision does not empower Counties to perform functions of the Kenya Bureau of Standards but rather perform their Constitutional functions under paragraph 7 of Part 2 of the Fourth Schedule to the Constitution. The Committee further noted that the provision doesn't disenfranchise manufacturers by adding regulatory burdens as the regulation by counties is already provided for in the Constitution as stated above.

Application of granting amendment, renewal, restoration and replacement of licenses

- 23. The Kenya Association of Manufacturers proposed an amendment to clause 7(2) of the Bill to reduce the number of years from three to one on compliance by counties to put in place and operationalize the electronic application for licenses. The rationale is that three years is a long time for counties to comply and will go against governments' digitization policy and that storage of information in the database within one year will make it easier to retrieve for renewal and replacement instead of providing the document again.
- 24. The Committee rejected the proposal to amend clause 7(2), noting that the three years stipulated is sufficient time as one year is too short for all counties to adopt an electronic system of processing licenses.
- 25. The Kenya Association of Manufacturers proposed an amendment to clause 24 of the Bill to insert a new implementation provision on how avoidance of multiplicity will be achieved. The rationale is that the multiple fees and levies across different counties inhibit cross-county trade and increase the cost of doing business in the country and the provision will ensure seamless operationalisation of the principle of avoidance of multiplicity in the issuance of licenses under clause 24(1)(e). The provision will also avoid any confusion or ambiguity in the counties on how the proposed principle will be implemented.
- 26. The Committee rejected the proposal to amend clause 24, noting that the licensing contemplated under the Bill is a County function as provided under Part 2 of the Fourth Schedule to the Constitution. Enacting specific provisions on avoidance of multiplicity for county licenses in National legislation would be infringing on functions that are wholly devolved. Only county governments can enact legislation

THAT the Bill be amended by inserting the following new clause immediately after clause 26—

Breach of **26A.** A person who contravenes a provision of this Act commits the Act. an offence and is liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding one million shillings or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both.

Dated 11 APRIC, 2023, 2023.

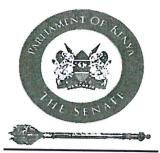
Sen. Lenku Ole Kanar Seki, MP

Chairperson,

Standing Committee on Trade, Industrialization and Tourism.

APPENDICES

- Appendix 1: Minutes of the sittings of the Committee in considering the Bill
- Appendix 2: The County Licensing (Uniform Procedures) Bill, 2022 (Senate Bills No. 9 of 2022)
- Appendix 3: Advertisement published in the *Daily Nation* and *Standard* Newspapers on Tuesday, 28th February, 2023
- Appendix 4: Copies of submissions



MINUTES OF THE ELEVENTH MEETING OF THE SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE ON TRADE, INDUSTRIALIZATION AND TOURISM, HELD ON TUESDAY, 28TH MARCH, 2023, AT KICC CAUCUS 110 AT 8.00 AM

PRESENT

Sen. Lenku Ole Kanar Seki, MP
 Sen. Esther Okenyuri, MP
 Sen. (Dr.) Lelegwe Ltumbesi
 Sen. Betty Batuli Montet, MP
 Sen. Crystal Kegehi Asige, MP
 Sen. Andrew Omtatah Okoiti, MP
 Chairperson
 Wice -Chairperson
 Member
 Member
 Member
 Member
 Member
 Member

ABSENT WITH APOLOGIES

Sen. Jackson Kiplagat Mandago, EGH. MP
 Sen. Hezena M. Lemaletian, MP
 Sen. Paul Karungo Thangwa, MP
 -Member
 -Member

SECRETARIAT

1) Mr. Peter Mulesi - Clerk Assistant 2) Mr. David Ngamate - Clerk Assistant 3) Mr. Mitchell Otoro - Legal Counsel 4) Ms. Annette Kwamboka - Legal Counsel 5) Ms. Sharon Rotino - Research Officer 6) Ms. Hamud Mohamud - Research Officer 7) Mr. William Wambiru - Fiscal Analyst 8) Ms. Felistus Mutune -Media Relations Officer 9) Mr. Joseph Otieno -Audio Officer 10)Mr. Abdalah Mbore - Sergeant-At-Arms

MIN/SEN/SCTIT/65/2023

PRELIMINARIES

The Chairperson called the meeting to order at 8:09 am followed by a word of prayer. He welcomed the Members and staff present and asked for a round of introductions.

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DIRECTOR COMMITTEE SERVICES (DSEC)

KAM/10/14/rl/mb/jw/AM/2023

14th March 2023

Mr. Jeremiah M. Nyegenye The Clerk, Senate Parliament of Kenya, Parliament Buildings P.O Box 41842 - 00100 **NAIROBI**

Dear Sir,



RE: SUBMISSION OF KAM MEMORANDUM ON THE COUNTY LICENSING (UNIFORM PROCEDURES) BILL, 2022

The Kenya Association of Manufacturers (KAM) presents its compliments and appreciates the continued support.

Following the call for views on the County Licensing (Uniform Procedures) Bill, 2022, we wish to submit our Memorandum.

The purpose of this letter is to therefore submit the Kenya Association of Manufacturers' Memorandum on the County Licensing (Uniform Procedures) Bill, 2022.

Feedback may be communicated to us via our physical address and advance feedback email to ceo@kam.co.ke on mobile +254 721 303335/+254 723 443363.

Your early feedback will be appreciated.

Yours Sincerely,

Anthony Mwangi

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

AMEG

THE SENATE RECEIVED

15 MAR 2023

DEPUTY CLERK



Westlands



CHESENATE

(DSEC)



MEMORANDUM ON THE COUNTY LICENSING (UNIFORM PROCEDURES) BILL, 2022

Submitted to

JEREMIAH M. NYEGENYE, CBS THE CLERK, SENATE, PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, NAIROBI

Presented By

ANTHONY MWANGI, CHIEF EXECUTIVE, KENYA ASSOCIATION OF MANUFACTURERS

MARCH 2023 – NAIROBI, KENYA

1.0 INTRODUCTION

950 members and represents over 40% of Kenya's manufacturing value add industries. role on behalf of manufacturers in Kenya and in the region through her strong linkages with all sectors of the economy. KAM has over Kenya Association of Manufacturers (KAM) is the leading business membership organization in East Africa that plays a key advocacy

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successful with Kenya Playing a critical role. The EAC region integration is expected to spur the manufacturing sector enhancing intraand implementation of the Customs Union, and the Common Market Protocol. The integration process in East Africa has been EAC trade in value added products and thus grow the economies of the region. KAM represented Kenya's manufacturing sector interests in the East Africa Trade integration process through the design, ratification

Construction; Agro-Processing Pharmaceutical; Automotive; Chemical and Allied; Metal and Allied; Paper and Paperboard; Leather and Apparel; Textile and Apparel; Plastics and Rubber; Timber, Wood and Furniture; Electric and Electronic; Building, Mining and KAM has a membership of manufacturers across thirteen manufacturing sectors and Service ranging from Food and Beverage,

2.0 PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE COUNTY LICENSING (UNIFORM PROCEDURES) BILL, 2022

before the draft Bill is enacted: In response to the call for public participation on the afore-referenced Bill, we propose the following amendments to be considered

		CLAUSE	PROPOSAL	JUSTIFICATION
Obligations of County Governments a) Protect the rights of consumers in the respective counties. Clause 6 Obligations of County Governments c) Ensure that the quality of goods produced, and services delivered are of high standards Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put	<u>-</u>	Clause 6	We propose to amend paragraph (a) of	
a) Protect the rights of consumers in the respective counties. Clause 6 Obligations of County Governments c) Ensure that the quality of goods produced, and services delivered are of high standards Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put		Obligations of County	this clause to read as follows:	justifications: The county governments should also be
a) Protect the rights of consumers in the respective counties. Clause 6 Obligations of County Governments c) Ensure that the quality of goods produced, and services delivered are of high standards Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put		Governments	ect the right	obligated to protect the rights of the
clause 6 Obligations of County Governments c) Ensure that the quality of goods produced, and services delivered are of high standards Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put		a) Protect the rights of consumers in the	and the manufacturers/ producers of goods and services	manufacturers/producers. The manufacturers/producers are the
Clause 6 Obligations of County Governments c) Ensure that the quality of goods produced, and services delivered are of high standards Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put		respective counties.	In the respective counties.	main job creators in the counties. Their welfare is therefore just as important as
Clause 6 Obligations of County Governments c) Ensure that the quality of goods produced, and services delivered are of high standards Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put				that of the consumers.
Obligations of County Governments c) Ensure that the quality of goods produced, and services delivered are of high standards Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put	7		We propose to amend this clause by	We make this proposal based on the following
c) Ensure that the quality of goods produced, and services delivered are of high standards Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put	W		deleting the phrase "quality of goods	justifications:
c) Ensure that the quality of goods produced, and services delivered are of high standards Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put		County	produced" in paragraph (c) to read as	 The mandate to ensure that goods
c) Ensure that the quality of goods produced, and services delivered are of high standards Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put			follows:	produced are of a high standard is
goods produced, and services delivered are of high standards Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put		c) Ensure that the quality of		vested in the Kenya Bureau of
services delivered are of high standards Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put		goods produced, and		Standards (KEBS).
high standards Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put		services delivered are of	are of nign standards.	 KEBS has the capacity, resources and
Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put		high standards		know how to effectively undertake this
Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put				task.
Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put				 Granting county governments this
Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put				mandate will be a duplication of roles and
Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put				will add on to the regulatory burden
Clause 7 (2) A licensing authority shall, within three years of the commencement of this Act, put		-		already faced by manufacturers.
	w.		We propose to amend this clause to	This proposal is made based on the following
		1	reduce the time for compliance from	justifications:
commencement of this Act, put		authority	three years to one year.	 Three years is a long time for counties to
		commencement of this Act, put		comply with this requirement.
in place mechanisms to enable		in place mechanisms to enable		

_																									
																4.									
									across different counties.	where goods are transported	multiple imposition of fees	the issuance of licenses and	e) Avoidance of multiplicity in	Licensing tees		Clause 24					issuance of a licence.	variation of a condition for the	replacement of a licence or a	grant, renewal, transfer or	the electronic application for
														avoidance of multiplicity will be achieved.	an implementation clause on how	We propose to amend this clause to add									
operationalization.	implemented to ensure seamless	clause on how this directive will be	 We propose to add on this to include a 	country.	increase the cost of doing business in the	counties inhibit cross-county trade and	 Multiple fees and levies across different 	welcome.	different counties is particularly	fees where goods are transported across	of licenses and multiple imposition of	 Avoidance of multiplicity in the issuance 	clause 24 are welcome and overdue.	 The guiding principles as enumerated in 	justifications:	We make this proposal based on the following	documentation again.	replacement instead of providing the	easier to retrieve for renewal and	database within one year will make it	 Further, storage of information in the 	government policy.	three years will go against the	digitizing all its services, the provision for	 With the government's push for

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		This will avoid any confusion or
		ambiguity in the counties on how the
		proposed principle will be implemented.
Additional Clause	Include a clause introducing Exchange	Include a clause introducing Exchange As a comparator, there is a concept developed
	of information by government agencies	by other jurisdictions known as "only once
	for ease of issuance of permits.	principle."
		The once-only principle is an e-government
		concept that aims to ensure that citizens,
		institutions, and companies only have to provide
		certain standard information to the authorities
		and administrations once. By incorporating data
		protection regulations and the explicit consent
		of the users, the public administration is allowed
		to re-use and exchange the data with each other.
		This principle will boost the plans by the
		government to digitize all its services by
		reducing the administrative burden on citizens
		and businesses

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only Mt Kenya, South This is why Kenya as a noxious. Are its only tral, Eastern and Rift Or our more modern and South Rift politinber, the numbers do uced a vote in which d and Kenya Kwanza

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real irony. In these mations that Kenya stions will be asked really open for busi-olitical environment g to the world as we s and cents into local stment? Can we re-terminable political ne depths to which it

enya Kwanza adminr the transformation Vhere is the non-ethagenda? Are we being Il be back, watch this

dardmedia.co.ke

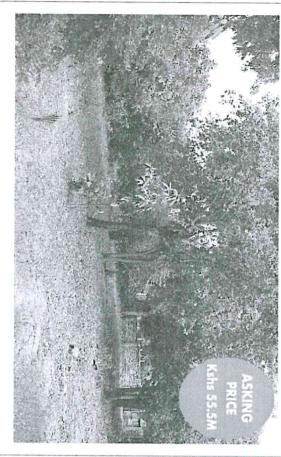
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D MIL

PROPERTY FOR SALE

VACANT LAND IN DIANI - L.R NO. KWALE/DIANI/182



The property is located 1.3 Kilometers off Diani Beach Road

- Approximately 5.19 acres.
- Held on freehold interest.
- Ideal for residential/commercial development.
- Viewing strictly by appointment.

For more information or to make viewing arrangements,

text "DIANI" to 21938

Terms & Conditions Apply

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REPUBLIC OF KENYA



THIRTEENTH PARLIAMENT THE SENATE INVITATION FOR SUBMISSION OF MEMORANDA

At a sitting of the Senate held on Thursday, 16th February, 2023 the Bills listed at the second colubelow were introduced in the Senate by way of First Reading and thereafter stood committed to t

respective Standing Committees indicated at the third column.

Pursuant to the provisions of Article 118 of the Constitution and standing order 145(5) of the Seni Standing Orders, the Standing Committees now invite interested members of the public to subrany representations that they may have on the Bills.

The representations may be made by way of submission of written memoranda on email to the Cli of the Senate on the address: clerk.senate@parliament.go.ke and copied to the email addresses the respective Committee indicated at the fourth column below, to be received on or before Tuesd: 14th March, 2023.

	BIII	Committee Referred To Email	Email
வ	The Prompt Payment Bill, Standing Committe 2022 (Senate Bills No. 8 Finance and Budget of 2022)	Standing Committee on Finance and Budget	a) The Prompt Payment Bill, Standing Committee on financebudgetcomm.senate@parliamen 2022 (Senate Bills No. 8 Finance and Budget go.ke of 2022)
5	b) The County Licensing (Uniform Procedure) Bill, Trade, Industrialization 2022 (Senate Bills No. 9 and Tourism of 2022)	mmittee on trialization	tradeindtourism.senate@parliament.go.
೦	c) The Employment (Amendment) Bill, 2022 (Senate Bills No. 11 of 2022)	Standing Committee on Labour and Social Welfare	laboursocialwelfarecomm.senate@ parliament.go.ke

The Bills may be accessed on the Parliament Website at http://www.parliament.go.ke/thsenate/house-business/bills,

J. M. NYEGENYE, CBS, CLERK OF THE SENATE.

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