

REPUBLIC OF KENYA



**REPORT**

THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY PAPERS LAID	
DATE: 11 APR 2023	DAY: Tuesday
TABLED BY:	Hon Owen Baya MP
CLERK-AT-THE-TABLE:	Deputy leader of the majority Esther Ngunjiri

**THE AUDITOR-GENERAL**

**ON**

**OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC  
PROSECUTIONS STAFF HOUSING  
MORTGAGE AND CAR LOAN SCHEME**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED  
30 JUNE, 2019**





**OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS STAFF  
HOUSING MORTGAGE AND CAR LOAN SCHEME  
ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED  
30<sup>TH</sup> JUNE 2019**

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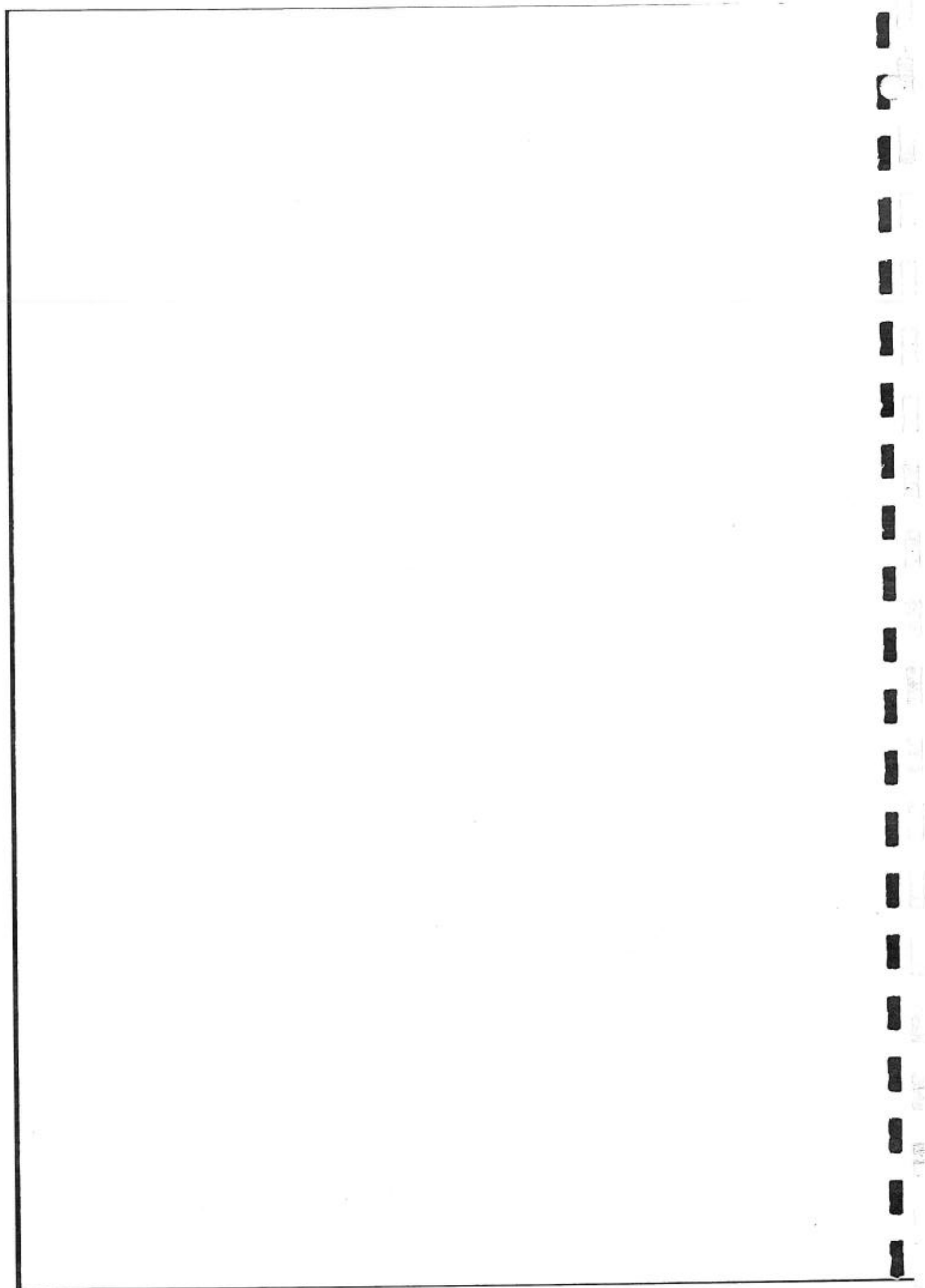
**Prepared in accordance with the Accrual Basis of Accounting Method under the International  
Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS)**





*Office Of The Director Of Public Prosecutions Staff Housing Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme.*  
**Reports and Financial Statements**  
**For the year ended June 30, 2019.**

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**1. KEY ENTITY INFORMATION AND MANAGEMENT**

**(a) Background information**

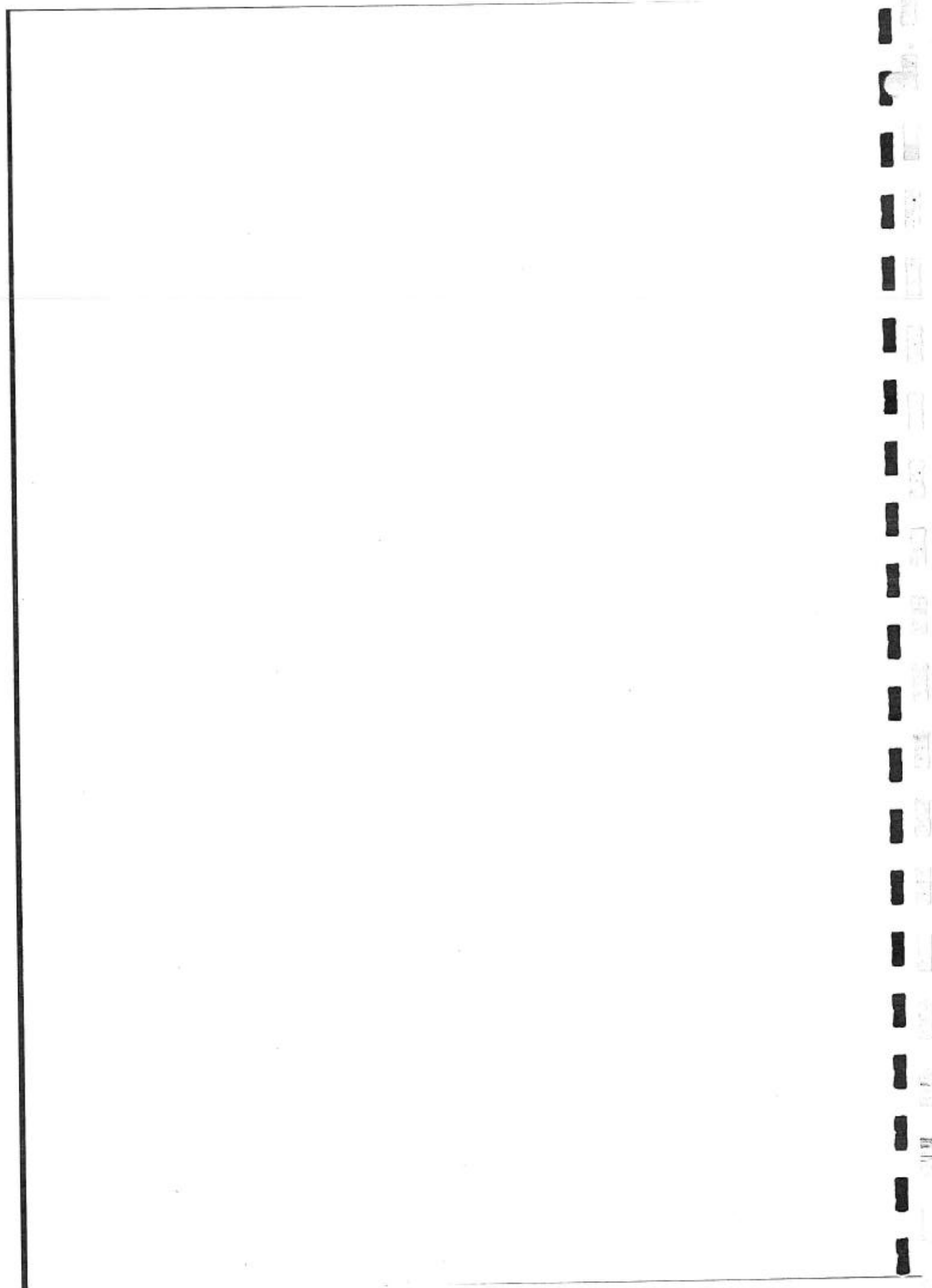
The Office of the Director of Public Prosecution Staff House Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme Fund is established by and derives its authority and accountability from the provisions under Section 84(1), Section 24 (4) (5) (6) (7) of the PFM Act, 2012 and Section 127 (1) (2) of the PFM (National Government) Regulations, 2015.

The Office of the Director of the Public Prosecution Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme is established pursuant to Salaries and Remuneration Commission Circulars referenced; SRC/ADM/CIR/1/13 Vol. III (128) of 17th December 2014; SRC/ADM/CIR/1/13 VOL III (130) of 29th January, 2015 and SRC/ADM/CIR/1/13 VOL III (142) of 25th August 2015 all of which set and advised on the establishment of Mortgage and Car loan schemes for both state and other public officers. The Fund is wholly owned by the Office of the Director of the Public Prosecution and is domiciled in Kenya. The Office of the Director of the Public Prosecution operationalized the staff mortgage and car loan scheme through internal memo ODPP/4/13/2/Vol.II(13) approved by Secretary Public Prosecutions in the year 2017.

**(b) Principal Activities**

The Fund's principal activity is to administer a mortgage and car loan scheme for members of staff to access loan facilities for:

- (i) purchase of motor vehicles for personal use
- (ii) Purchasing an existing residential property;
- (iii) Purchase of land and construction;
- (iv) Construction, renovation and/or improvement of existing residential property or existing plot/land;
- (v) Takeover loans on existing mortgages or equity release on existing mortgage properties.





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**(c) Fund Administration Committee**

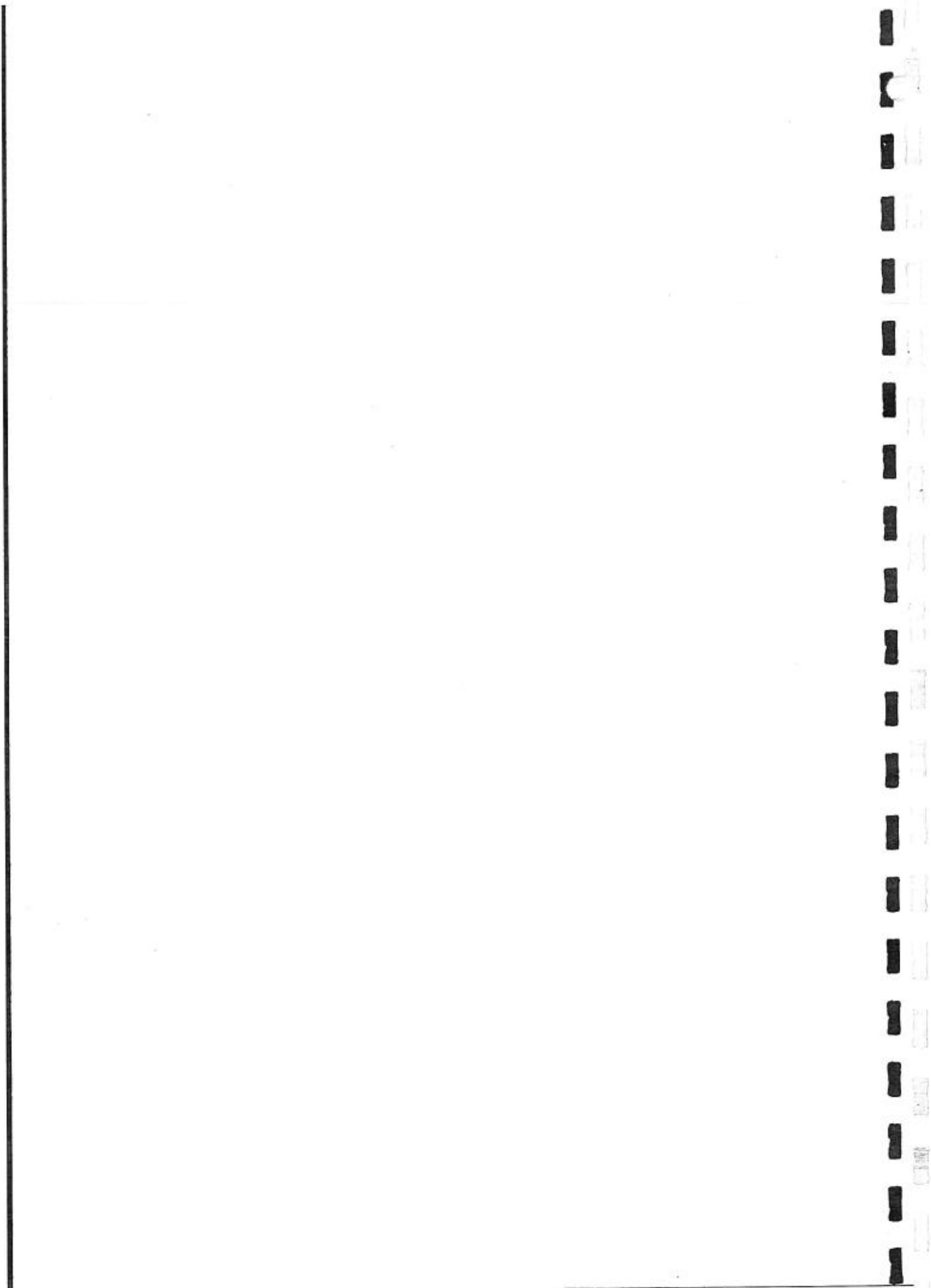
The fund administration committee members who held office during the financial year ended 30th June 2019 were:

No	Position	Name
1	Chairperson	Mrs Dorcas Oduor,EBS,OGW
2	Member	Mr.Nicholas Mutuku
3	Member	Mr Jacob Ondari
4	Member	Mr.Kennedy Kimuyu
5	Member	Mr.Kennedy Ndwiga
6	Member	Mrs Monica Mburugu
7	Member	Mr.Edgar Mulamula
	Member	Mr.James Opundo
8	Member	Mr.Martin Kiongora
9	Member	Mr Henry Buya
10	Member	Mr.Walter Oselu

**(d) Key Management**

The key management officers who held office during the financial year ended 30th June 2018 and who had direct fiduciary responsibility were:

No	Position	Name
1	Fund Administrator	Mr.Noordin M.Haji,CBS,OGW
2	Fund Chairperson	Mrs Dorcas Oduor,EBS,OGW
3	Fund Secretary	Mrs.Monica Mburugu



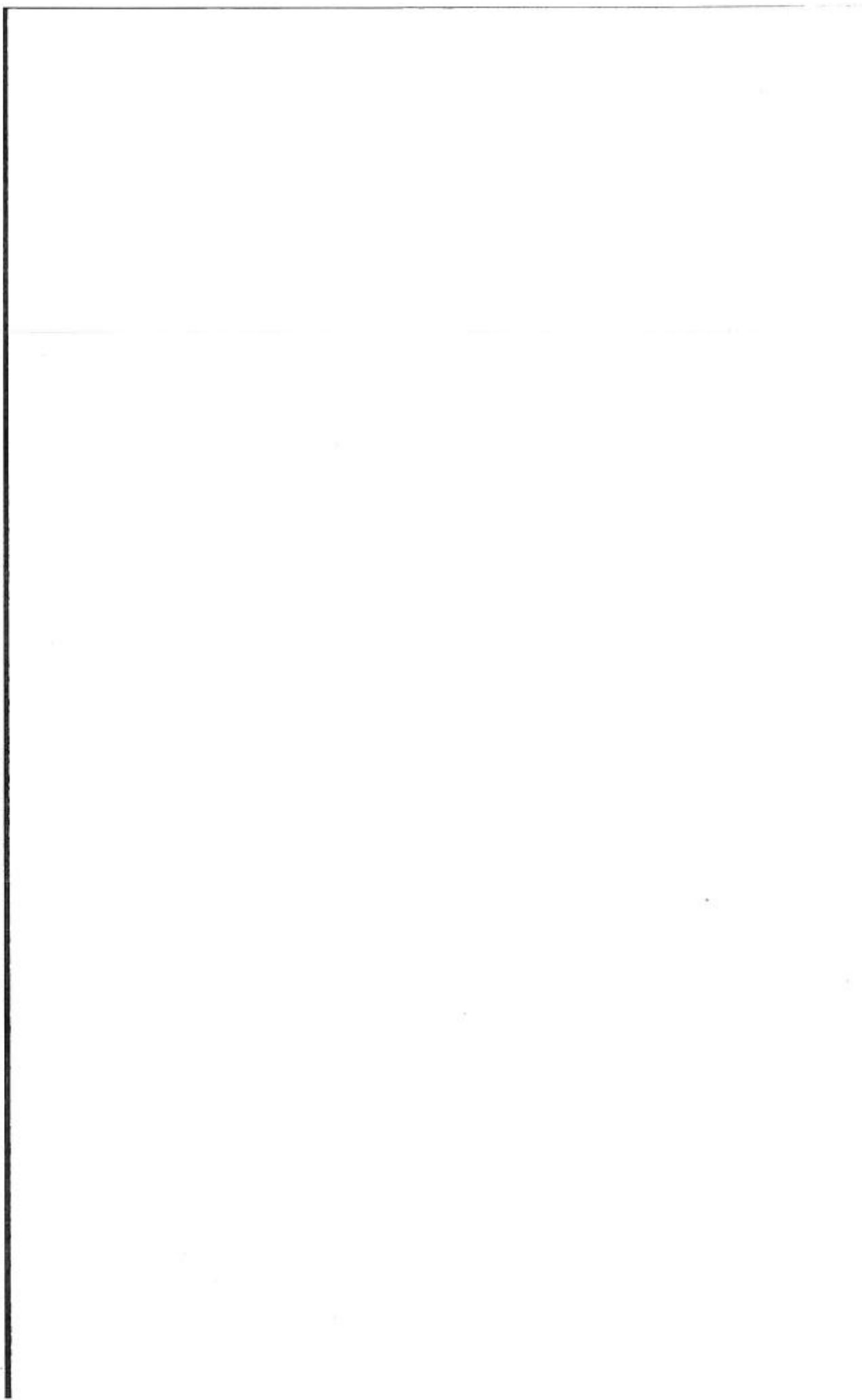
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**(e) Fiduciary Oversight Arrangements**

The Office of the Director of the Public Prosecution has put in place an Audit Committee through which it oversees the Scheme. The Audit Committee is chaired by a member who is not an employee of the Office of the Director of the Public Prosecution with one member from Advisory Board as a member. Members of the Audit Committee who held office during the financial year ended 30 June 2019 for fiduciary oversight were:

No	Position	Name
1	Chairperson	Mrs.Valentine Gitoho
2	Member	Ms.Mercy Wambua
3	Member	Mr.Maina Njoroge
4	Member	Mr. Stephen Nyanchiro
5	Secretary	Mr.Paul Mbugua



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**(f) Fund Headquarters**

Office of Director of Public Prosecutions  
P.O.BOX 30701 -00100 Nairobi  
ODPP Building  
Ragati Road upper hill  
Nairobi, KENYA

**(g) Fund Contacts**

Telephone: (254) 020273090  
E-mail: [info@odpp.go.ke](mailto:info@odpp.go.ke)  
Website: [www.odpp.go.ke](http://www.odpp.go.ke)

**(h) Fund Bankers**

Consolidated Bank  
Consolidated Bank House  
P. O. Box 51133-00200  
NAIROBI

Account Numbers: 10011209000007  
10011209000008

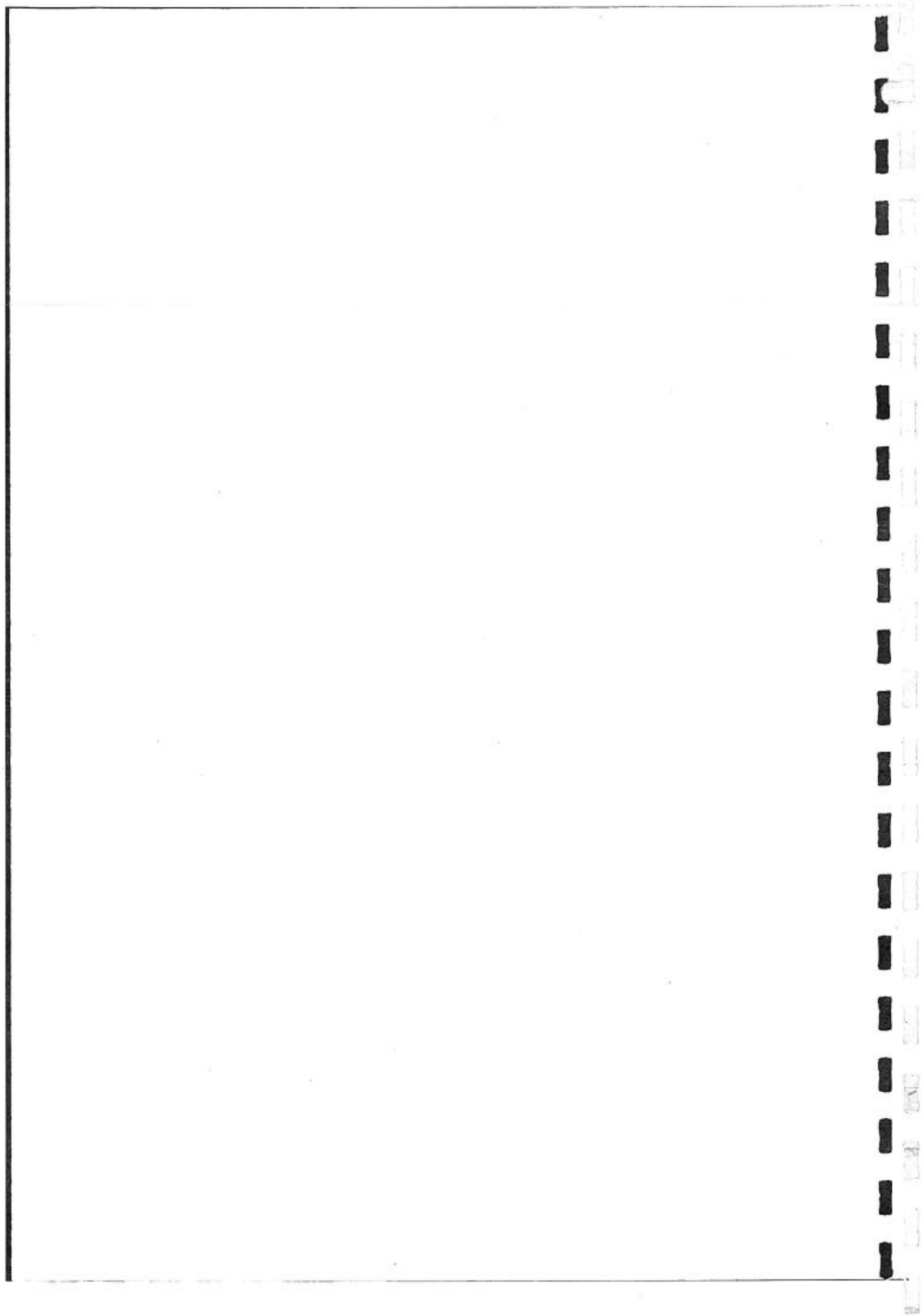
**(i) Independent Auditors**

Auditor General  
Office of the Auditor General  
Anniversary Towers, University Way  
P.O. Box 30084  
GPO 00100  
Nairobi, Kenya

**(j) Principal Legal Adviser**

The Attorney General  
State Law Office  
Harambee Avenue  
P.O. Box 40112  
City Square 00200  
Nairobi, Kenya.





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**I. FUND ADMINISTRATIVE COMMITTEE**

Section 84 of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires that, at the end of each financial year, the Accounting officer when preparing financial statements of each National Government entity in accordance with the standards and formats prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board includes a statement of the national government entity's performance against predetermined objectives.

The key objectives of the Office of the Director of the Public Prosecution Staff Housing Mortgage and Car loan Scheme are to:

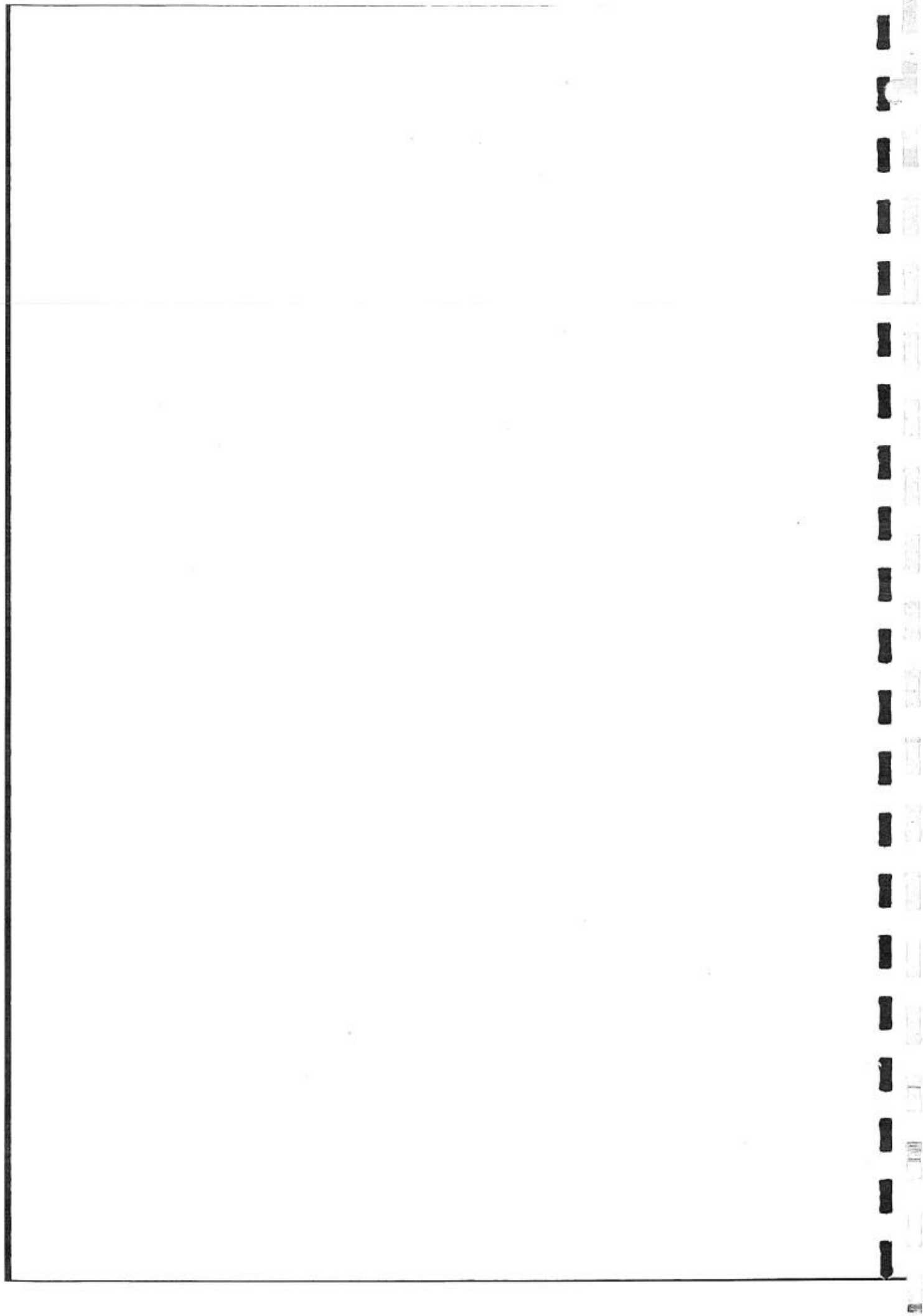
- a) Provide loan facility for purchase and development of residential houses.
- b) Provide loan facility for purchase of motor vehicles for personal use.

**Progress on attainment of the fund's objectives**

For purposes of implementing and cascading the above fund objectives to specific sectors, all the objectives were made specific, measurable, achievable, realistic and time-bound (SMART) and converted into fund outcomes. Attendant indicators were identified for reasons of tracking progress and performance measurement:

Below we provide the progress on attaining the stated objectives:

Fund name	Objective	Outcome	Indicator	Performance
Office of the Director of the Public Prosecution Staff Mortgage and Car loan Scheme	To provide loan facility for purchase and development of residential houses; and purchase of motor vehicles for personal use	Decent housing for staff and ease of movement to and from work.	No of staff advanced loan facility to purchase residential houses and cars for personal use	In FY 2018/19 six (6) staff members got loans for purchase of residential houses. Eleven (11) staff were facilitated for the purchase of personal use motor vehicles.



**II. REPORT BY THE CHAIRPERSON OF THE FUND ADMINISTRATION COMMITTEE**

The Office appreciates the support by the National Treasury towards establishment of the Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme, which was operationalized in 2017. The establishment was timely, resonates well with the government's endeavour to provide affordable housing under the Big Four Agenda. The scheme will go a long way in enabling the government's Big Four Agenda. The Scheme is managed by Consolidated Bank which; as the appointed Fund Manager works closely with the Fund Administration Committee appointed by the Office Secretary/CEO. During the 2018/19 Financial Year, two committee members exited the Office, necessitating appointment of two new members.

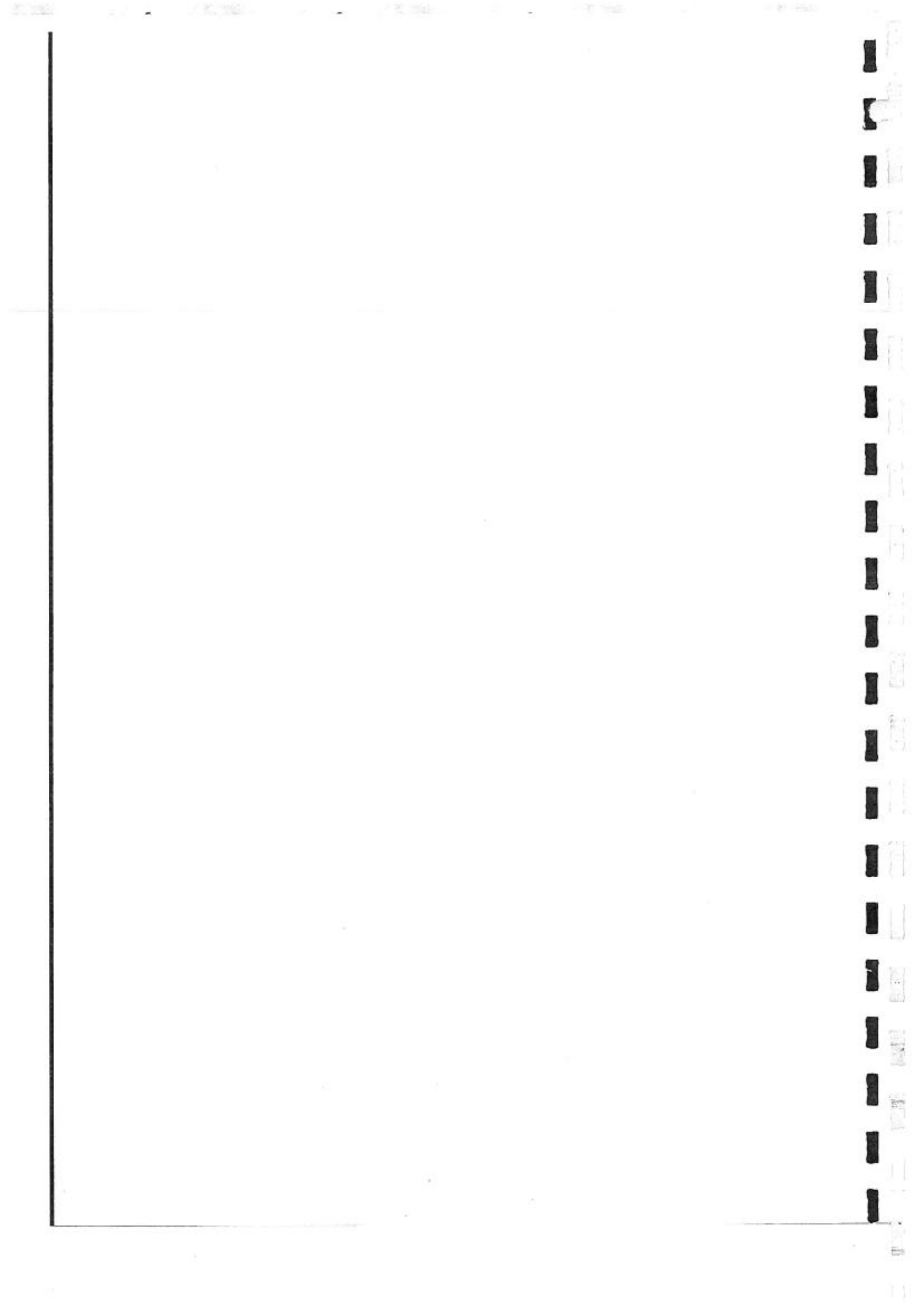
As at 30 June 2019, the funds received from the Exchequer was Kshs.75, 000,000 to increase the fund to Kshs 250,000,000 and disbursed after several applications were being processed by the Fund Manager.

I take this opportunity to thank the National Treasury for the continued support to fully operationalize the Scheme, by allocating the much-needed funds. I also thank the Fund Administrator for the guidance and support, that has made this scheme a dream come true for the staff. Further, I thank the Fund Manager and Administration Committee for their commitment to actualize the Scheme.

Signed:  \_\_\_\_\_

**Mrs Dorcas Oduor, EBS,OGW**

**Chairperson, Fund Administration Committee**





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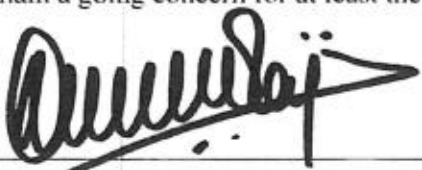
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**III. REPORT OF THE FUND ADMINISTRATOR**

I am pleased to present the financial statements for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019, in compliance with Section 84 of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012. The objective of the Office of the Director of Public Prosecution Staff Mortgage and Car loan Scheme is to motivate staff by facilitating access to low interest credit facilities to own homes and acquire vehicles to facilitate their transport to work. The Office of the Director of Public Prosecution has engaged the Consolidated Bank of Kenya to manage Scheme. In the Financial Year 2019, Six (6) staff members were facilitated to purchase residential houses where a total of Kshs. 44,100,000 was disbursed while eleven (11) members were facilitated to purchase vehicles at a total of Kshs. 18,795,000. It is worthwhile to note that since inception, thirty eight (38) staff members have been facilitated. So far, a total of Kshs. 128,345,000 been disbursed as at 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019. It is encouraging to note that the beneficiaries of the scheme have continued to service their loans as scheduled, as contained in the financial statements.

In administering the Fund, the Office of the Director of Public Prosecution maintained adequate financial management controls to ensure compliance, transparency and accountability. The measures were aimed at making sure that the funds are utilised prudently and included maintenance of proper accounting records. Further, the financial Statement have been prepared in accordance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) and represents a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Fund for the period under review. As the Accounting Officer, I confirm the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Fund, which have been relied upon, in the preparation of the financial statements.

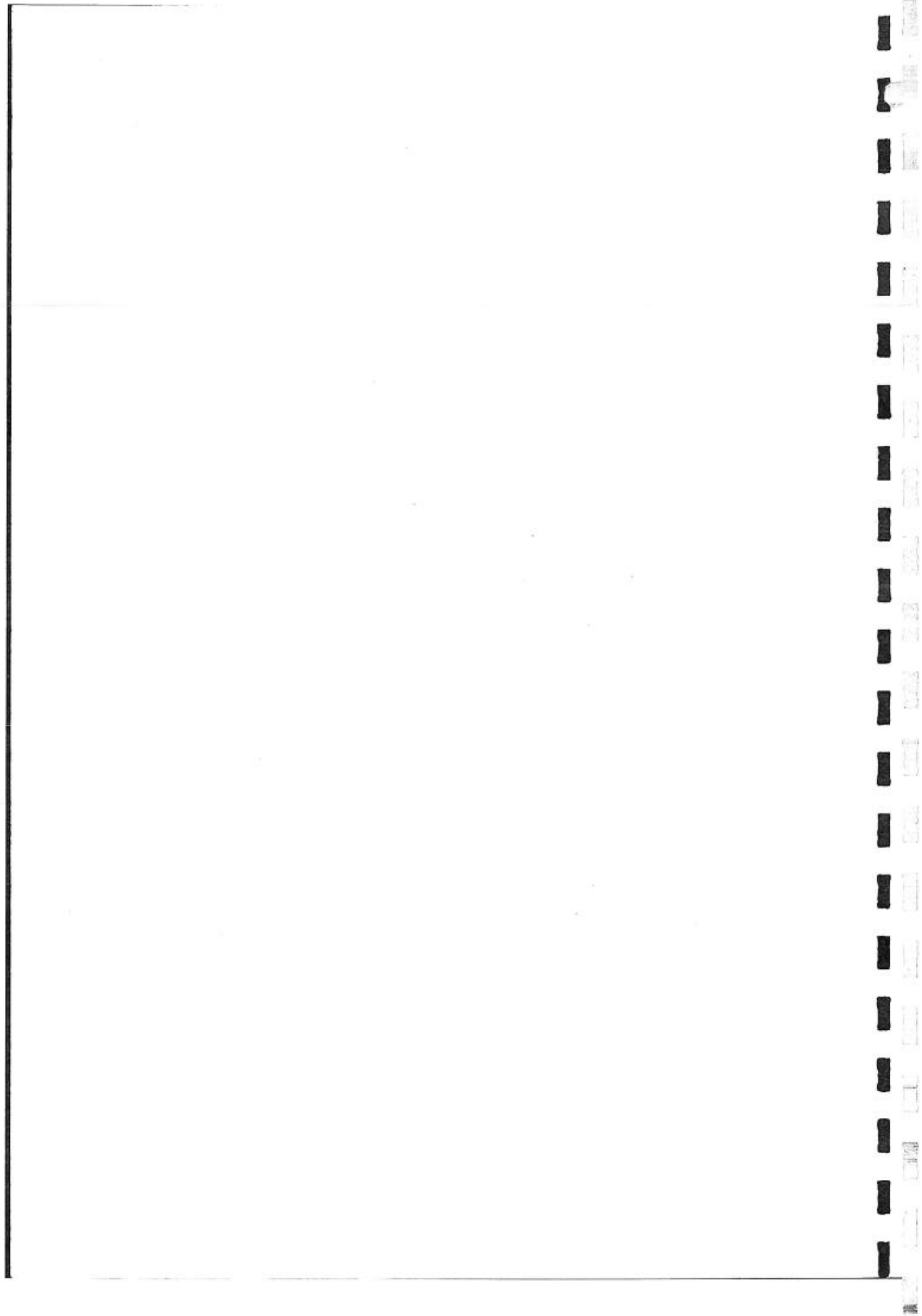
Finally, I confirm that in preparing the financial statements, I have assessed the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and nothing has come to my attention to indicate that the Fund will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

Signed: 

**Mr.Noordin M.Haji, CBS,OGW**

**Fund Administrator/Director Public Prosecutions**

Date: 21/11/2022



#### **IV. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT/SUSTAINABILITY REPORTING**

##### **4.1 SUSTAINABILITY STRATEGY AND PROFILE**

Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions accountable to its stakeholders, in achieving its mandate to exercise State powers of prosecution. It is empowered to undertake criminal proceedings against any person before court, other than the court martial, in respect of any offence alleged to have been committed. We embrace responsibility for corporate actions and to encourage a positive impact on the environment and the stakeholders including but not limited to our citizens, employees, partners and existing communities. The Office actively encourages all stakeholders to recognise those responsibilities and behave in a responsible manner towards the society.

##### **4.2 ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE**

The Office believes that, by nature of its operations has minimal impact on the environment. However, we acknowledge that there are inevitable environmental impacts associated with our daily operations, in general. We aim to minimize any harmful effects and consider the development and implementation of environmental standards to achieve this to be of great importance. As such, we strongly encourage the internationally established 3 Rs: Reduce, Re-use and Recycle.

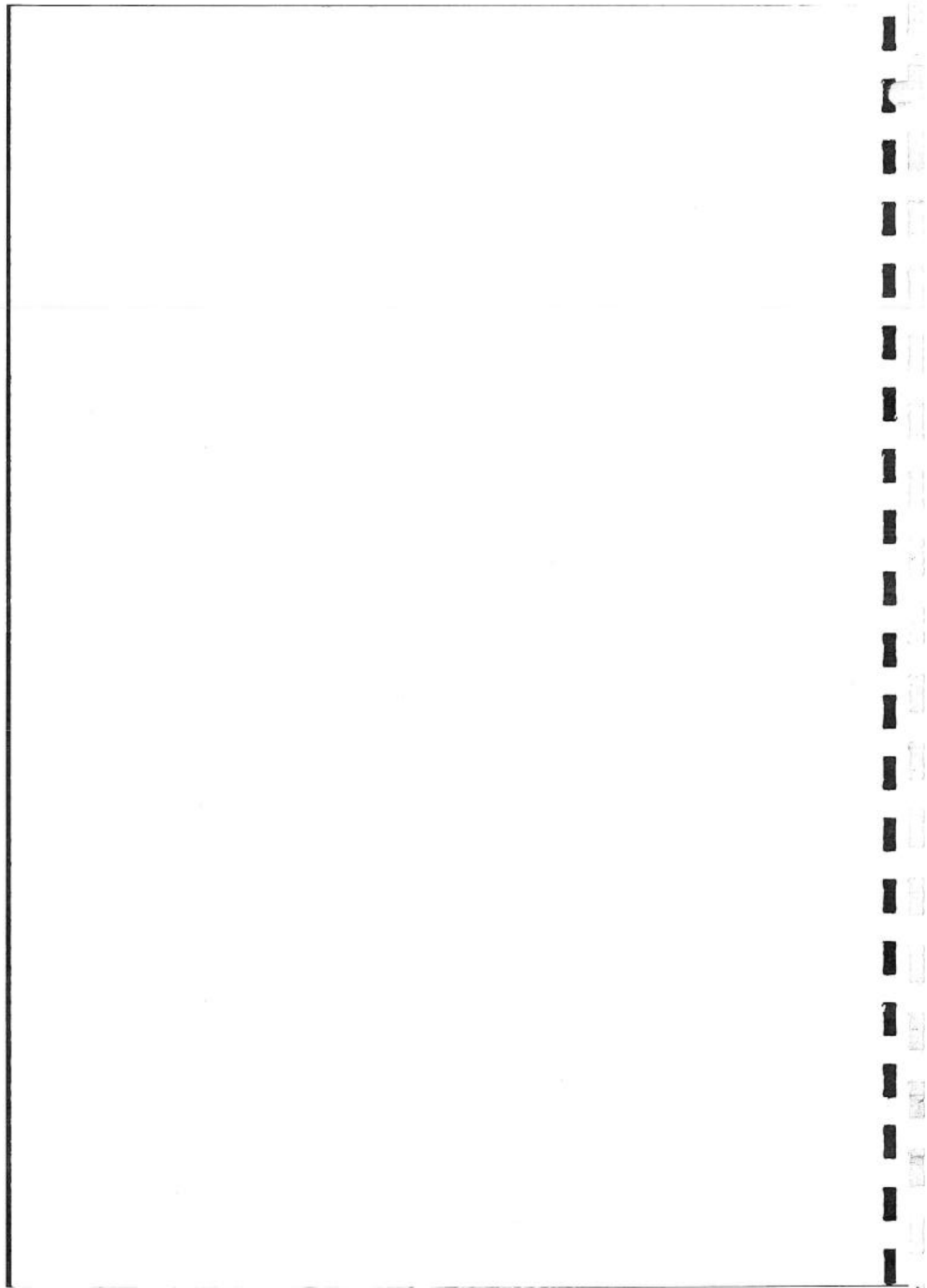
##### **4.3 EMPLOYEE WELFARE.**

Our success as an Office is largely dependent on our human capital (people). We recruit, retain, reward and develop the best talent. We recognise the need to inculcate among our employees the culture of being sensitive to matters of safety, security, society and the environment. This ensures that employees act with integrity and responsibility with the people they deal with and the environment they interact with.

We train employees to value each other, provide necessary support systems for people with different needs and have a system in place that encourages acceptance of cultural diversity. Further, we have embrace, uphold gender parity, and have given opportunity to people with disability and from the minority groups of our society and indeed the Office effort have been recognized with Dial award in two consecutive years.

##### **4.4 MARKET PLACE PRACTICES**

The Office have deliberately made it easier for wananchi to access information on our website, information available are such as careers openings and list of pre-qualified suppliers awarded



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tenders/contracts, disposal assets and procurement plans since information is Power! In addition, it is a right for all citizens to be able to receive any information that makes it possible for them to enjoy or protect their rights.

**4.5 RESPONSIBLE COMPETITION PRACTICE.**

The Office takes responsibility of ensuring fair competition practices. Office adhere to ethical practices including anti-corruption measures and whistle-blower mechanisms Extend this responsibility to their supply chain and ensure their suppliers and other third parties uphold these principles by Embrace accountability and transparency in its operations.

**4.6 RESPONSIBLE SUPPLY CHAIN AND SUPPLIER RELATIONS**

The Office takes responsibility of maintaining good business practices, Office adhere to good business practices, including suppliers know and meet expectations of responsible behaviour regarding issues such as fair pricing, for example. Screen them to determine their past conduct, and tell them what you expect besides honouring contracts once they have delivered their mandate within two weeks and lastly made it a practice to only deal with suppliers who are tax compliance.

**4.7 RESPONSIBLE MARKETING AND ADVERTISEMENT**

The Office is socially responsive in marketing practices its taking that encourage a positive impact on all the stakeholders, including employees, community, and citizens.

**4.8 COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENTS**

The Office contributed towards COVID-19 Emergency fund to assist people adversely affected by COVID-19 effects, we have also participated in legal clinics participated in public awareness and legal aid in situation where member of public are not able to meet legal costs.





## **V STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITIES**

Section 84 of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires that, at the end of each financial year, the Administrator of a Fund established pursuant to Circulars referenced; SRC/ADM/CIR/1/13 Vol. III (128) of 17th December 2014; SRC/ADM/CIR/1/13 VOL III (130) of 29th January, 2015 and SRC/ADM/CIR/1/13 VOL III (142) of 25th August 2015 shall prepare financial statements for the Fund in accordance with the standards and formats prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board.

The Administrator of the Fund is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Fund's financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Fund for and as at the end of the financial year ended on June 30, 2019. This responsibility includes: (i) maintaining adequate financial management arrangements and ensuring that these continue to be effective throughout the reporting period; (ii) maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the fund; (iii) Designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, and ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud; (iv) Safeguarding the assets of the fund; (v) Selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and (vi) Making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Administrator of the Fund accepts responsibility for the Fund's financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, in conformity with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS), and in the manner required by the PFM Act, 2012. The Administrator of the Fund is of the opinion that the Fund's financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of Fund's transactions during the financial year ended June 30, 2019, and of the Fund's financial position as at that date.

The Administrator further confirm the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Fund, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Fund's financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.



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In preparing the financial statements, the Administrator of the Fund has assessed the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and disclosed, as applicable, matters relating to the use of going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements.

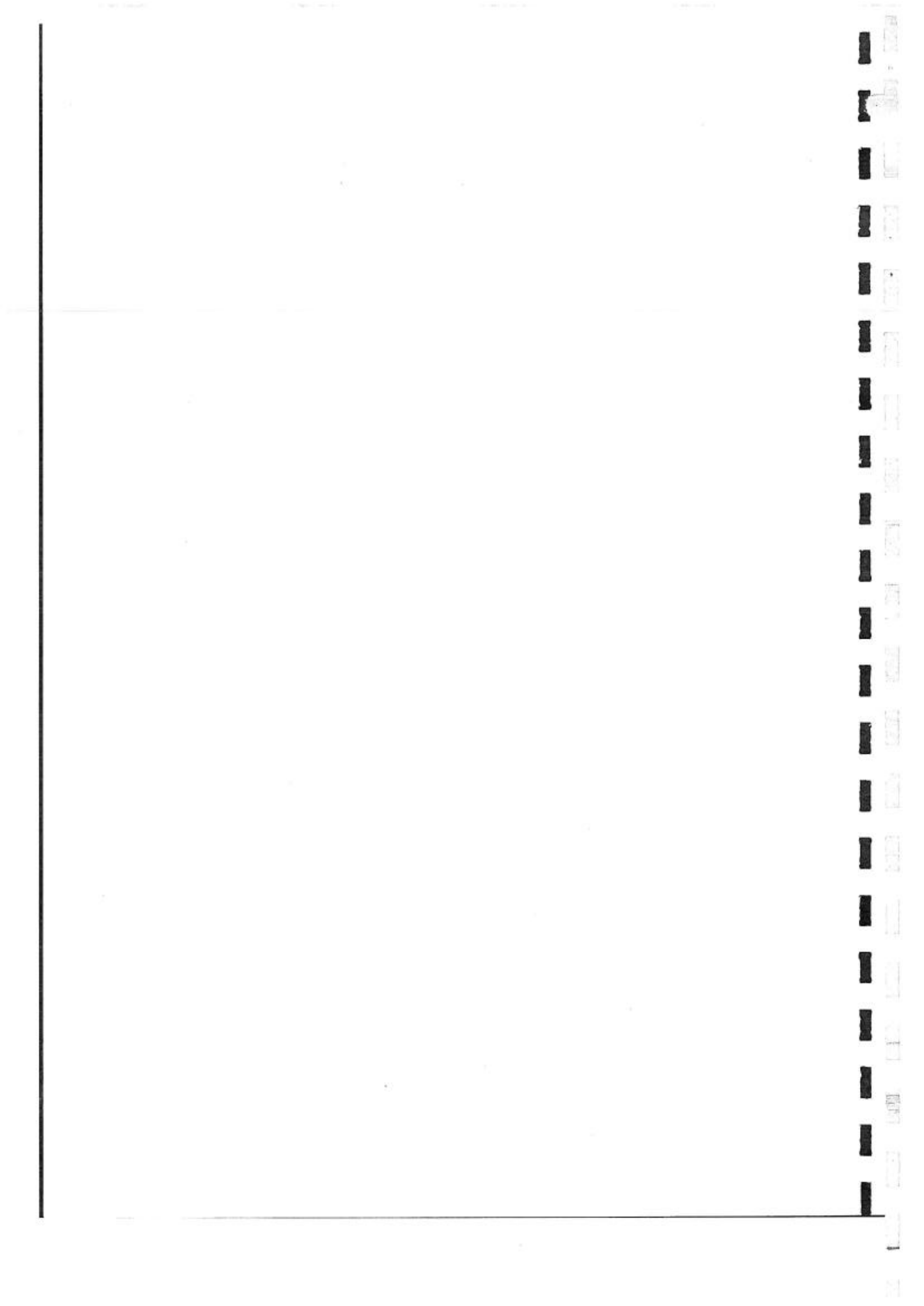
Nothing has come to the attention of the Administrator to indicate that the Fund will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

**Approval of the financial statements**

The Fund's financial statements were approved by the Funds Administrative Committee on 21/11/ 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

  
Mr. Noordin M. Haji, CBS,OGW  
Fund Administrator

  
Mrs Dorcas Oduor, EBS, OGW  
Fund Chairperson





# REPUBLIC OF KENYA

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Anniversary Towers  
Monrovia Street  
P.O. Box 30084-00100  
NAIROBI

## REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS STAFF HOUSING MORTGAGE AND CAR LOAN SCHEME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2019

### REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Qualified Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions Staff Housing Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme set out on pages 1 to 27, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June, 2019 and the statement of financial performance, statement of cash flows, statement of changes in net assets and statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, except for the effect of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of my report, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions Staff Housing Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme as at 30 June, 2019, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual Basis) and comply with the Public Finance Management Act, 2012.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion

##### 1. Misleading Disclosures on Budget Information in the Financial Statements

Part (b) on budget information of the disclosures under summary of significant accounting policies - paragraph three at page 12 indicates that, "a statement to reconcile the actual amounts on a comparable basis included in the statement of comparison budget and actual amounts and the actuals as per the statement of financial performance has been presented under 9 of the financial statements". However, no reconciliation statement has been presented at page 9 of the financial statements.

##### 2. Unexplained Variance in Current Assets

The statement of financial position reflects total current assets balance of Kshs.143,407,731 while the recomputed amount is Kshs.143,557,731 resulting to an unexplained variance of Kshs.150,000.

*Report of the Auditor-General on Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions Staff Housing Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme for the year ended 30 June, 2019*



Consequently, the accuracy of the current assets balance as at 30 June, 2019 could not be confirmed.

### **3. Cash and Cash Equivalents**

#### **3.1. Failure to Support the Balance with a Board of Survey Report**

As disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements, the statement of financial position reflects cash and cash equivalents balance of Kshs.132,038,808. However, the balance was not supported with a board of survey report as at 30 June, 2019.

#### **3.2. Incomplete Bank Statements**

The Scheme's staff housing mortgage and asset finance fund accounts held at had closing balances of Kshs.91,438,329 and Kshs.38,554,086, respectively according to the bank certificates. However, the bank statements provided audit reflects lump sum cash receipts (credits) and loan disbursements to beneficiaries (debits) without details on interest income and individual borrowers' principal amount repayment. In addition, individual borrowers loan statements from the bank were not provided for reconciliation with schedules provided for audit by the Scheme Management.

In the circumstances, the accuracy and completeness of the cash and cash equivalents balance of Kshs.132,038,808 could not be confirmed.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions Staff House Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

### **REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES**

#### **Conclusion**

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, except for the matters described in the Basis for Conclusion on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources section of my report, I confirm that, nothing else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

#### **1. Late Submission of Financial Statements**

The Scheme's annual report and financial statements were submitted to the Auditor-General on 18 August 2022 which was thirty-eight (38) months after the statutory deadline



of 30 September, 2019. This is contrary to Section 84(3) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 which requires the Administrator of a national public fund to prepare and submit the financial statements thereof to the Auditor-General not later than three months after the end of each financial year.

In the circumstances, Management was in breach of the law.

## **2. Unaccounted for Principal Amount Repaid**

A review of the loan repayment schedule and as disclosed under Note 4 to the financial statements revealed that amounts of Kshs.6,251,222 and Kshs.3,036,282 both totalling Kshs.9,287,504 in respect of car loan and mortgage loan were deducted as the principal amount recovered and remitted to the Consolidated Bank of Kenya. However, a review of the bank statements shows that a lump sum principal repayment of Kshs.6,537,415 was credited as follows to staff mortgage account - Kshs.2,188,329 and asset finance fund account - Kshs.4,349,086 on 10 April, 2019 resulting to unaccounted for balance of Kshs.2,750,089. However, the Management did not disclose any lien account where the remaining amount was held pending crediting to the Scheme's accounts.

In the circumstances, regularity in the use of the principal amount repaid could not be confirmed.

## **Basis for Conclusion**

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 4000. The standard requires that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance, in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

## **REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE**

### **Conclusion**

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal controls, risk management and governance were not effective.

### **Basis for Conclusion**

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether processes and systems of internal controls, risk management and governance were operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

### **Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual

Basis) and for maintaining effective internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and overall governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Scheme's ability to continue to sustain its services, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to sustainability of services and using the applicable basis of accounting unless Management is aware of the intention to terminate the Scheme or cease operations.

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Scheme's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how Management monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to overall governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

### **Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit**

The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution of Kenya. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229(6) of the Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and audit of compliance, I consider internal control in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and overall governance processes and systems in

accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1) (a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non-compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the applicable basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Scheme's ability to continue to sustain its services. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Scheme to cease to sustain its services.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the Scheme to express an opinion on the financial statements.
- Perform such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

  
CPA Nancy Gathungu, CBS  
AUDITOR-GENERAL

Nairobi

06 December, 2022



**Office of the director of public prosecutions Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme**  
**Reports and Financial Statements**  
**For the year ended June 30, 2019.**

**3. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

	Notes	2018-2019	2017-2018
		Kshs	Kshs
<b>Revenue from non-exchange transactions</b>			
Interest Income	1	3,119,540	318,369
<b>Total revenue</b>		<b>3,119,540</b>	<b>318,369</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Operating expenses			
Loan Administrative expenses	2	3,119,540	318,369
<b>Total expenses</b>		<b>3,119,540</b>	<b>318,369</b>
<b>Other gains/(losses)</b>			
<b>Surplus/(deficit) for the period/year</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

The notes set out on pages 6 to 27 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

The Financial Statements set out on pages 1 to 5 were signed on behalf of the Office by:

  
**Fund Administrator**

Name: Mr. Noordin M. Haji, CBS, OGW

Date: 21/11/2022

  
**Head of Accounts**

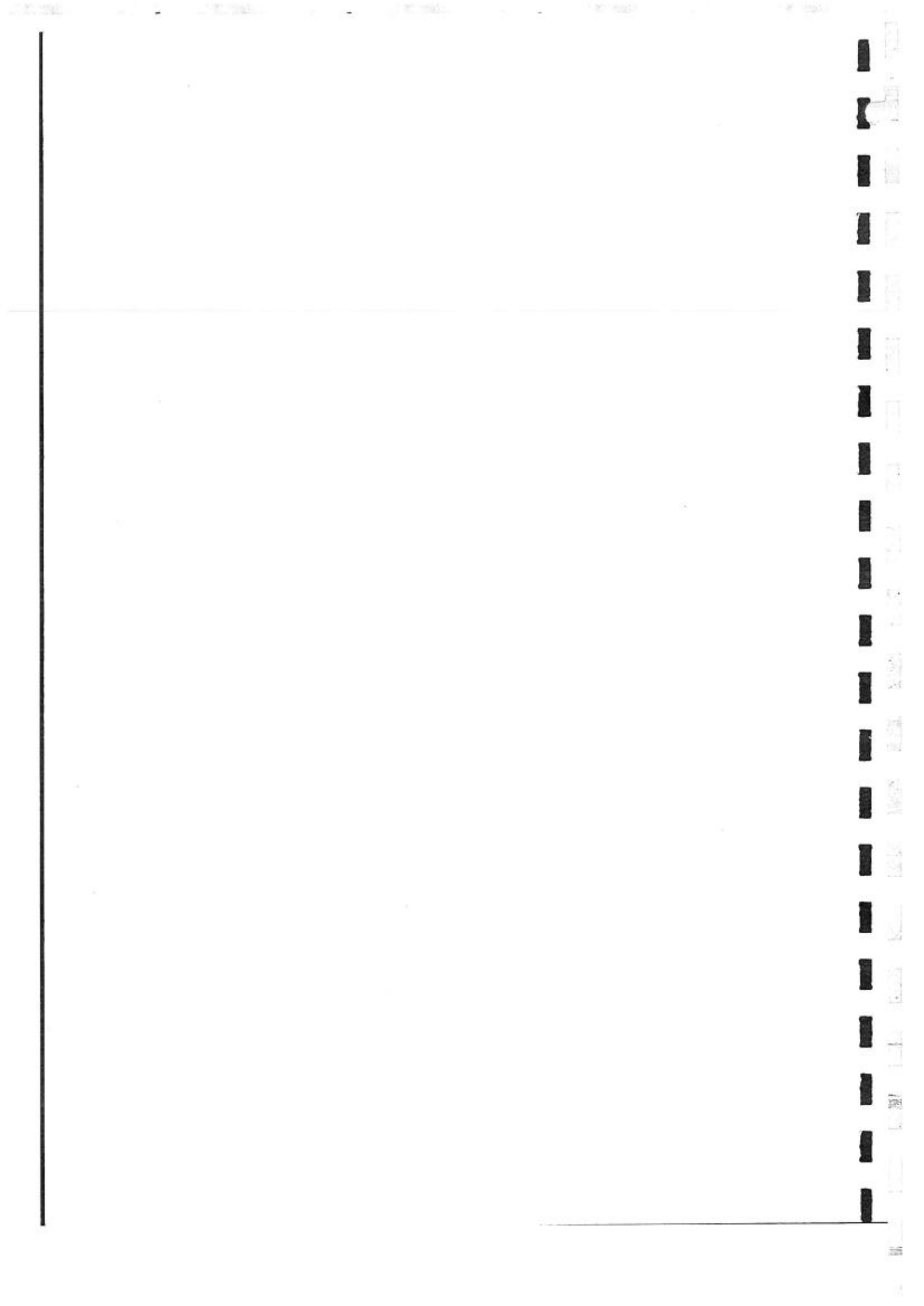
Name: Zuwenza Zainabu

Date: 21/11/2022

  
**Chairperson of the Fund**

Name: Mrs. Dorcas Oduor, EBS, OGW

Date: 21/11/2022





*Office of the director of public prosecutions Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme*  
**Reports and Financial Statements**  
**For the year ended June 30, 2019.**

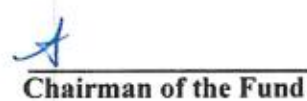
**4. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2019**

	Notes	2018-2019	2017-2018
		Kshs	Kshs
<b>Assets</b>			
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	132,038,808	110,646,304
Current portion of long term receivables	5	11,518,923	5,970,844
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		<b>143,407,731</b>	<b>116,617,148</b>
<b>Non-Current Assets</b>			
Long term receivables-Staff loan and Mortgage	6	106,442,269	58,382,852
Undrawn funds			
<b>Total Non- Current Assets</b>			
<b>Total Assets</b>		<b>250,000,000</b>	<b>175,000,000</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Current Liabilities</b>			
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>			
<b>Non-Current Liabilities</b>			
<b>Total Non- Current Liabilities</b>			
<b>Total Liabilities</b>			
<b>Net assets</b>		<b>250,000,000</b>	<b>175,000,000</b>
Reserves			
Accumulated surplus			
Revolving Fund	7	250,000,000	175,000,000
<b>Total Net Assets</b>			
<b>Total Net Assets and Liabilities</b>		<b>250,000,000</b>	<b>175,000,000</b>

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements. The entity financial statements were approved on 21/11 2022 and signed by:

  
**Fund Administrator**

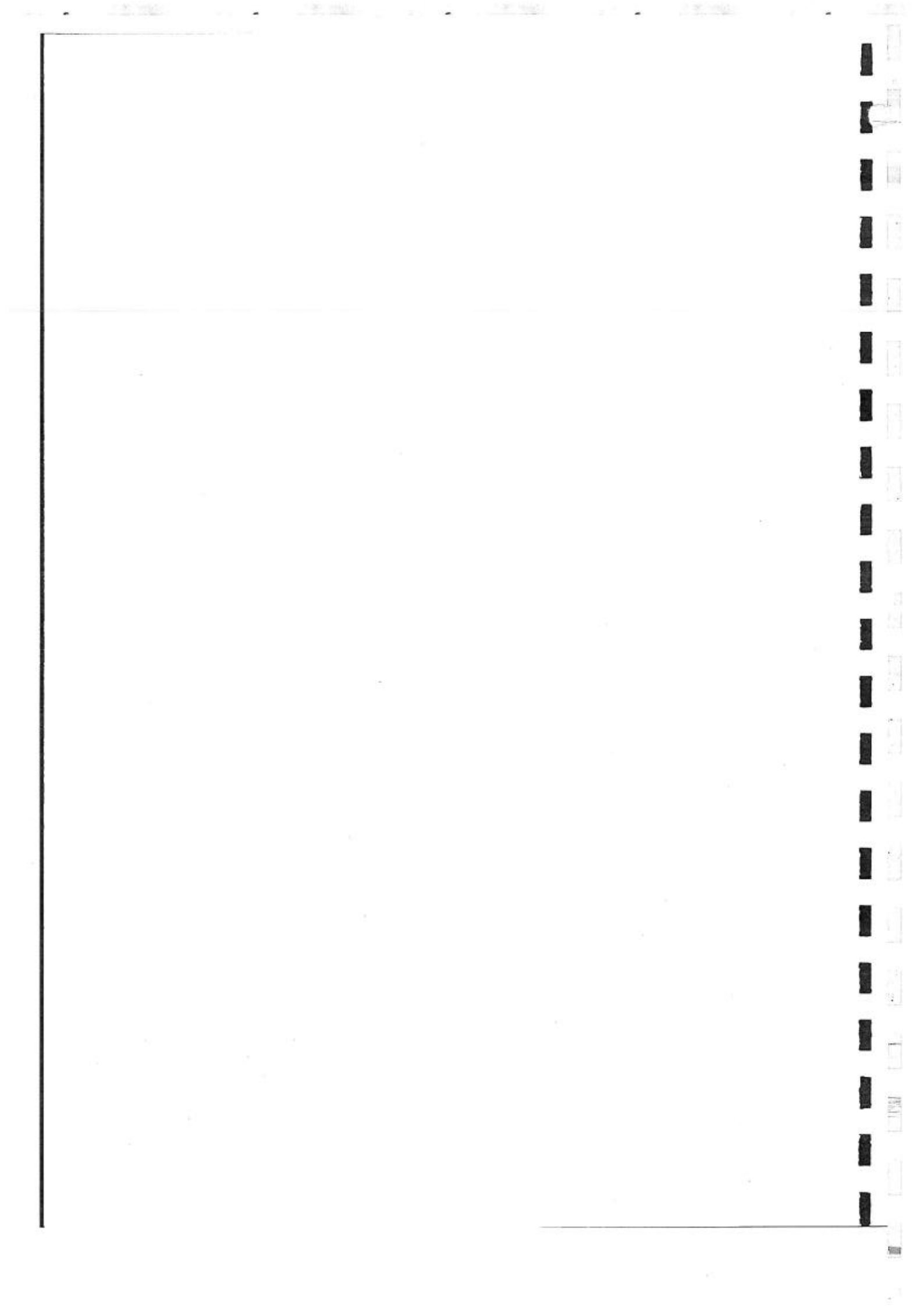
  
**Head of Accounts**

  
**Chairman of the Fund**

Name: Mr. Nourdin M. Hgji  
 Date: 21/11/2022

Name: Zuhena Zuhra  
 Date: 21/11/2022

Name: Mrs. Ayesha adnan  
 Date: 21/11/2022



*Office Of The Director Of Public Prosecutions Staff Housing Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme.*  
**Reports and Financial Statements**  
**For the year ended June 30, 2019.**

**5. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

Description	Revolving Fund	TOTAL
Balance as at 1 <sup>st</sup> July 2017	KShs	KShs
Transfer from ODPP to ODPP Staff car loan	52,500,000	52,500,000
Transfer from ODPP to Staff mortgage Loan	122,500,000	122,500,000
<b>Balance as at 30<sup>th</sup> June 2018</b>	<b>175,000,000</b>	<b>175,000,000</b>
<b>Balance as at 1<sup>st</sup> July 2018</b>	<b>175,000,000</b>	<b>175,000,000</b>
Staff Car Loan	22,500,000	22,500,000
Staff Mortgage Loan	52,500,000	52,500,000
<b>Balance as at 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019</b>	<b>250,000,000</b>	<b>250,000,000</b>


The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements. The Fund's financial statements were approved on 21/11/2022 2022 and signed by:

  
**Fund Administrator**

Name: **Mr. Noordin M. Haji, CBS, OGW**  
 Date: 21/11/2022

  
**Head of Accounts**

Name: **Zuwena Zainabu**  
 Date: 21/11/2022

  
**Chairperson of the Fund**

Name: **Mrs. Dorcas Oduor, EBS, OGW**  
 Date: 21/11/2022





*Office of the director of public prosecutions Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme*  
**Reports and Financial Statements**  
**For the year ended June 30, 2019.**

**6. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

		<b>2018-2019</b>	<b>2017-2018</b>
	<b>Notes</b>	<b>Kshs</b>	<b>Kshs</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
<b>Receipts</b>			
Interest Income	1	3,119,540	318,369
<b>Total Receipts</b>		<b>3,119,540</b>	<b>318,369</b>
<b>Payments</b>			
Loan Admirative expenses	2	3,119,540	318,369
<b>Total Payments</b>		<b>3,119,540</b>	<b>318,369</b>
<b>Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Principal paid		9,287,504	1,096,304
<b>Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities</b>		<b>9,287,504</b>	<b>1,096,304</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Revolving Fund	7	75,000,000	175,000,000
Loans Issued	8	(62,895,000)	(65,450,000)
<b>Net cash flows from /(used in) financing activities</b>		<b>12,105,000</b>	<b>109,550,000</b>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>21,392,504</b>	<b>110,646,304</b>
Cash and Cash Equivalent at the beginning of the Year		110,646,304	
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at 30 JUNE 2019</b>		<b>132,038,808</b>	<b>110,646,304</b>

The Financial Statements set out on pages 1 to 5 were signed on behalf of the Office by:



Fund Administrator

Name: Mr. Noordin M. Haji, CBS, OGW

Date: 21/11/2022



Head of Accounts

Name: Zuwenza Zainabu

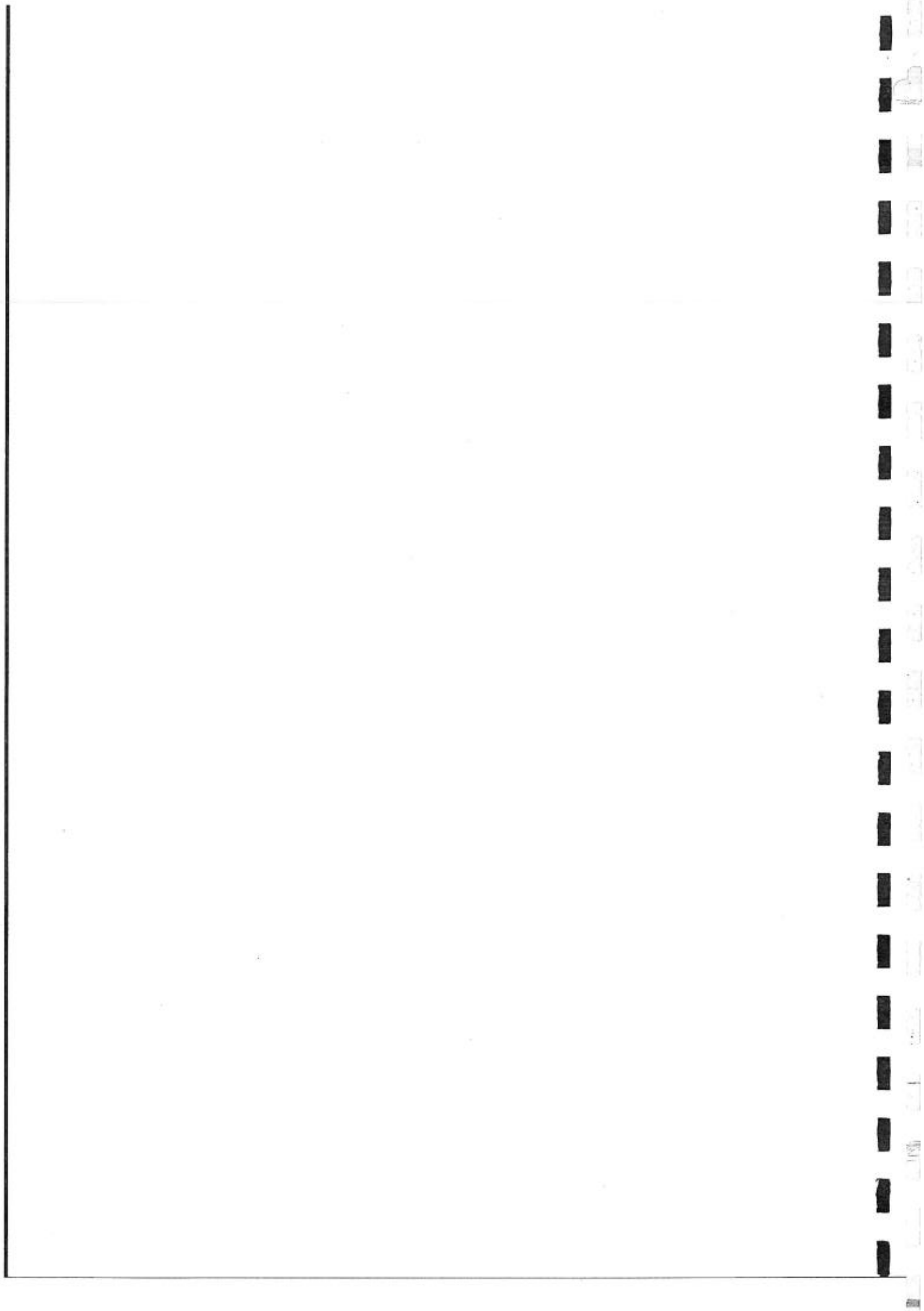
Date: 21/11/2022



Chairperson of the Fund

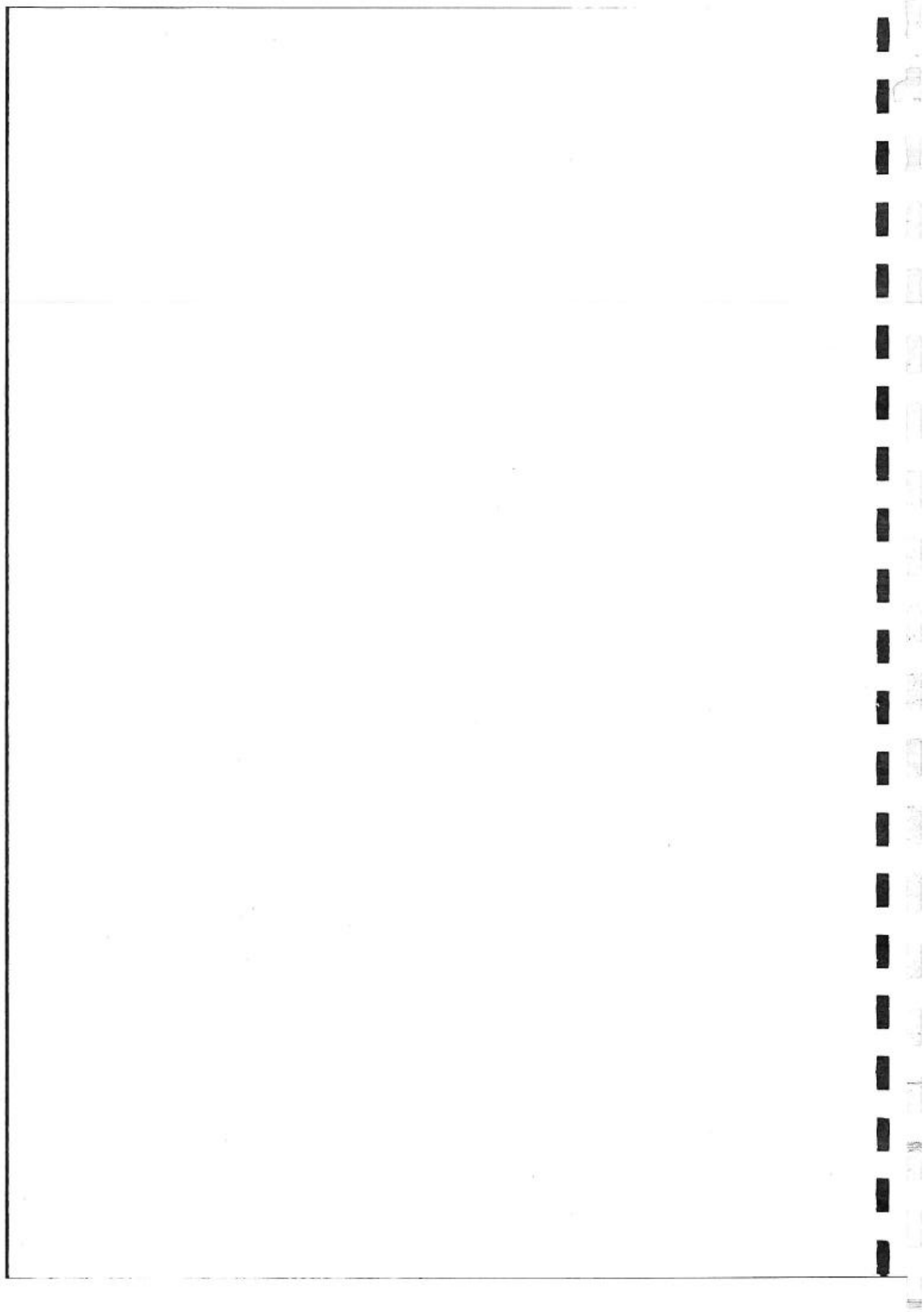
Name: Mrs. Dorcas Oduor, EBS, OGW

Date: 21/11/2022



## 7. STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	Original budget	Adjustments	Final budget	Actual on comparable basis	Performance difference	% of utilisation
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	F=d/c
	A	b	C=(a+b)	d	e=(c-d)	F=d/c
<b>Revenue</b>						
Transfers from ODPP	75,000,000		75,000,000	75,000,000		100%
Interest Income	3,119,540		3,119,540	3,119,540		100%
<b>Total income</b>	<b>78,119,540</b>		<b>78,119,540</b>	<b>78,119,540</b>		<b>100%</b>
<b>Expenses</b>						
Operating expenses						
3% Commission to the Bank	3,119,540		3,119,540	3,119,540		100%
<b>Transfer to Revolving Fund</b>	<b>75,000,000</b>		<b>75,000,000</b>	<b>75,000,000</b>		<b>100%</b>
<b>Total expenditure</b>	<b>78,119,540</b>		<b>78,119,540</b>	<b>78,119,540</b>		<b>100%</b>
<b>Surplus for the period</b>	<b>-</b>		<b>-</b>			





## **8. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### **1. General Information**

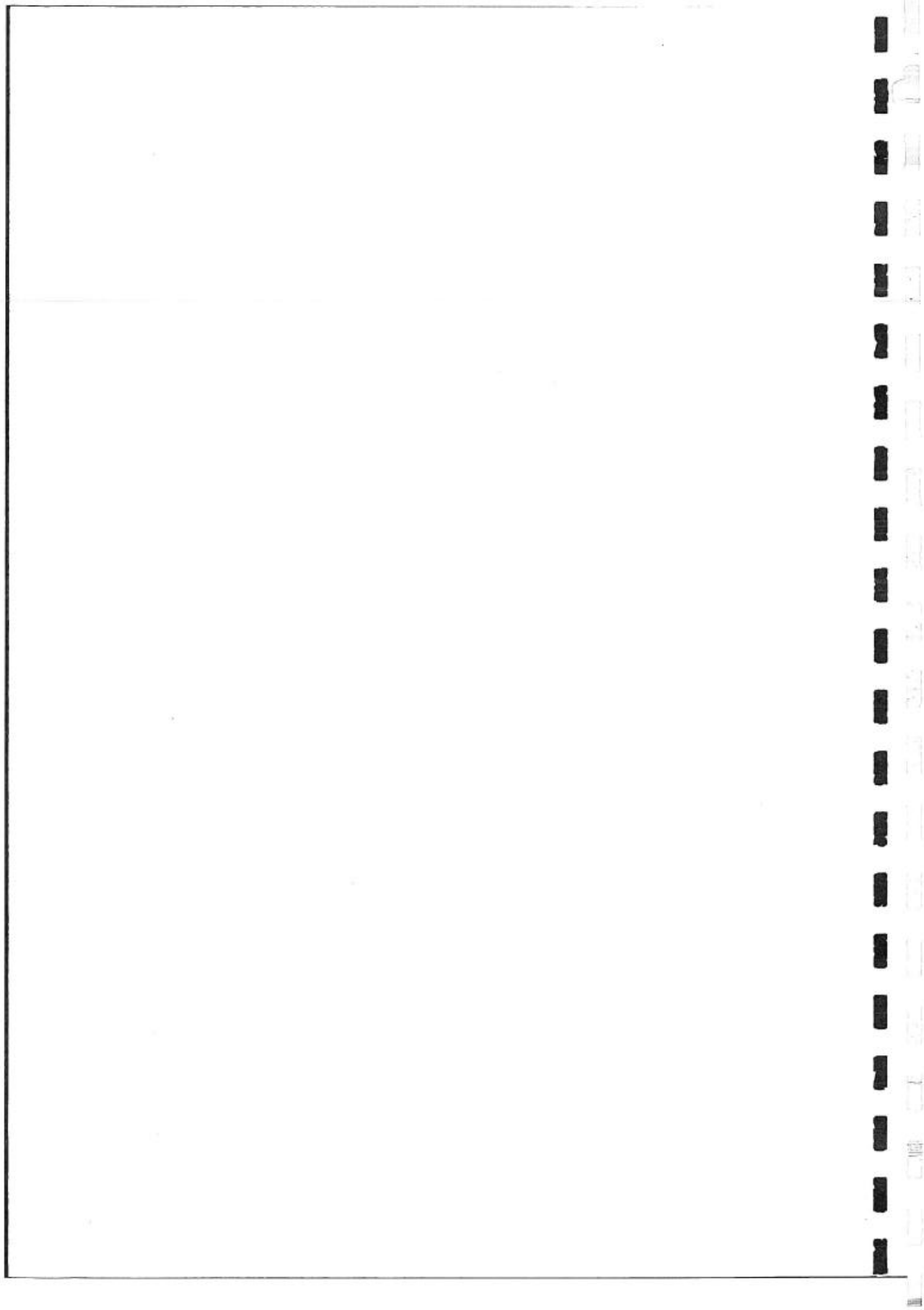
The Fund is established by and derives its authority and accountability from SRC/ADM/CIR/1/13 Vol. III (128) of 17th December 2014; SRC/ADM/CIR/1/13 VOL III (130) of 29th January, 2015 and SRC/ADM/CIR/1/13 VOL III (142) of 25th August 2015. The entity is wholly owned by the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions and is domiciled in Kenya. The entity's principal is to provide loans to staff to acquire cars for mobility and also obtain houses.

### **2. Statement of Compliance and Basis of Preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the measurement at re-valued amounts of certain items of property, plant and equipment, marketable securities and financial instruments at fair value, impaired assets at their estimated recoverable amounts and actuarially determined liabilities at their present value. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) allows the use of estimates and assumptions. It also requires management to exercise judgement in the process of applying the accounting policies.

The financial statements have been prepared and presented in Kenya Shillings, which is the functional and reporting currency of the Office of the directors of Public Prosecutions.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the PFM Act 2012 and International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS). The accounting policies adopted have been consistently applied to all the years presented.



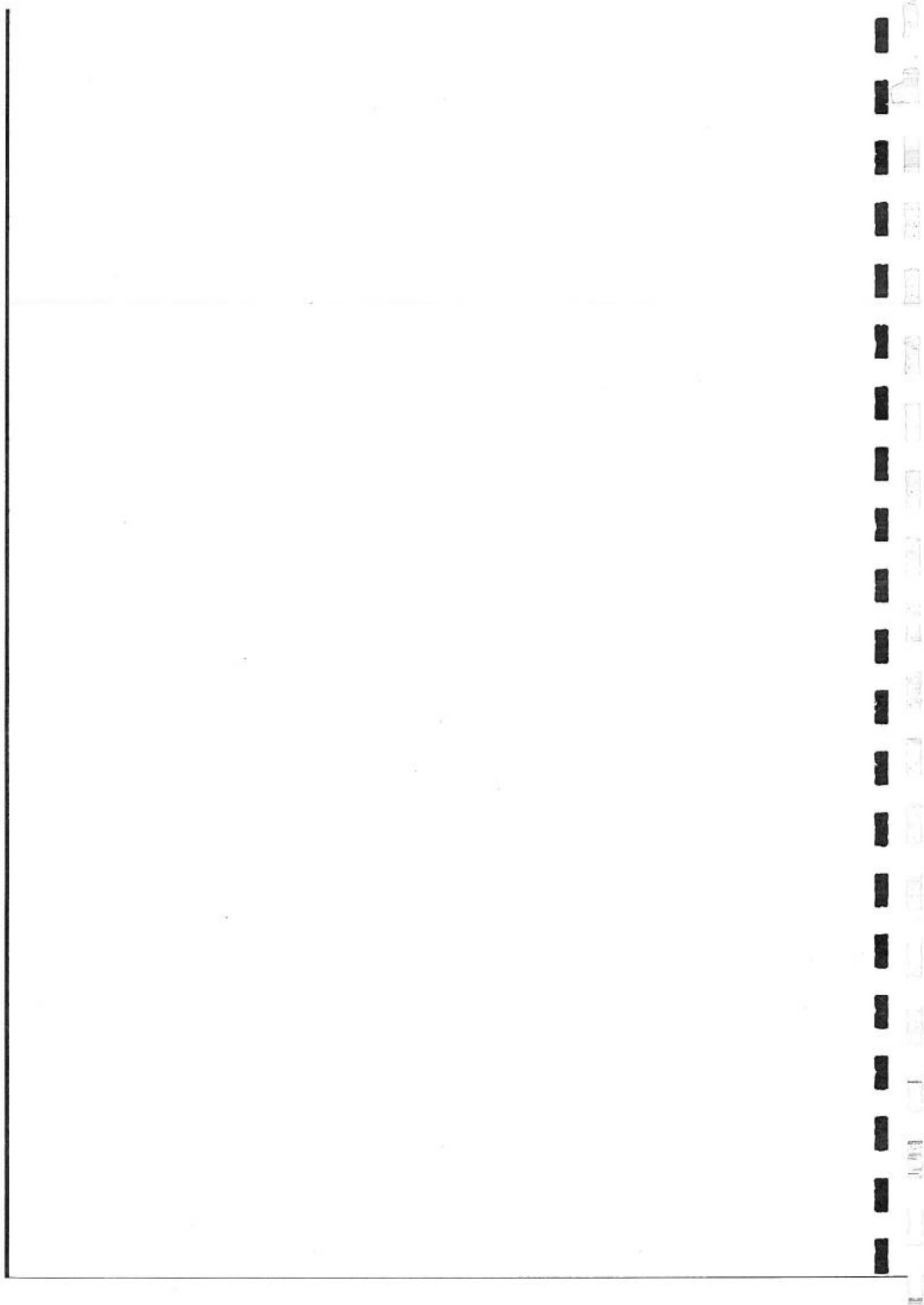
*Office of the director of public prosecutions Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme*  
**Reports and Financial Statements**  
**For the year ended June 30, 2019.**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**3. Adoption of New and Revised Standards**

- i. New and amended standards and interpretations in issue effective in the year ended 30 June 2019.*

Standard	Impact
Other Improvements to IPSAS	<p><b>Applicable: 1<sup>st</sup> January 2021:</b></p> <p>a) Amendments to IPSAS 13, to include the appropriate references to IPSAS on impairment, in place of the current references to other international and/or national accounting frameworks.</p> <p>b) IPSAS 13, Leases and IPSAS 17, Property, Plant, and Equipment.  Amendments to remove transitional provisions which should have been deleted when IPSAS 33, First Time Adoption of Accrual Basis International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSASs) was approved.</p> <p>c) IPSAS 21, Impairment of Non-Cash-Generating Assets and IPSAS 26, Impairment of Cash Generating Assets.  Amendments to ensure consistency of impairment guidance to account for revalued assets in the scope of IPSAS 17, Property, Plant, and Equipment and IPSAS 31, Intangible Assets.</p> <p>d) IPSAS 33, First-time Adoption of Accrual Basis International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSASs).  Amendments to the implementation guidance on deemed cost in IPSAS 33 to make it consistent with the core principles in the Standard.</p>

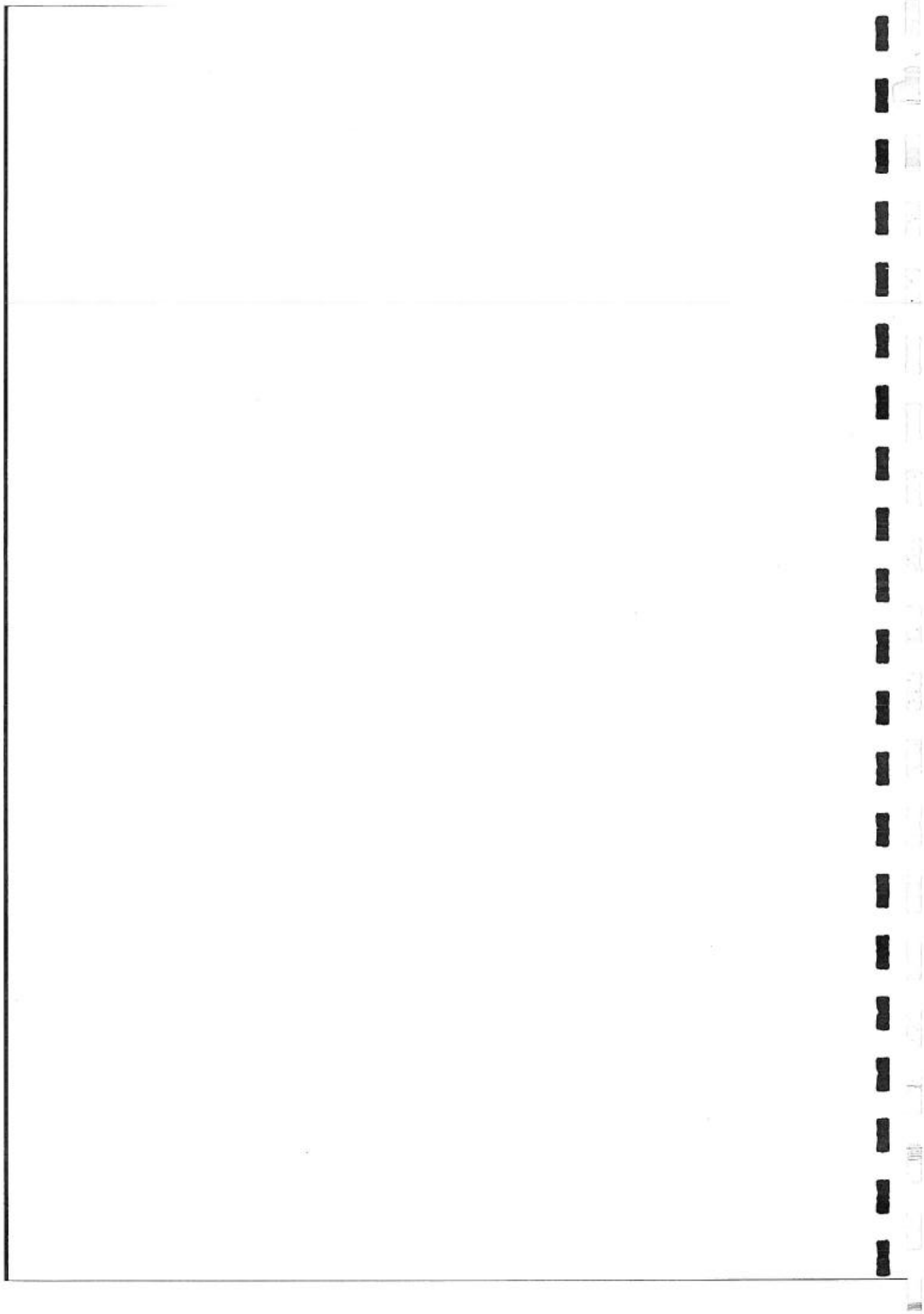


**Office of the director of public prosecutions Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme  
Reports and Financial Statements  
For the year ended June 30, 2019.**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

- ii. *New and amended standards and interpretations in issue but not yet effective in the year ended 30 June 2019.*

Standard	Effective date and impact:
IPSAS 41: Financial Instruments	<p><b>Applicable: 1<sup>st</sup> January 2023:</b></p> <p>The objective of IPSAS 41 is to establish principles for the financial reporting of financial assets and liabilities that will present relevant and useful information to users of financial statements for their assessment of the amounts, timing and uncertainty of an entity's future cash flows. IPSAS 41 provides users of financial statements with more useful information than IPSAS 29, by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Applying a single classification and measurement model for financial assets that considers the characteristics of the asset's cash flows and the objective for which the asset is held;</li> <li>• Applying a single forward-looking expected credit loss model that is applicable to all financial instruments subject to impairment testing; and</li> <li>• Applying an improved hedge accounting model that broadens the hedging arrangements in scope of the guidance. The model develops a strong link between an entity's risk management strategies and the accounting treatment for instruments held as part of the risk management strategy.</li> </ul>
IPSAS 42: Social Benefits	<p><b>Applicable: 1<sup>st</sup> January 2023</b></p> <p>The objective of this Standard is to improve the relevance, faithful representativeness and comparability of the information that a reporting entity provides in its financial statements about social benefits. The information provided should help users of the financial statements and general-purpose financial reports assess:</p> <p>(a) The nature of such social benefits provided by the entity;</p> <p>(b) The key features of the operation of those social benefit schemes; and</p>

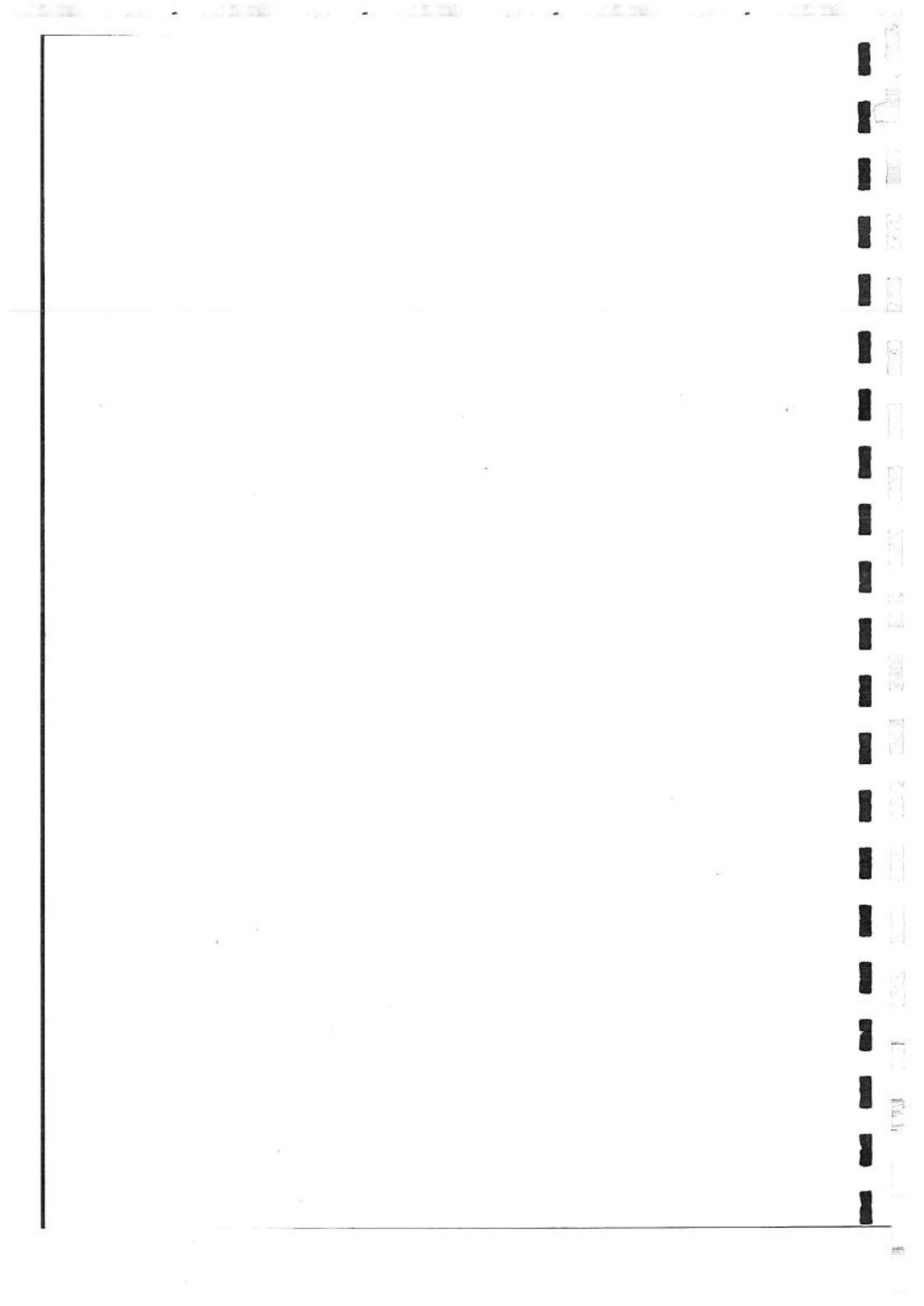


**Office of the director of public prosecutions Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme**  
**Reports and Financial Statements**  
**For the year ended June 30, 2019.**

Standard	Effective date and impact:
	(c) The impact of such social benefits provided on the entity's financial performance, financial position and cash flows.
Amendments to Other IPSAS resulting from IPSAS 41, Financial Instruments	<p><b>Applicable: 1st January 2023:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Amendments to IPSAS 5, to update the guidance related to the components of borrowing costs which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.</li> <li>b) Amendments to IPSAS 30, regarding illustrative examples on hedging and credit risk which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.</li> <li>c) Amendments to IPSAS 30, to update the guidance for accounting for financial guarantee contracts which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.</li> </ul> <p>Amendments to IPSAS 33, to update the guidance on classifying financial instruments on initial adoption of accrual basis IPSAS which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.</p>

**iii. Early adoption of standards**

The entity did not early – adopt any new or amended standards in year 2018/2019.





#### **4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

##### **a) Revenue recognition**

###### **Revenue from non-exchange transactions**

###### **Fees, taxes and fines**

The entity recognizes revenues from fees, taxes and fines when the event occurs and the asset recognition criteria are met. To the extent that there is a related condition attached that would give rise to a liability to repay the amount, deferred income is recognized instead of revenue. Other non-exchange revenues are recognized when it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the entity and the fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

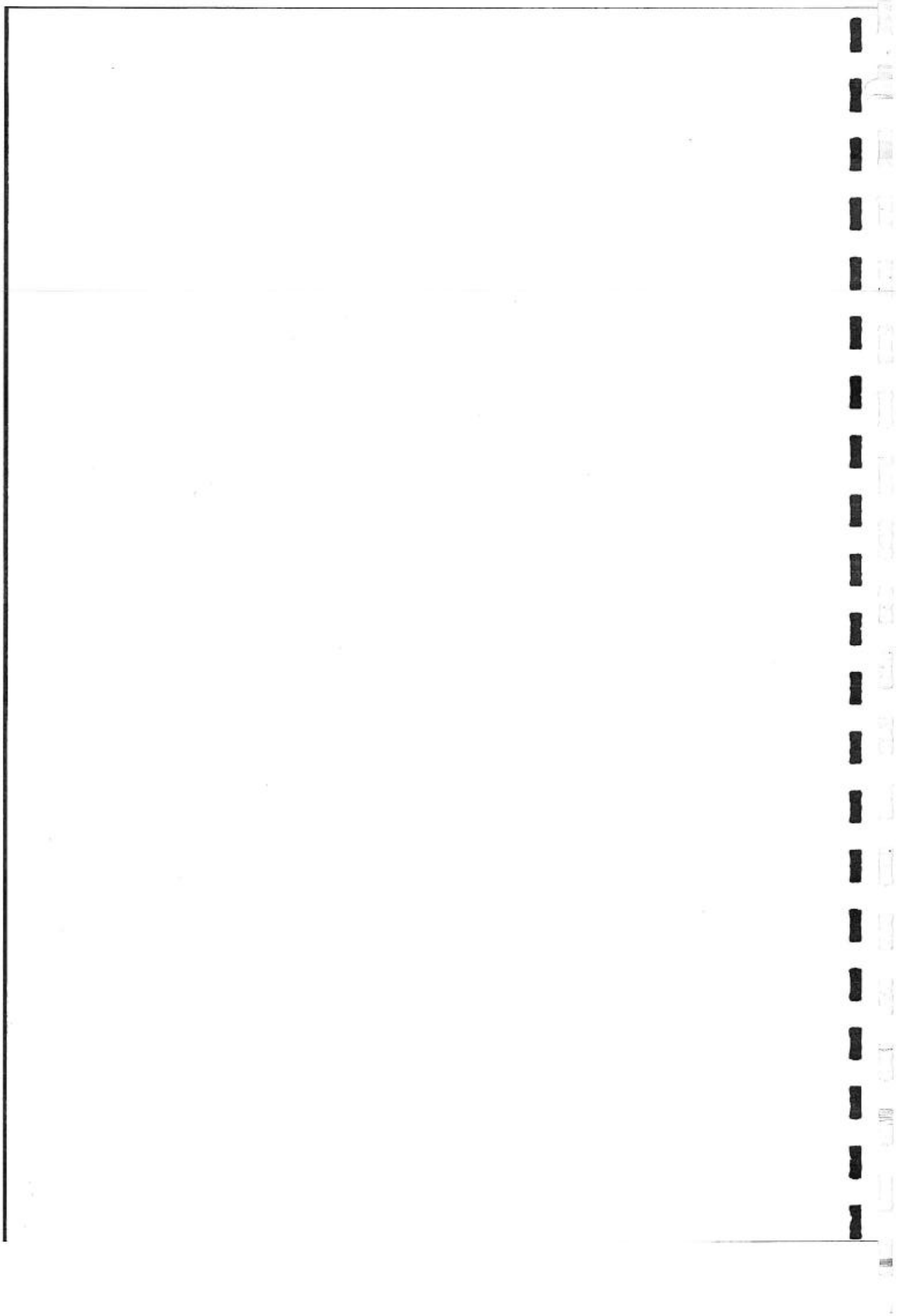
###### **Transfers from other government entities**

Revenues from non-exchange transactions with other government entities are measured at fair value and recognized on obtaining control of the asset (cash, goods, services and property) if the transfer is free from conditions and it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential related to the asset will flow to the entity and can be measured reliably. Recurrent grants are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. Development/capital grants are recognized in the statement of financial position and realised in the statement of comprehensive income over the useful life of the assets that has been acquired using such funds.

###### **Rendering of services**

The entity recognizes revenue from rendering of services by reference to the stage of completion when the outcome of the transaction can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is measured by reference to labour hours incurred to date as a percentage of total estimated labour hours.

Where the contract outcome cannot be measured reliably, revenue is recognized only to the extent that the expenses incurred are recoverable.



**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**Sale of goods**

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, usually on delivery of the goods and when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the entity.

**Interest income**

Interest income is accrued using the effective yield method. The effective yield discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount. The method applies this yield to the principal outstanding to determine interest income each period.

**ii) Revenue from exchange transactions**

**Dividends**

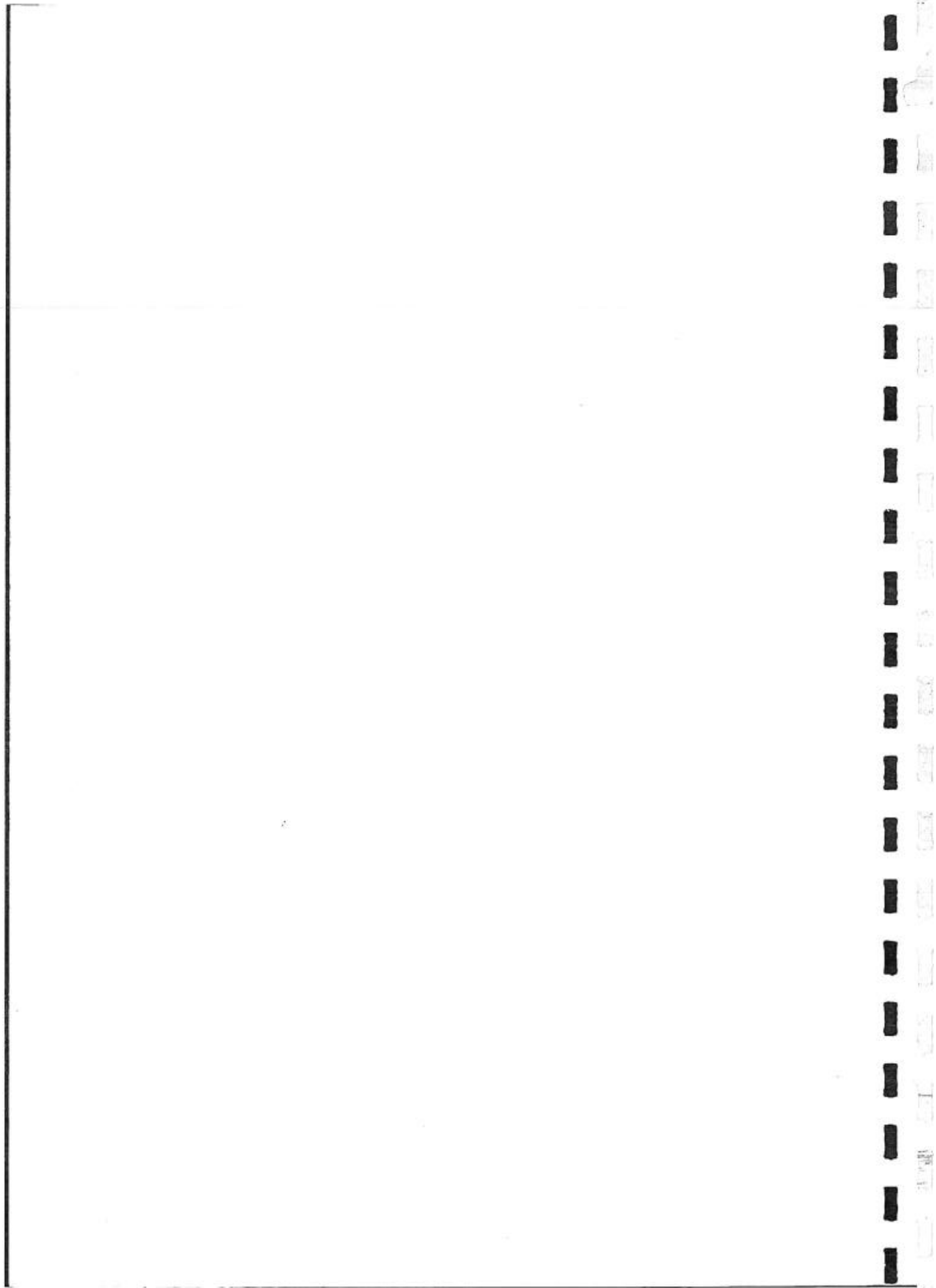
Dividends or similar distributions must be recognized when the shareholder's or the entity's right to receive payments is established.

**Rental income**

Rental income arising from operating leases on investment properties is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and included in revenue.

**b) Budget information**

The original budget for FY 2018-2019 was approved by the National Assembly. Subsequent revisions or additional appropriations were made to the approved budget in accordance with specific approvals from the appropriate authorities. The additional appropriations are added to the original budget by the entity upon receiving the respective approvals in order to conclude the final budget. Accordingly, the entity recorded no additional appropriations of on the 2018-2019 budget.



**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

The entity's budget is prepared on a different basis to the actual income and expenditure disclosed in the financial statements. The financial statements are prepared on accrual basis using a classification based on the nature of expenses in the statement of financial performance, whereas the budget is prepared on a cash basis. The amounts in the financial statements were recast from the accrual basis to the cash basis and reclassified by presentation to be on the same basis as the approved budget. A comparison of budget and actual amounts, prepared on a comparable basis to the approved budget, is then presented in the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts.

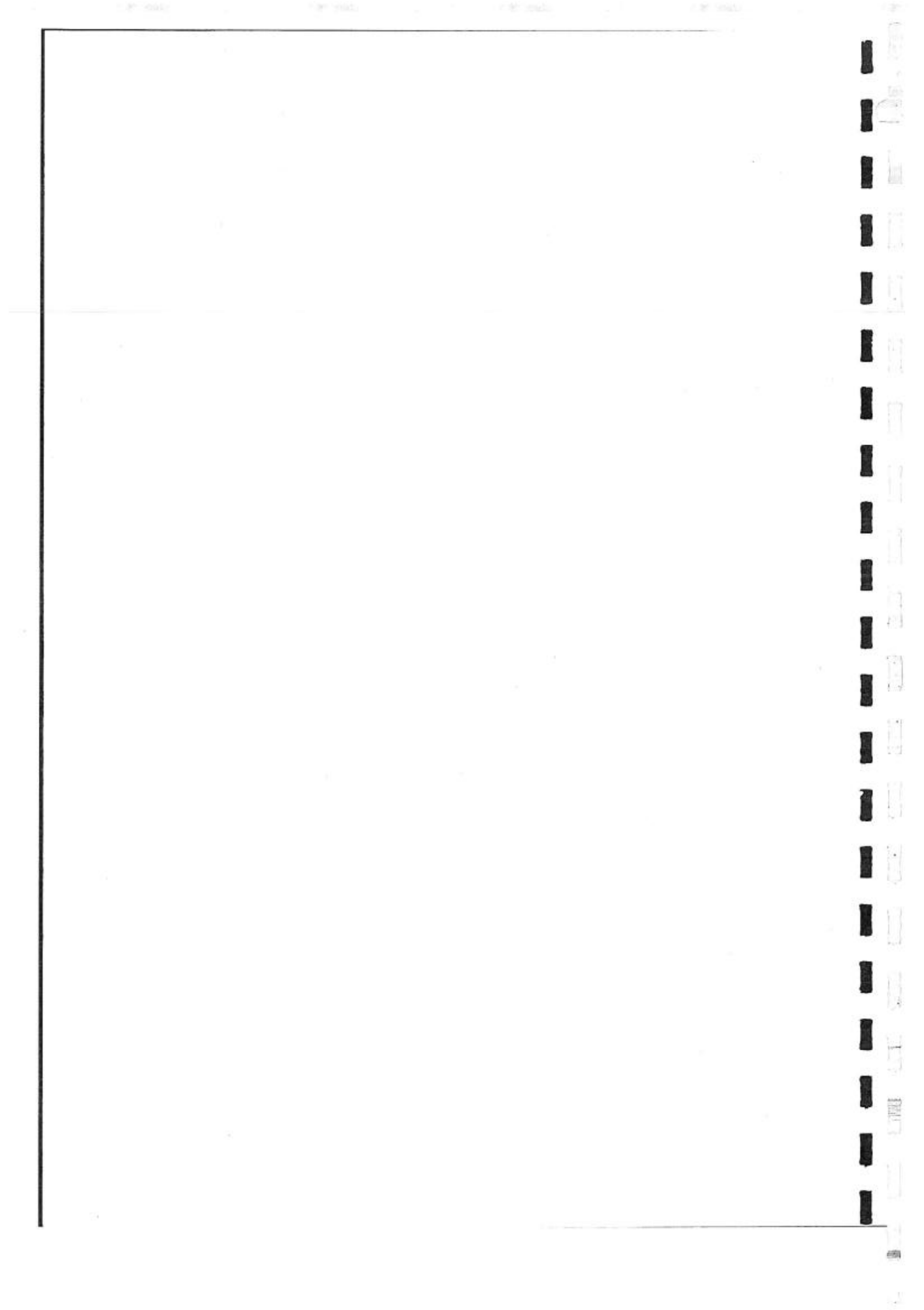
In addition to the Basis difference, adjustments to amounts in the financial statements are also made for differences in the formats and classification schemes adopted for the presentation of the financial statements and the approved budget.

A statement to reconcile the actual amounts on a comparable basis included in the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts and the actuals as per the statement of financial performance has been presented under page 9 of these financial statements.

**c) Taxes**

**Current income tax**

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the area where the Entity operates and generates taxable income. Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in net assets is recognized in net assets and not in the statement of financial performance. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.



*Office of the director of public prosecutions Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme*  
**Reports and Financial Statements**  
**For the year ended June 30, 2019.**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

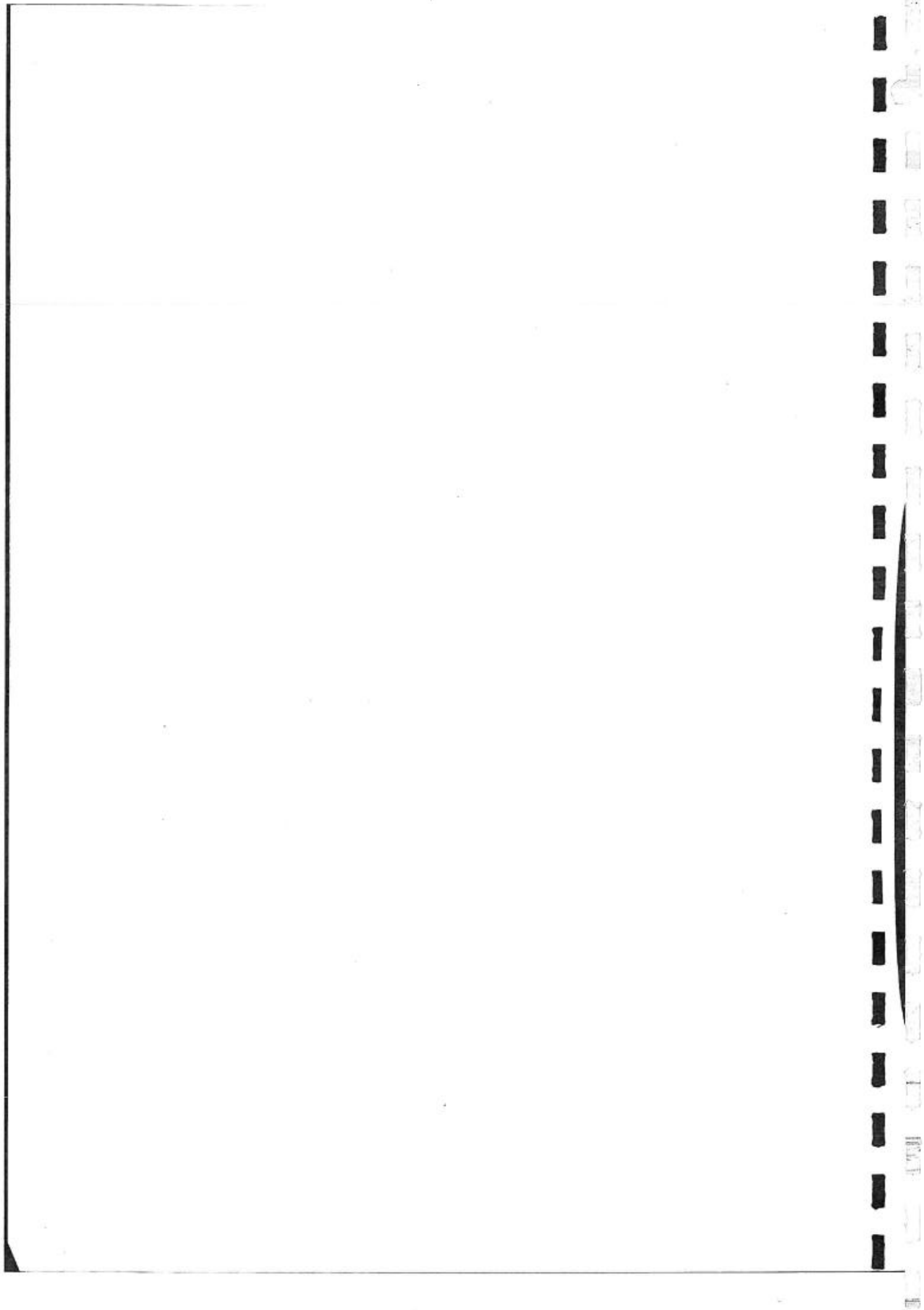
Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in controlled entities, associates and interests in joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in controlled entities, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside surplus or deficit is recognized outside surplus or deficit. Deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction in net assets. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.





*Office of the director of public prosecutions Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme*  
**Reports and Financial Statements**  
**For the year ended June 30, 2019.**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

***Sales tax***

Expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of sales tax, except:

- i) When the sales tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the sales tax is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable

- ii) When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of sales tax included

The net amount of sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

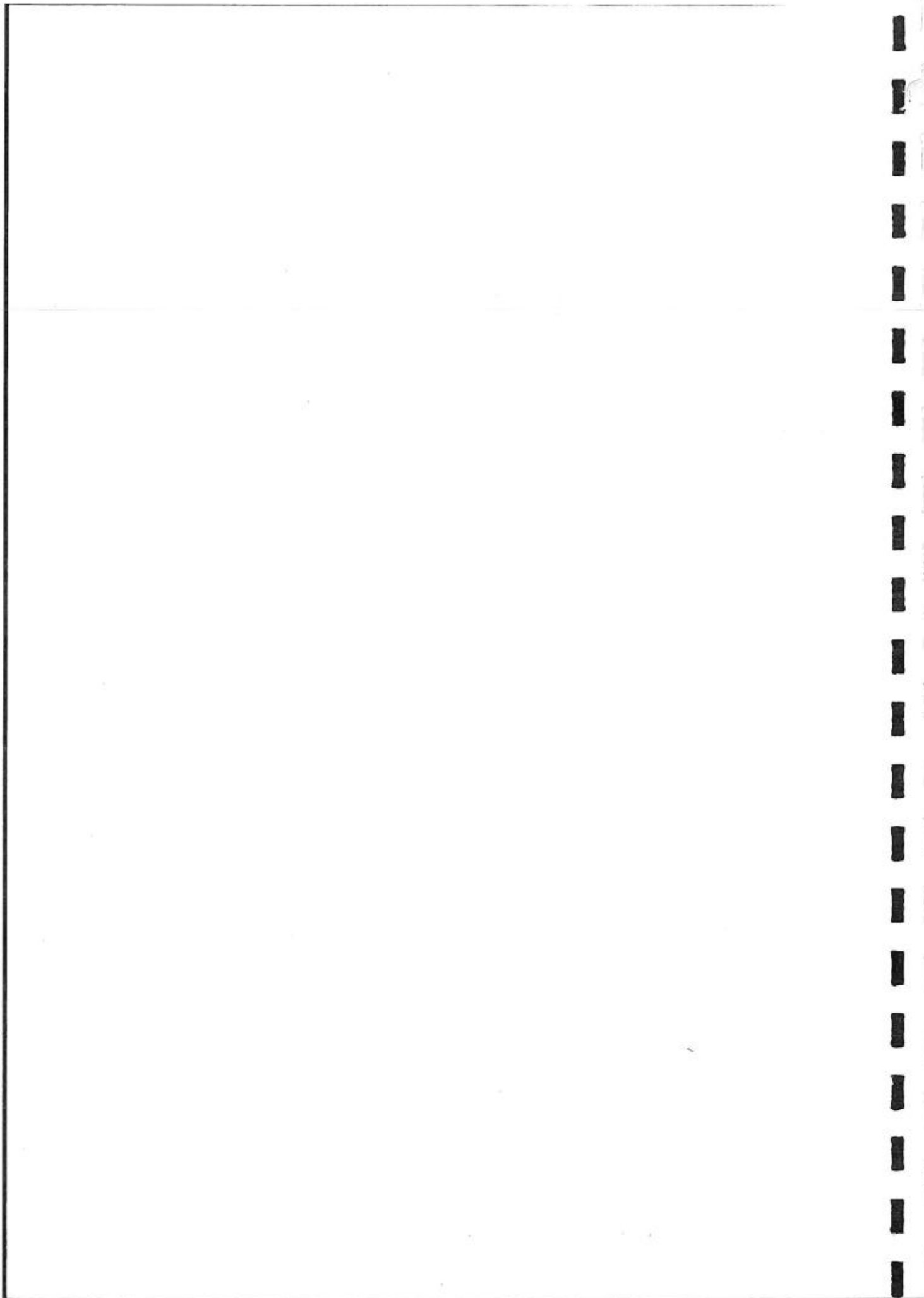
**d) Investment property**

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. The carrying amount includes the replacement cost of components of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met and excludes the costs of day-to-day maintenance of an investment property.

Investment property acquired through a non-exchange transaction is measured at its fair value at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured using the cost model and are depreciated over a 30-year period.

Investment properties are derecognized either when they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit or service potential is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in the surplus or deficit in the period of de-recognition.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use.



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**For the year ended June 30, 2019.**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**e) Property, plant and equipment**

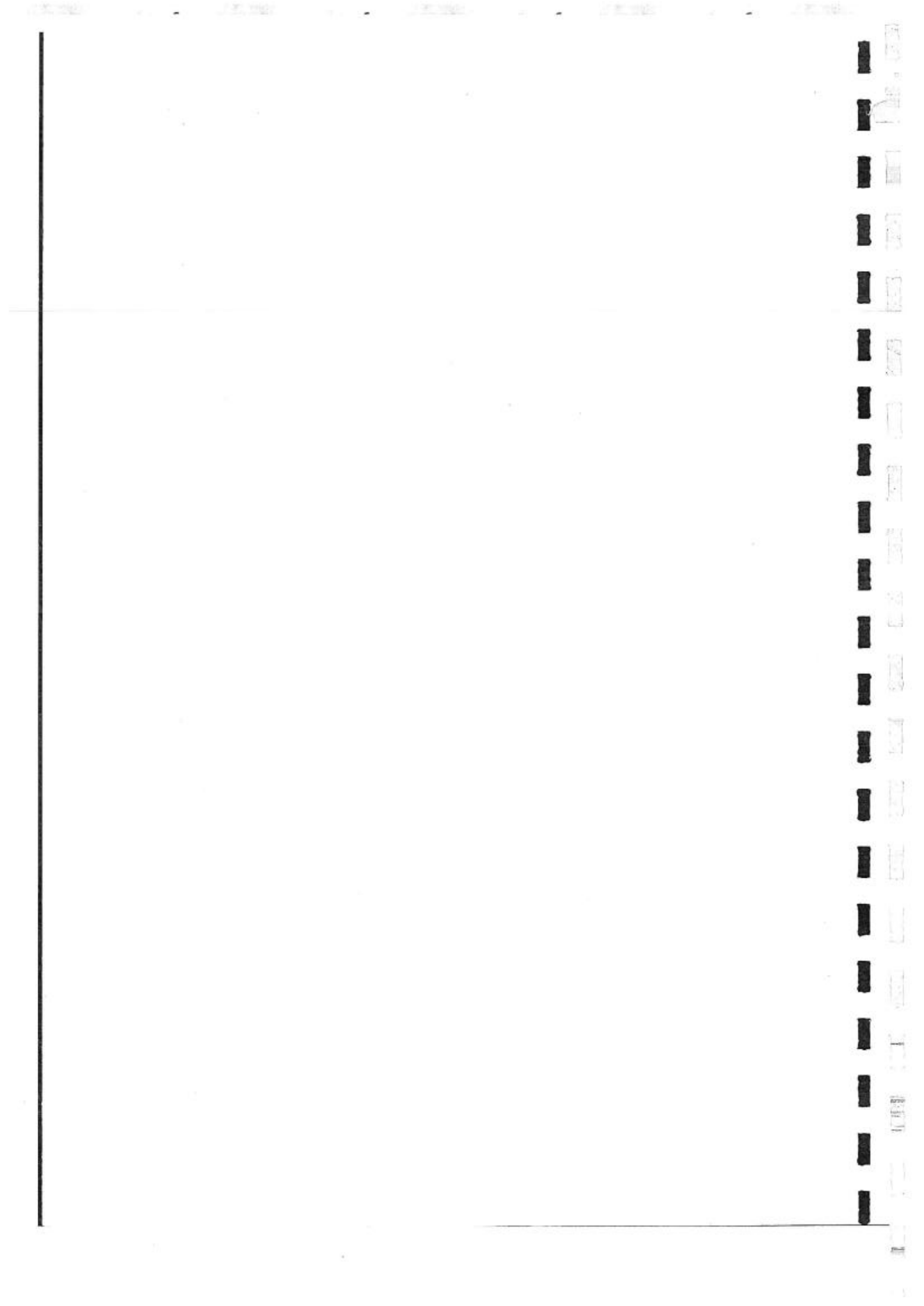
All property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the entity recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in surplus or deficit as incurred. Where an asset is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially measured at its fair value.

**f) Leases**

Finance leases are leases that transfer substantially all of the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item to the Entity. Assets held under a finance lease are capitalized at the commencement of the lease at the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, at the present value of the future minimum lease payments. The Entity also recognizes the associated lease liability at the inception of the lease. The liability recognized is measured as the present value of the future minimum lease payments at initial recognition.

Subsequent to initial recognition, lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognized as finance costs in surplus or deficit. An asset held under a finance lease is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Entity will obtain ownership of the asset by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Operating leases are leases that do not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item to the Entity. Operating lease payments are



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recognized as an operating expense in surplus or deficit on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**g) Intangible assets**

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognized at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a non-exchange transaction is their fair value at the date of the exchange. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in surplus or deficit in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

The useful life of the intangible assets is assessed as either finite or indefinite.

**h) Research and development costs**

The Entity expenses research costs as incurred. Development costs on an individual project are recognized as intangible assets when the Entity can demonstrate:

- i) The technical feasibility of completing the asset so that the asset will be available for use or sale
- ii) Its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset
- iii) How the asset will generate future economic benefits or service potential
- iv) The availability of resources to complete the asset
- v) The ability to measure reliably the expenditure during development.

Following initial recognition of an asset, the asset is carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization of the asset begins when development is complete and the asset is available for use. It is amortized over the period of expected future benefit. During the period of development, the asset is tested for impairment annually with any impairment losses recognized immediately in surplus or deficit.



**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**i) Financial instruments**

**a) Financial assets**

**Initial recognition and measurement**

Financial assets within the scope of IPSAS 29 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are classified as financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments or available-for-sale financial assets, as appropriate. The Entity determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

**Loans and receivables**

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Losses arising from impairment are recognized in the surplus or deficit.

**Held-to-maturity.**

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities are classified as held to maturity when the Entity has the positive intention and ability to hold it to maturity. After initial measurement, held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in surplus or deficit.

1. The first part of the document is a list of names and dates, arranged in two columns. The names are written in a cursive script, and the dates are in a standard font. The list appears to be a record of some kind, possibly a ledger or a list of transactions.

2. The second part of the document is a series of short, handwritten notes or entries, also arranged in two columns. These notes are written in a cursive script and appear to be related to the list of names and dates.

3. The third part of the document is a series of short, handwritten notes or entries, arranged in two columns. These notes are written in a cursive script and appear to be related to the list of names and dates.

4. The fourth part of the document is a series of short, handwritten notes or entries, arranged in two columns. These notes are written in a cursive script and appear to be related to the list of names and dates.

5. The fifth part of the document is a series of short, handwritten notes or entries, arranged in two columns. These notes are written in a cursive script and appear to be related to the list of names and dates.

6. The sixth part of the document is a series of short, handwritten notes or entries, arranged in two columns. These notes are written in a cursive script and appear to be related to the list of names and dates.

7. The seventh part of the document is a series of short, handwritten notes or entries, arranged in two columns. These notes are written in a cursive script and appear to be related to the list of names and dates.

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10. The tenth part of the document is a series of short, handwritten notes or entries, arranged in two columns. These notes are written in a cursive script and appear to be related to the list of names and dates.



**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**Impairment of financial assets**

The Entity assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or an entity of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a entity of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the entity of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include the following indicators:

- i) The debtors or an entity of debtors are experiencing significant financial difficulty.
- ii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal payments
- iii) The probability that debtors will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization.
- iv) Observable data indicates a measurable decrease in estimated future cash flows (e.g., changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults)

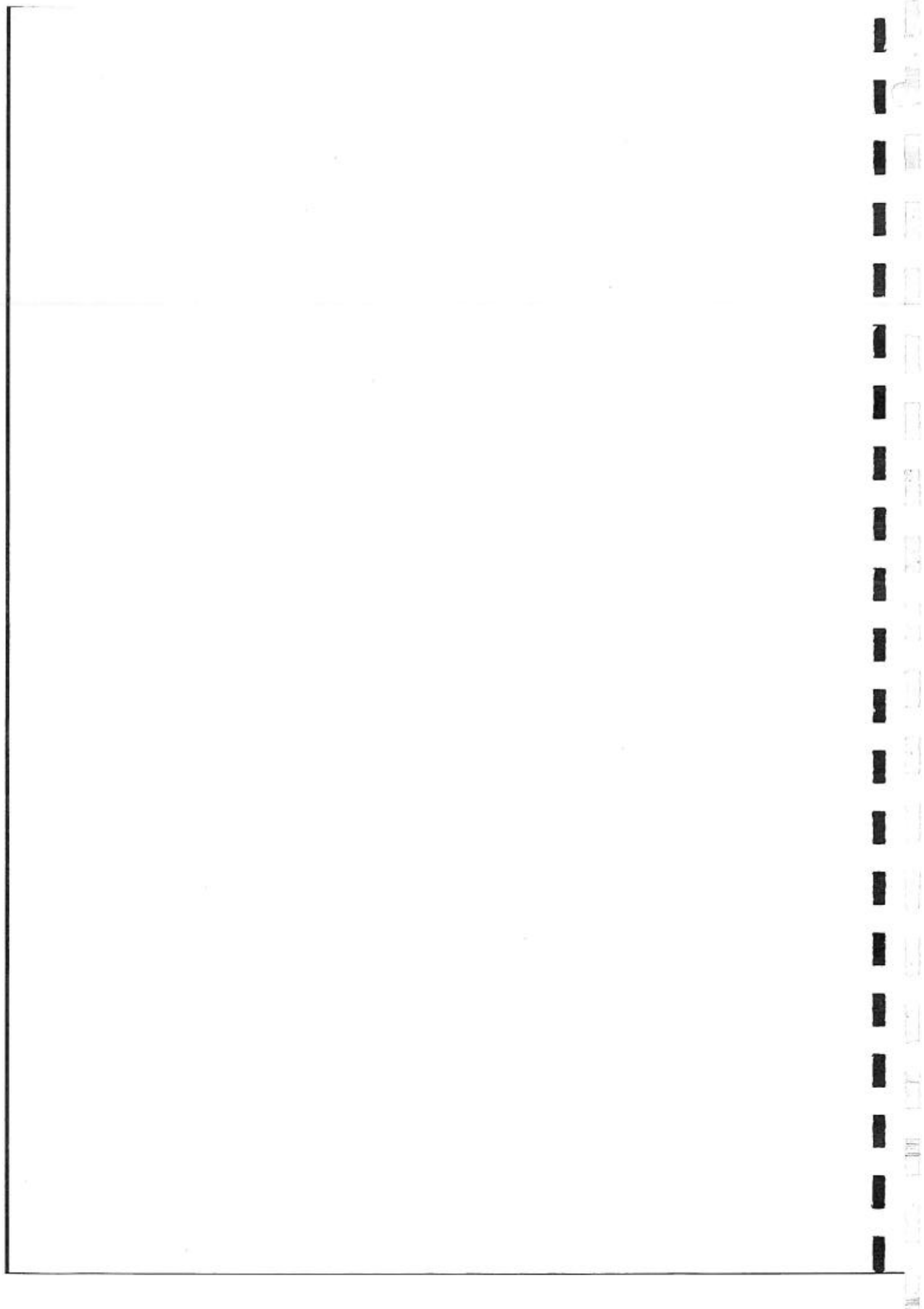
**b) Financial liabilities**

**Initial recognition and measurement**

Financial liabilities within the scope of IPSAS 29 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through surplus or deficit or loans and borrowings, as appropriate. The Entity determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

**Loans and borrowing**

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognized in surplus or deficit when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest method amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any



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discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**j) Inventories**

Inventory is measured at cost upon initial recognition. To the extent that inventory was received through non-exchange transactions (for no cost or for a nominal cost), the cost of the inventory is its fair value at the date of acquisition. Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and conditions are accounted for, as follows:

- i) Raw materials: purchase cost using the weighted average cost method.
- ii) Finished goods and work in progress: cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity but excluding borrowing costs.

After initial recognition, inventory is measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. However, to the extent that a class of inventory is distributed or deployed at no charge or for a nominal charge, that class of inventory is measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of operations, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale, exchange, or distribution.

Inventories are recognized as an expense when deployed for utilization or consumption in the ordinary course of operations of the Entity.

**k) Provisions**

Provisions are recognized when the Entity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Where the Entity expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset only when the



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reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of financial performance net of any reimbursement.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**l) Contingent liabilities**

The Entity does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses details of any contingencies in the notes to the financial statements, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote.

**m) Contingent assets**

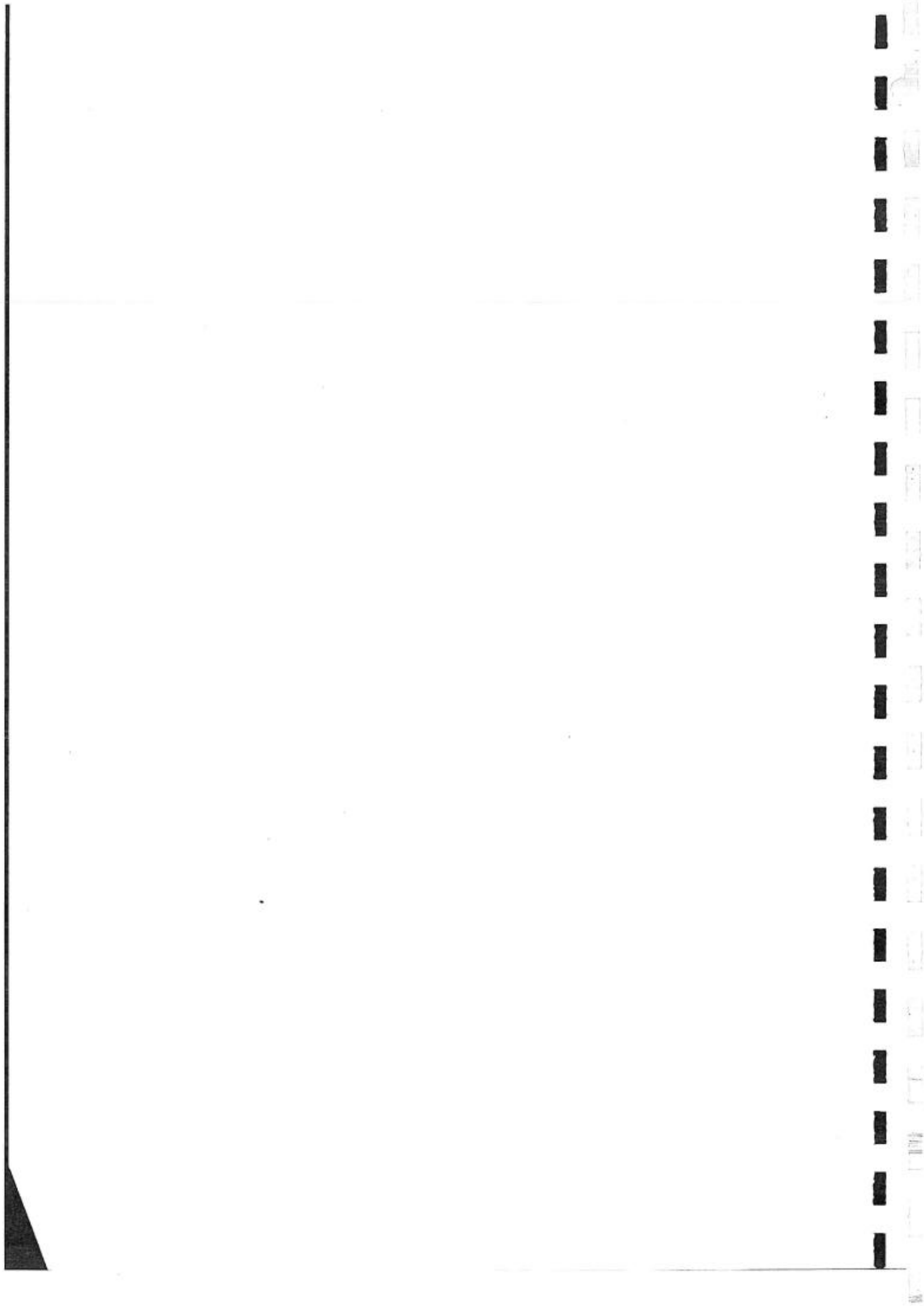
The Entity does not recognize a contingent asset but discloses details of a possible asset whose existence is contingent on the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Entity in the notes to the financial statements. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits or service potential will arise and the asset's value can be measured reliably, the asset and the related revenue are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

**n) Nature and purpose of reserves**

The Entity creates and maintains reserves in terms of specific requirements.

**o) Changes in accounting policies and estimates**

The Entity recognizes the effects of changes in accounting policy retrospectively. The effects of changes in accounting policy are applied prospectively if retrospective application is impractical.



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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**p) Employee benefits**

**Retirement benefit plans**

The Entity provides retirement benefits for its employees and directors. Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund), and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are charged against income in the year in which they become payable.

Defined benefit plans are post-employment benefit plans other than defined-contribution plans. The defined benefit funds are actuarially valued tri-annually on the projected unit credit method basis. Deficits identified are recovered through lump sum payments or increased future contributions on proportional basis to all participating employers. The contributions and lump sum payments reduce the post-employment benefit obligation.

**q) Foreign currency transactions**

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially accounted for at the ruling rate of exchange on the date of the transaction. Trade creditors or debtors denominated in foreign currency are reported at the statement of financial position reporting date by applying the exchange rate on that date. Exchange differences arising from the settlement of creditors, or from the reporting of creditors at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the period, are recognized as income or expenses in the period in which they arise.

**r) Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs are capitalized against qualifying assets as part of property, plant and equipment. Such borrowing costs are capitalized over the period during which the asset is being acquired or constructed and borrowings have been incurred. Capitalization ceases when construction of the asset is complete. Further borrowing costs are charged to the statement of financial performance.





**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**s) Related parties**

The Entity regards a related party as a person or an entity with the ability to exert control individually or jointly, or to exercise significant influence over the Entity, or vice versa. Members of key management are regarded as related parties and comprise the directors, the CEO and senior managers.

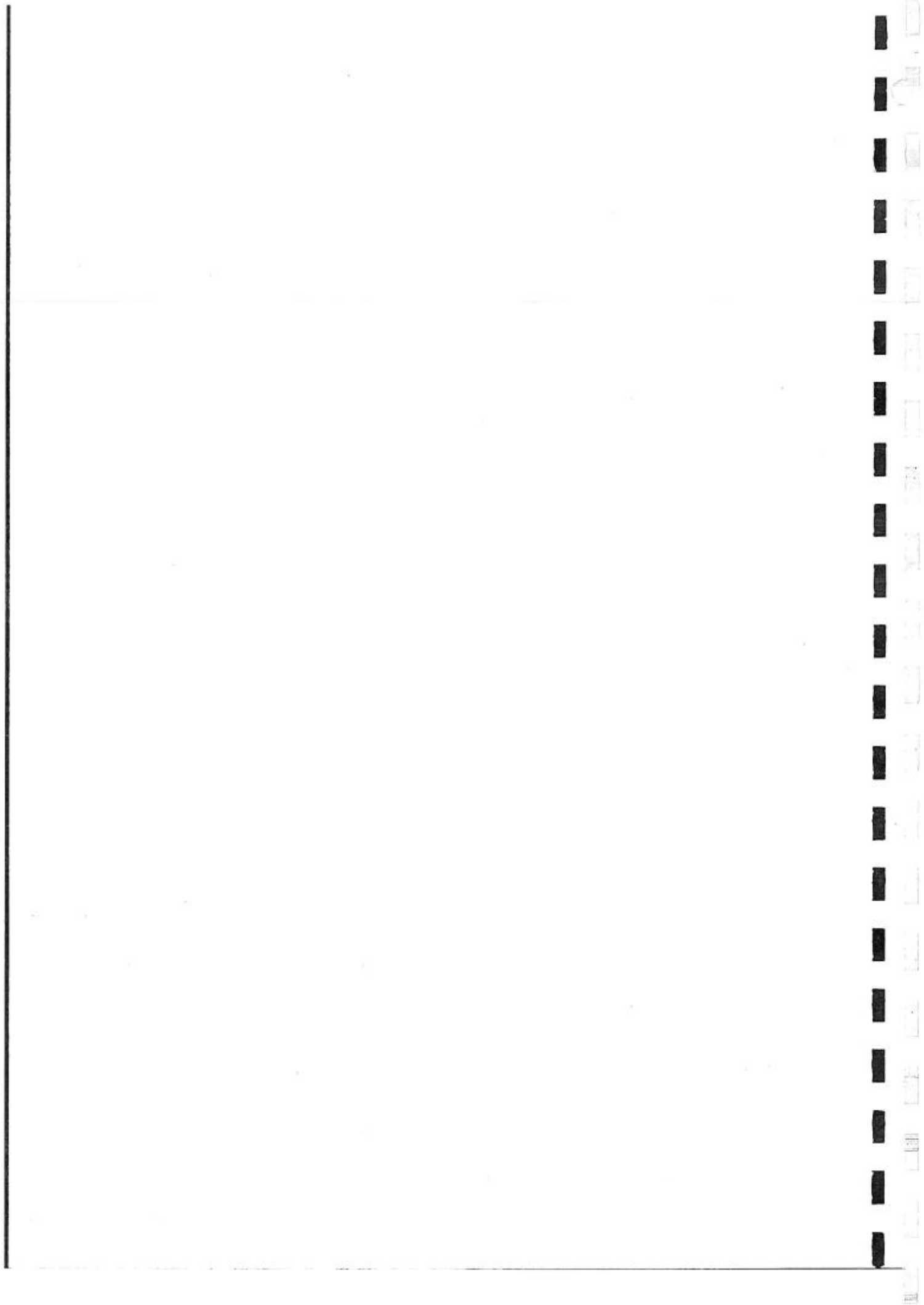
**t) Service concession arrangements**

The Entity analyses all aspects of service concession arrangements that it enters into in determining the appropriate accounting treatment and disclosure requirements. In particular, where a private party contributes an asset to the arrangement, the Entity recognizes that asset when, and only when, it controls or regulates the services the operator must provide together with the asset, to whom it must provide them, and at what price.

In the case of assets other than 'whole-of-life' assets, it controls, through ownership, beneficial entitlement or otherwise – any significant residual interest in the asset at the end of the arrangement. Any assets so recognized are measured at their fair value. To the extent that an asset has been recognized, the Entity also recognizes a corresponding liability, adjusted by a cash consideration paid or received.

**u) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and cash at bank, short-term deposits on call and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank account balances include amounts held at the Central Bank of Kenya and at various commercial banks at the end of the financial year. For the purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents also include short term cash imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year.



**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**v) Comparative figures**

Where necessary comparative figures for the previous financial year have been amended or reconfigured to conform to the required changes in presentation.

**w) Subsequent events**

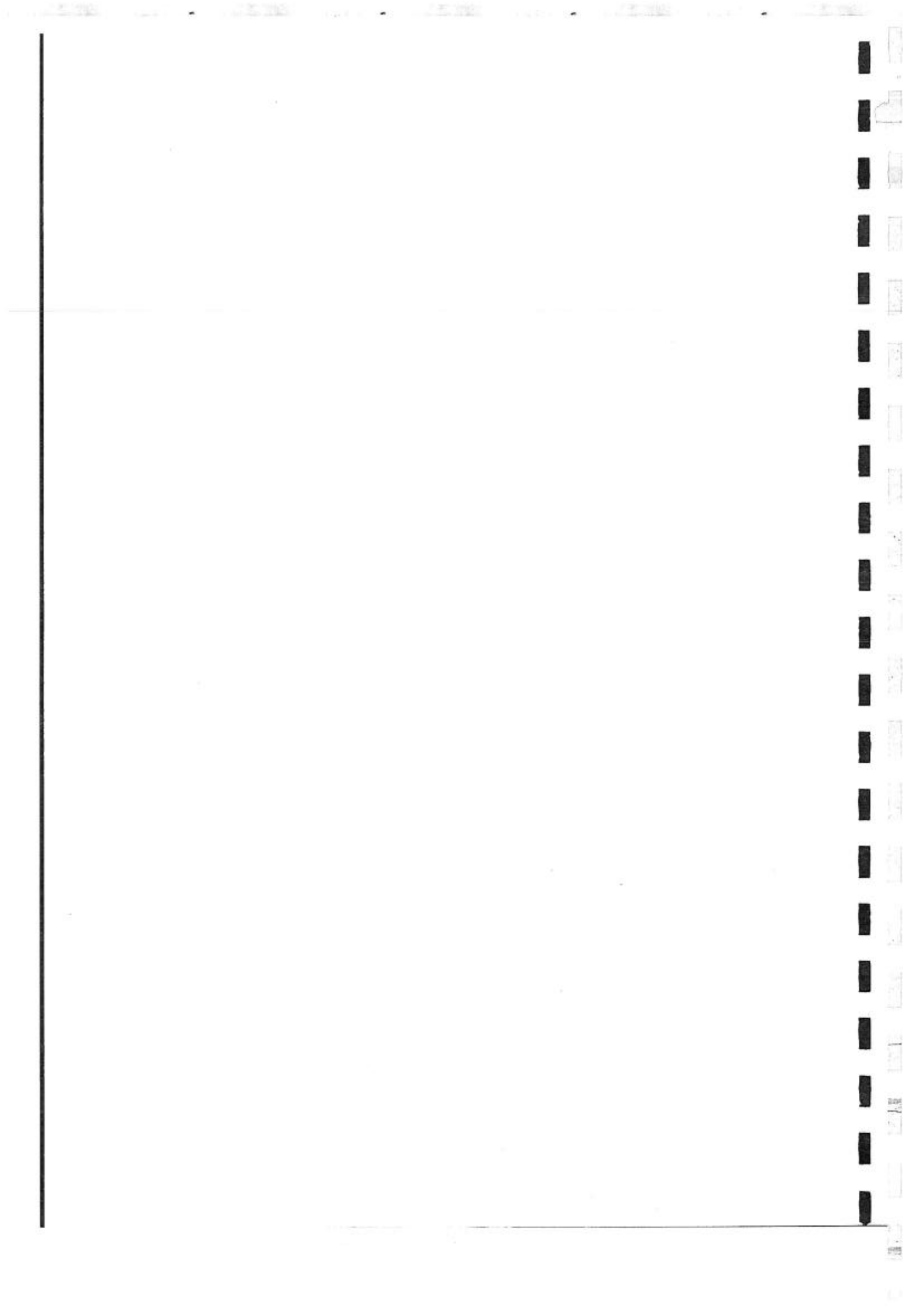
There have been no events subsequent to the financial year end with a significant impact on the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019.

**5. Significant Judgments and Sources of Estimation Uncertainty**

The preparation of the Entity's financial statements in conformity with IPSAS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods. State all judgements, estimates and assumptions made

**Estimates and assumptions**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Entity based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. However, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Entity. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur. IPSAS 1.140



**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Significant Judgments and Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (Continued)**

**Useful lives and residual values**

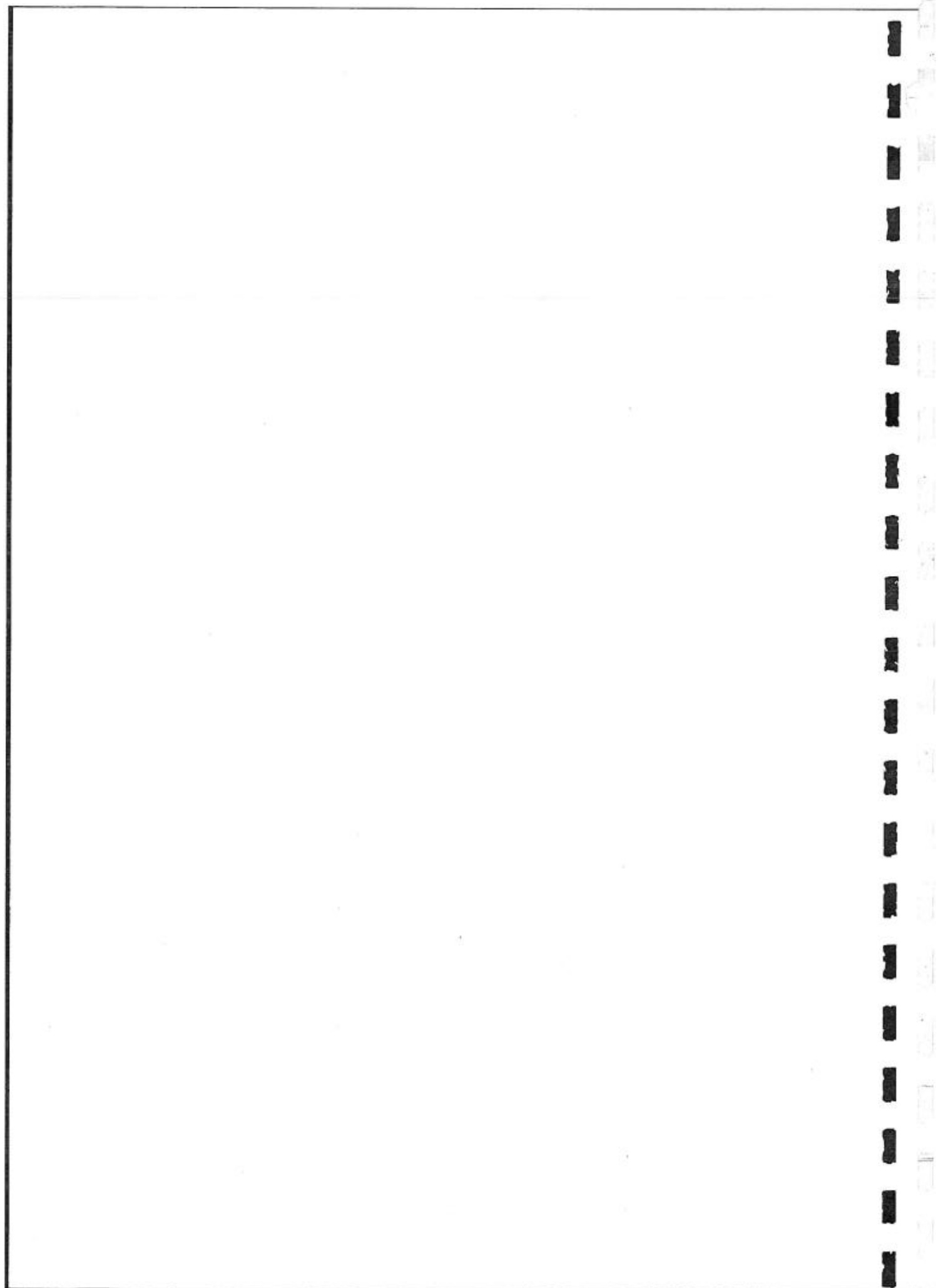
The useful lives and residual values of assets are assessed using the following indicators to inform potential future use and value from disposal:

- a. The condition of the asset based on the assessment of experts employed by the Entity.
- b. The nature of the asset, its susceptibility and adaptability to changes in technology and processes.
- c. The nature of the processes in which the asset is deployed.
- d. Availability of funding to replace the asset.
- e. Changes in the market in relation to the asset

**Provisions**

Provisions were raised and management determined an estimate based on the information available.

Provisions are measured at the management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date, and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.





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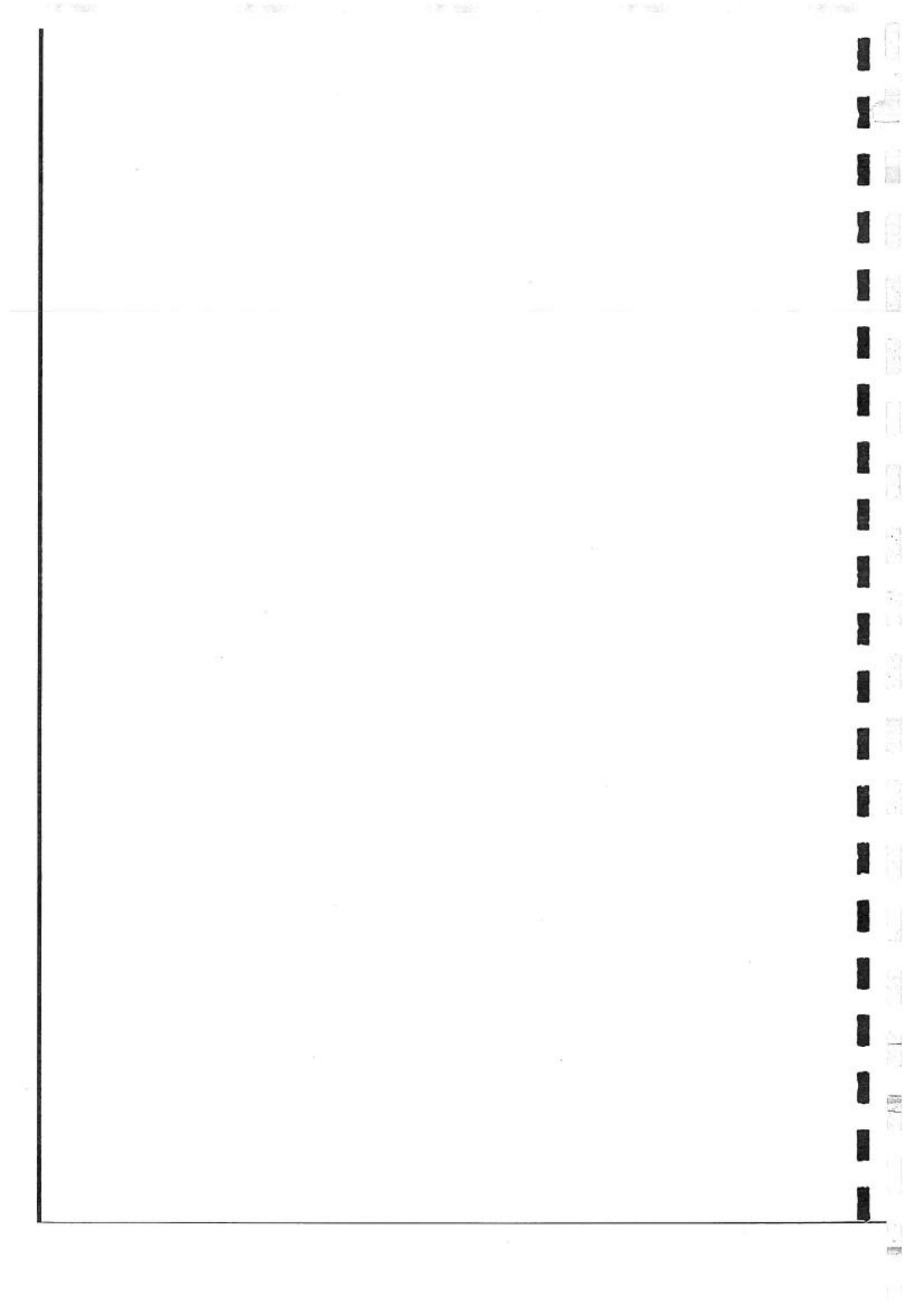
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**1. INTEREST INCOME**

Description	2018-2019	2017-2018
	Kshs	Kshs
Interest income from car loan (3%)	892,141	138,706
Interest Income from Mortgage loans (3%)	2,227,399	179,663
Other interest income		
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>3,119,540</b>	<b>318,369</b>

**2. LOAN ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES**

Description	2018-2019	2017-2018
	Kshs	Kshs
3% Commission to the Bank	3,119,540	318,369
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>3,119,540</b>	<b>318,369</b>



*Office of the director of public prosecutions Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme*  
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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**3.CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT**

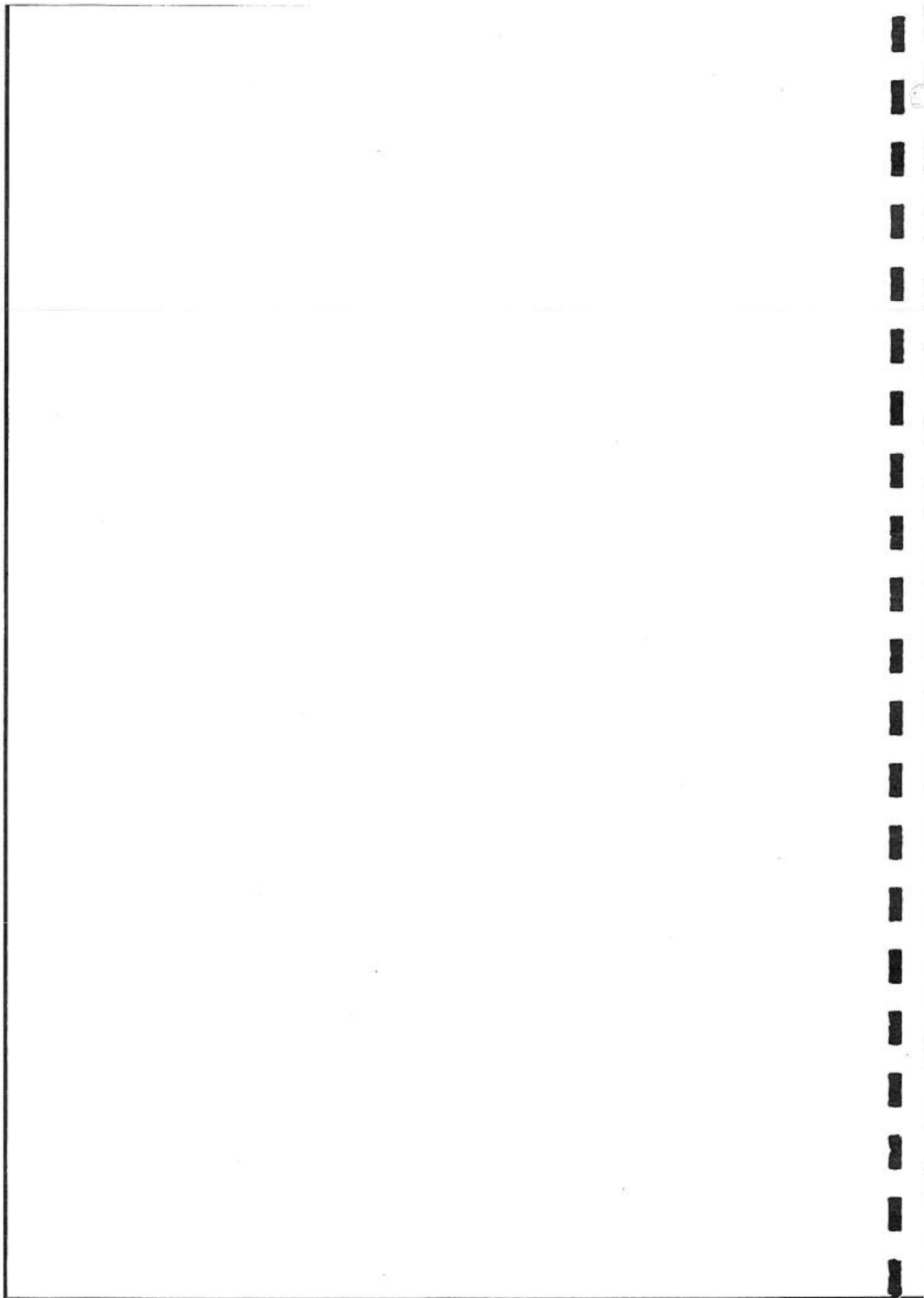
Description	2018-2019	2017-2018
	Kshs	Kshs
Consolidated Car Loan Account	41,345,505	31,389,283
Consolidated Mortgage Account	90,693,303	79,257,021
<b>Total</b>	<b>132,038,808</b>	<b>110,646,304</b>

**4. PRINCIPAL PAID**

Description	2018-2019	2017-2018
	Kshs	Kshs
Principal recovered (car loan)	6,251,222	889,283
Principal recovered (Mortgage loan)	3,036,282	207,021
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9,287,504</b>	<b>1,096,304</b>

**5. CURRENT PORTION OF LONG TERM RECEIVABLES**

Description	2017-2018	2017-2018
	Kshs	Kshs
Car	7,894,724	4,167,404
Mortgage	3,624,199	1,803,440
<b>Total</b>	<b>11,518,923</b>	<b>5,970,844</b>



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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**6. LONG TERM RECEIVABLES STAFF MORTGAGE AND CAR LOAN**

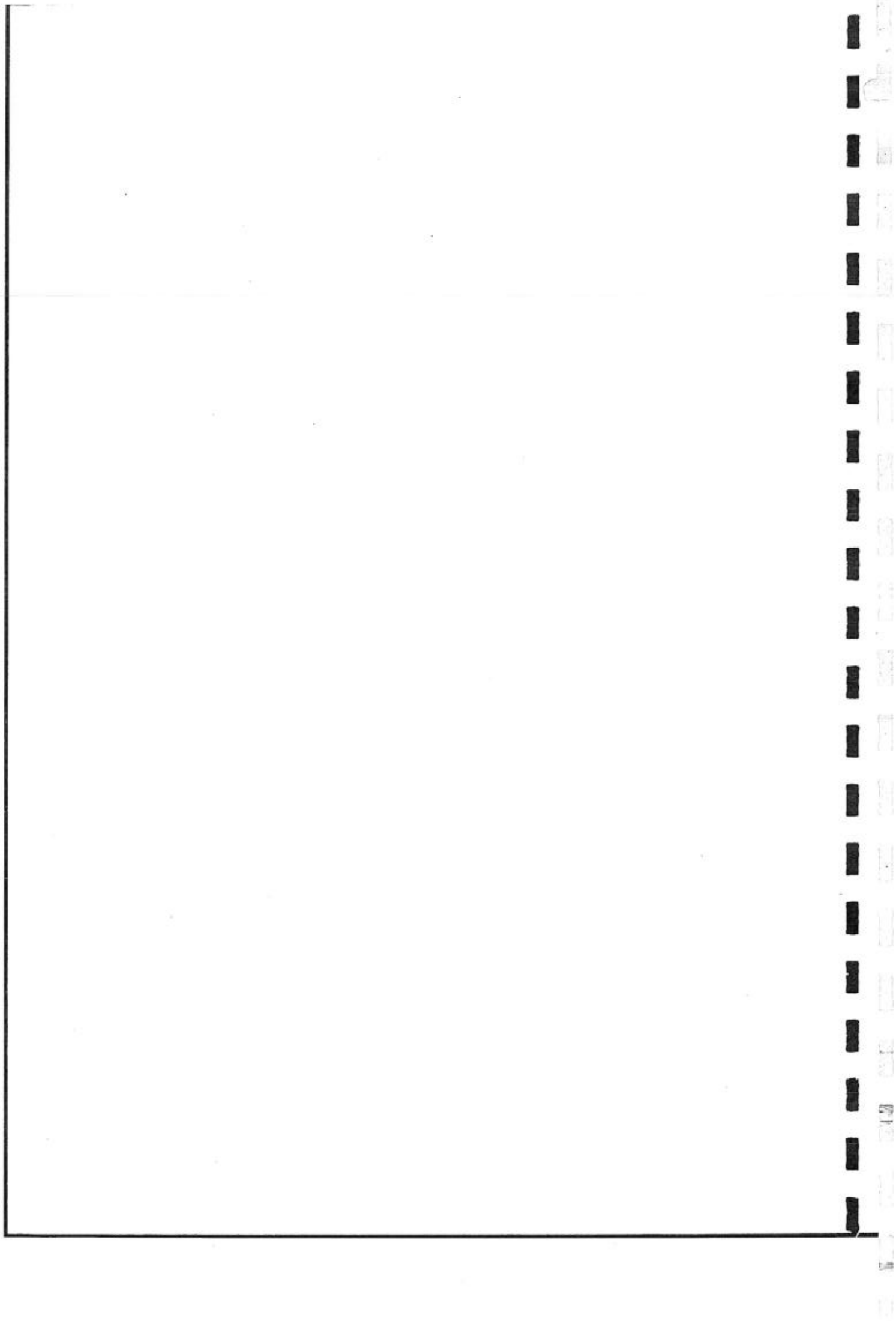
Description	2018-2019	2017-2018
	Kshs	Kshs
Car	25,759,770	16,943,312
Mortgage	80,682,499	41,439,539
<b>Total</b>	<b>106,442,269</b>	<b>58,382,852</b>

**7. TRANSFER TO REVOLVING FUND**

Description	2018-2019	2017-2018
	Kshs	Kshs
Staff car loan	22,500,000	52,500,000
Staff mortgage Loan	52,500,000	122,500,000
<b>Totals</b>	<b>75,000,000</b>	<b>175,000,000</b>

**8. LOAN DISBURSED**

Description	2018-2019	2017-2018
	Kshs	Kshs
Staff car loan	18,795,000	22,000,000
Staff mortgage Loan	44,250,000	43,450,000
<b>Totals</b>	<b>62,895,000</b>	<b>65,450,000</b>





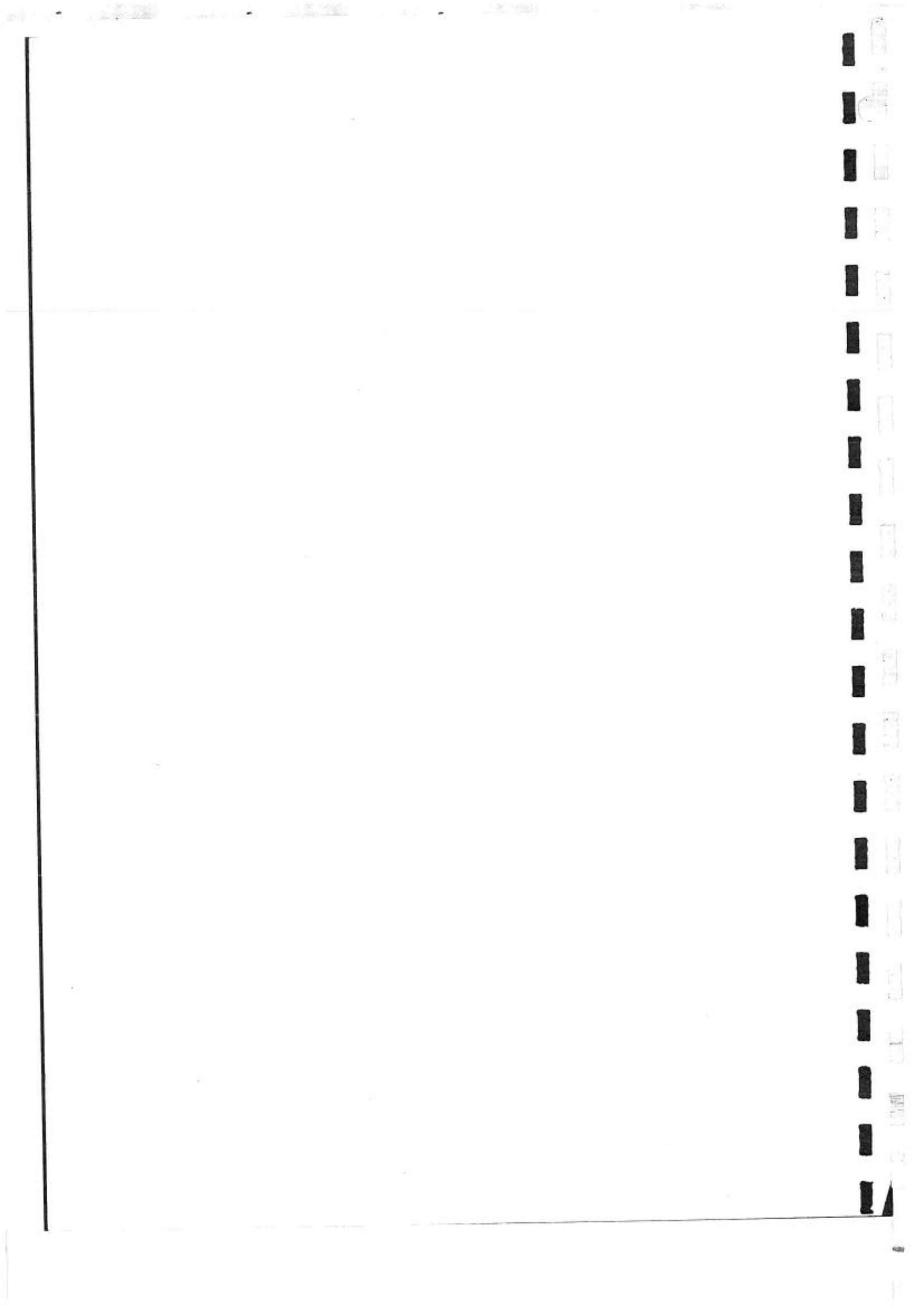
*Office of the director of public prosecutions Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme  
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**APPENDIX 1: PROGRESS ON FOLLOW UP OF AUDITOR RECOMMENDATIONS**

The following is the summary of issues raised by the external auditor, and management comments that were provided to the auditor.

Reference No. on the external audit Report	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Status: (Resolved / Not Resolved)	Timeframe: (Put a date when you expect the issue to be resolved)



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**APPENDIX II: INTER-ENTITY TRANSFERS**

ENTITY NAME:		Office of the director of public prosecutions Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme		
Break down of Transfers from the Office of the director of public prosecutions				
FY 2018/2019				
a.	Recurrent Grants			
		<u>Bank Statement Date</u>	<u>Amount (KShs)</u>	<u>Indicate the FY to which the amounts relate</u>
	Staff car loan	11.02.2019	22,500,000	2018-2019
	Staff mortgage Loan	18.02.2019	52,500,000	2018-2019
		Total	75,000,000	

The above amounts have been communicated to and reconciled with the parent Ministry



**Fund Administrator**

Name: Mr. Noordin M. Haji, CBS, OGW

Date: 21/11/2022



**Head of Accounts**

Name: Zuwenia Zainabu

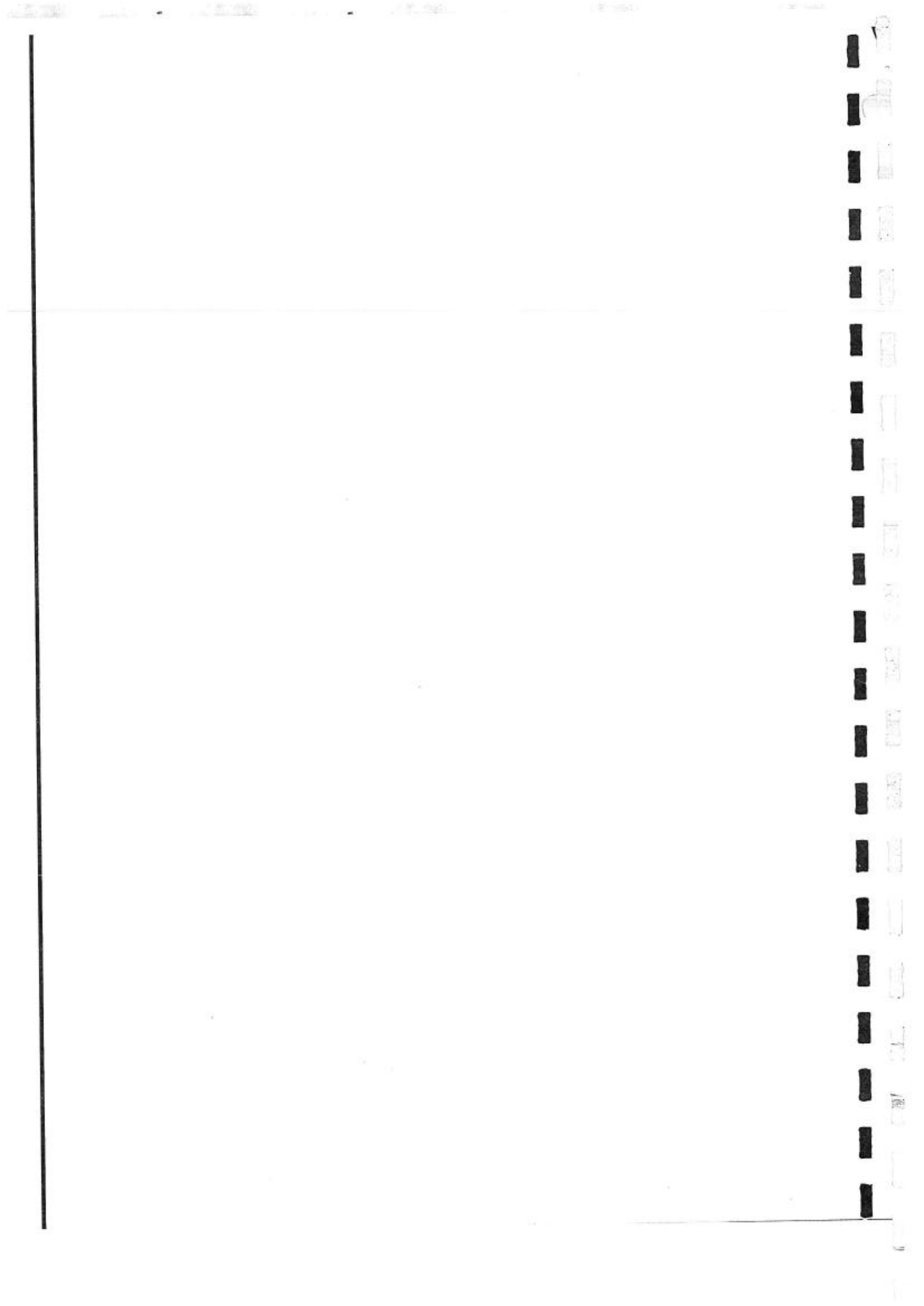
Date: 21/11/2022



**Chairperson of the Fund**

Name: Mrs. Dorcas Oduor, EBS, OGW

Date: 21/11/2022



REPUBLIC OF KENYA

**BANK RECONCILIATION- CAR LOAN**

AS 30TH JUNE 2019

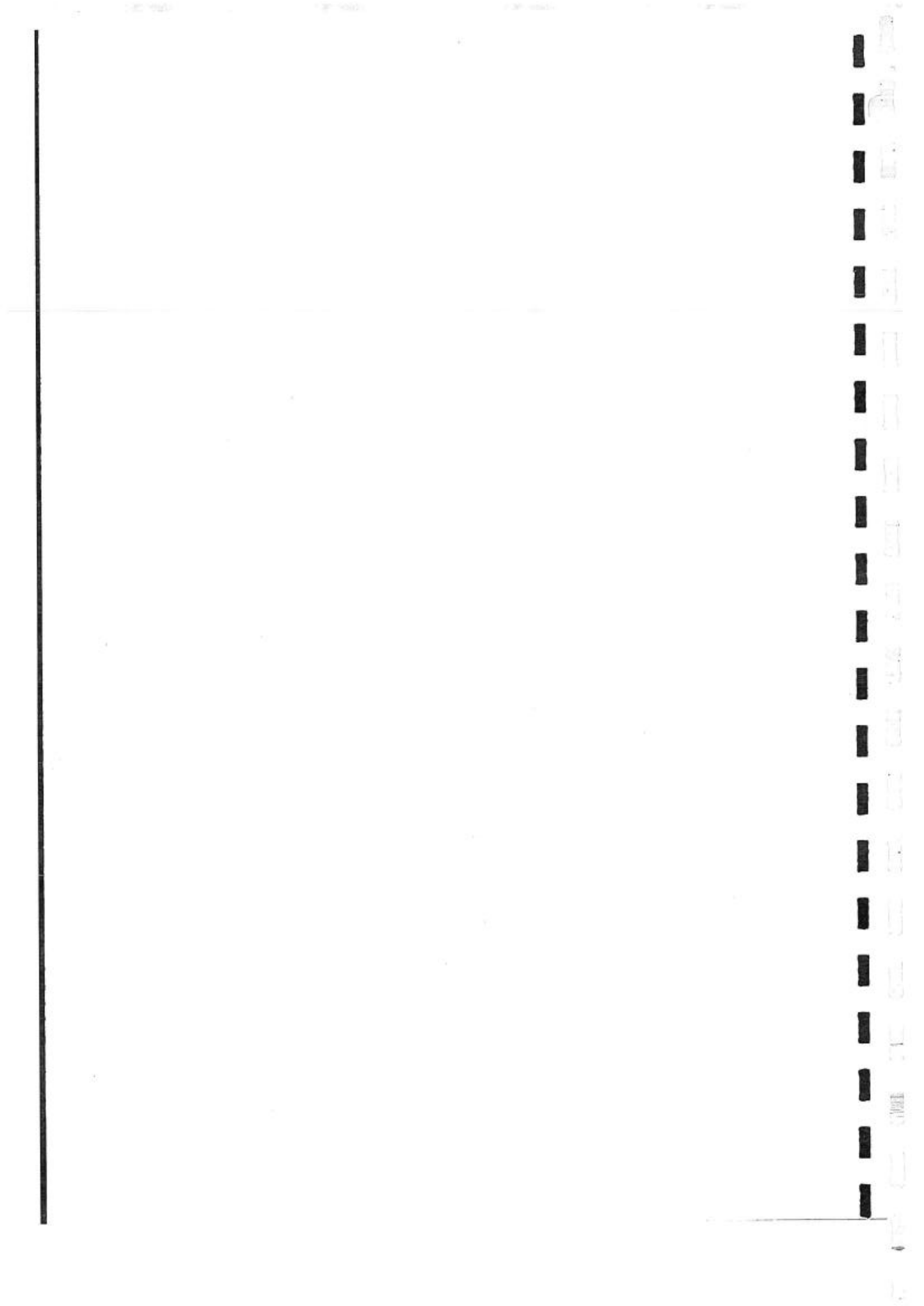
Station .....

Balance as per Bank Certificate ..			38,554,086.00
Less			
1. Payments in Cash Book not yet recorded in Bank (Unpresented Cheques)			
2. Receipts in Bank Statements not yet recorded in Cash Book ..	4,349,086.00		4,349,086.00
Add			
3. Payments in Bank Statement not yet recorded in Cash Book ..			
4. Receipts in Cash Book not yet recorded in Bank Statements	7,140,506.00		7,140,506.00
Bank Balance as per Cash Book .. ..			41,345,506.00

I Certify that I have verified the Bank Balance in the Cash Book with the Bank Statement and that the above Reconciliation is Correct.

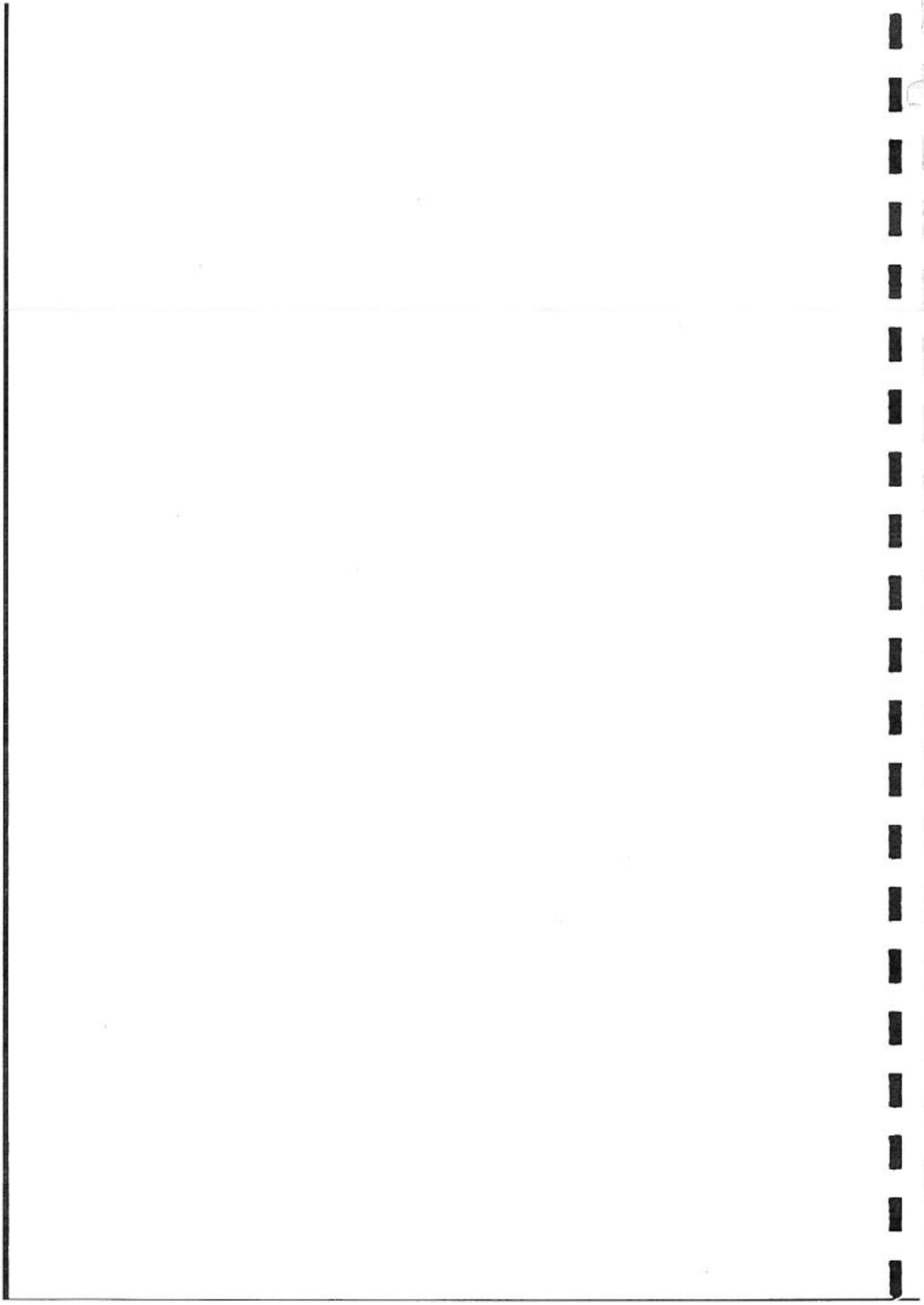
Reconciled by Leticia Signature [Signature] Date 07/08/2022

Approved by Zuwei Lian Signature HL Date 04/08/2021

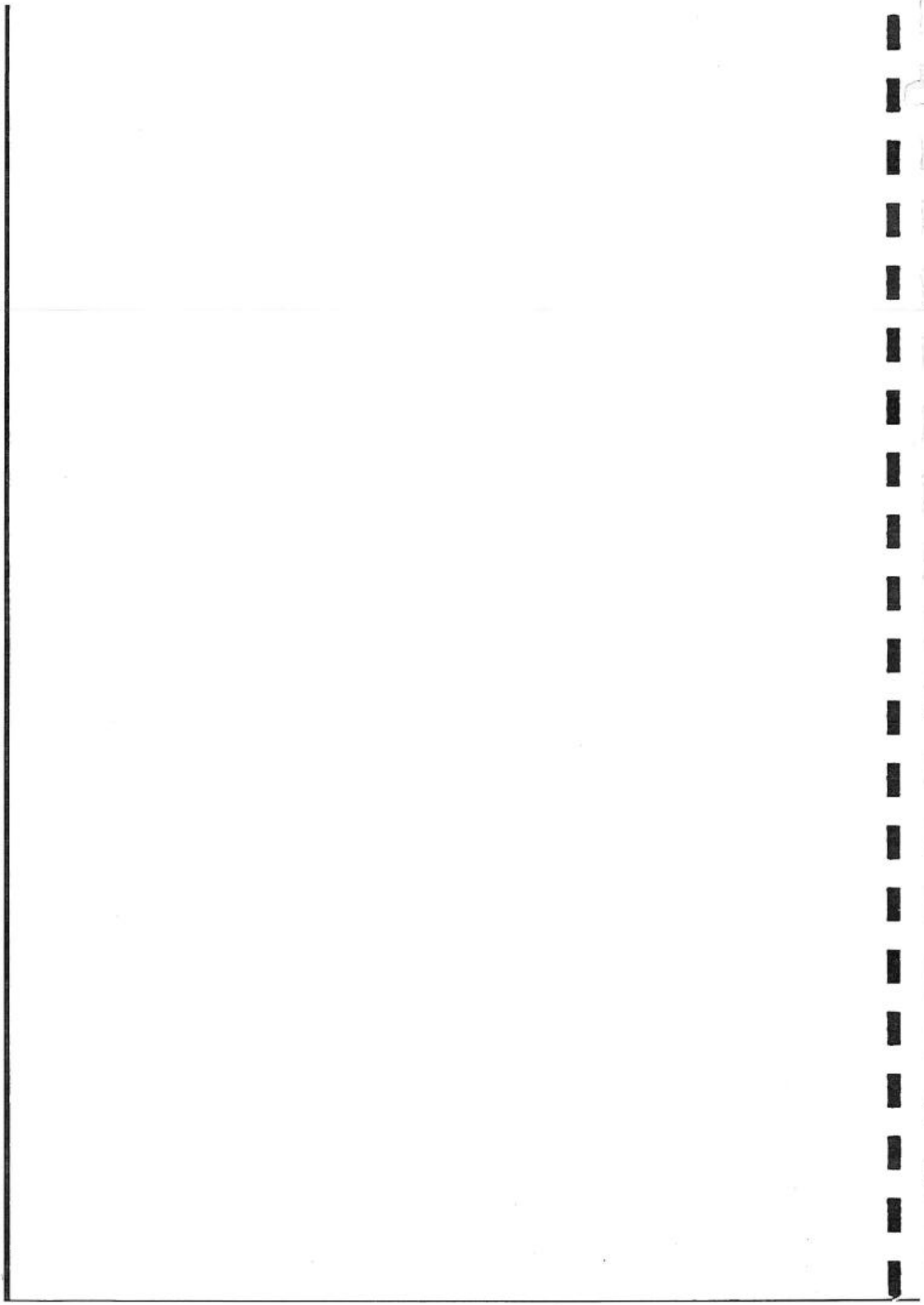


Jan-19	SHARON NDUNGU	23,671.18
Feb-19	SHARON NDUNGU	23,730.36
Mar-19	SHARON NDUNGU	23,789.68
Apr-19	SHARON NDUNGU	23,849.16
May-19	SHARON NDUNGU	23,908.78
Jun-19	SHARON NDUNGU	23,968.55
Jul-18	ANNE MUGAMBI	22,541.89
Aug-18	ANNE MUGAMBI	22,598.24
Sep-18	ANNE MUGAMBI	22,654.74
Oct-18	ANNE MUGAMBI	22,711.38
Nov-18	ANNE MUGAMBI	22,768.16
Dec-18	ANNE MUGAMBI	22,825.08
Jan-19	ANNE MUGAMBI	22,882.14
Feb-19	ANNE MUGAMBI	22,939.34
Mar-19	ANNE MUGAMBI	22,996.69
Apr-19	ANNE MUGAMBI	23,054.18
May-19	ANNE MUGAMBI	23,111.82
Jun-19	ANNE MUGAMBI	23,169.60
Jul-18	LILIAN NJERI	21,453.66
Aug-18	LILIAN NJERI	21,507.29
Sep-18	LILIAN NJERI	21,561.06
Oct-18	LILIAN NJERI	21,614.97
Nov-18	LILIAN NJERI	21,669.00
Dec-18	LILIAN NJERI	21,723.18
Jan-19	LILIAN NJERI	21,777.48
Feb-19	LILIAN NJERI	21,831.93
Mar-19	LILIAN NJERI	21,886.51
Apr-19	LILIAN NJERI	21,941.22
May-19	LILIAN NJERI	21,996.08
Jun-19	LILIAN NJERI	22,051.07
Jul-18	JAMES OPUNDO	24,749.91
Aug-18	JAMES OPUNDO	24,811.78
Sep-18	JAMES OPUNDO	24,873.81
Oct-18	JAMES OPUNDO	24,935.99
Nov-18	JAMES OPUNDO	24,998.33
Dec-18	JAMES OPUNDO	25,060.83
Jan-19	JAMES OPUNDO	25,123.48
Feb-19	JAMES OPUNDO	25,186.29
Mar-19	JAMES OPUNDO	25,249.26
Apr-19	JAMES OPUNDO	25,312.38
May-19	JAMES OPUNDO	25,375.66
Jun-19	JAMES OPUNDO	25,439.10
Jul-18	BIDEN WANGEC'H	18,562.43
Aug-18	BIDEN WANGEC'H	18,608.83
Sep-18	BIDEN WANGEC'H	18,655.36
Oct-18	BIDEN WANGEC'H	18,702.00
Nov-18	BIDEN WANGEC'H	18,748.75
Dec-18	BIDEN WANGEC'H	18,795.62
Jan-19	BIDEN WANGEC'H	18,842.61
Feb-19	BIDEN WANGEC'H	18,889.72
Mar-19	BIDEN WANGEC'H	18,936.94
Apr-19	BIDEN WANGEC'H	18,984.28
May-19	BIDEN WANGEC'H	19,031.75
Jun-19	BIDEN WANGEC'H	19,079.32
Jul-18	MARY KINYUA	11,137.46
Aug-18	MARY KINYUA	11,165.30
Sep-18	MARY KINYUA	11,193.21
Oct-18	MARY KINYUA	11,221.20
Nov-18	MARY KINYUA	11,249.25
Dec-18	MARY KINYUA	11,277.37
Jan-19	MARY KINYUA	11,305.57

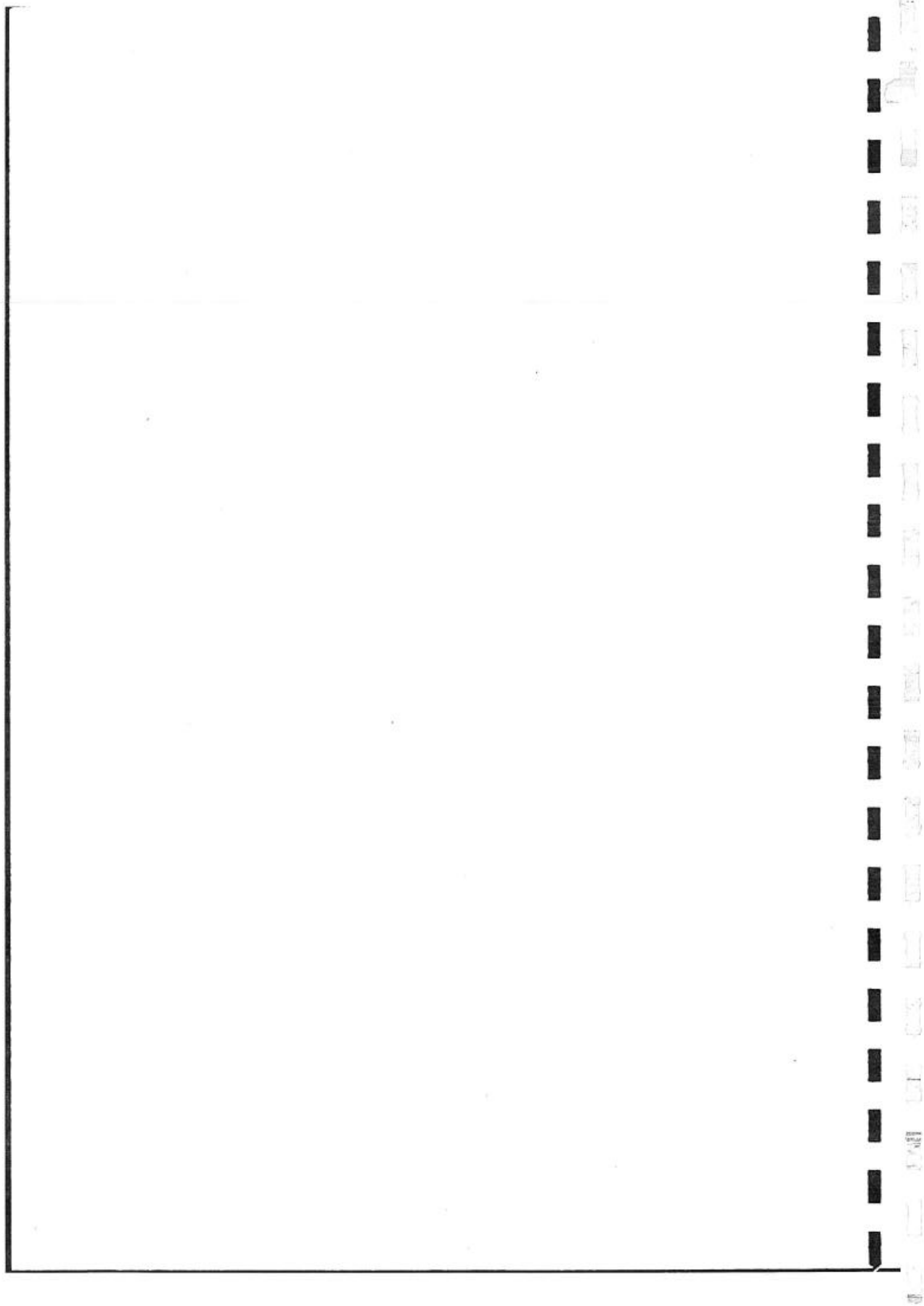




Feb-19	MARY KINYUA	11,333.83
Mar-19	MARY KINYUA	11,362.17
Apr-19	MARY KINYUA	11,390.57
May-19	MARY KINYUA	11,419.05
Jun-19	MARY KINYUA	11,447.59
Jul-18	DORCAS ADUOR	61,874.76
Aug-18	DORCAS ADUOR	62,029.45
Sep-18	DORCAS ADUOR	62,184.52
Oct-18	DORCAS ADUOR	62,339.98
Nov-18	DORCAS ADUOR	62,495.83
Dec-18	DORCAS ADUOR	62,652.07
Jan-19	DORCAS ADUOR	62,808.70
Feb-19	DORCAS ADUOR	62,965.73
Mar-19	DORCAS ADUOR	63,123.14
Apr-19	DORCAS ADUOR	63,280.95
May-19	DORCAS ADUOR	63,439.15
Jun-19	DORCAS ADUOR	63,597.75
Oct-18	MILICENT KIGURIA	22,816.32
Nov-18	MILICENT KIGURIA	22,873.36
Dec-18	MILICENT KIGURIA	22,930.54
Jan-19	MILICENT KIGURIA	22,987.87
Feb-19	MILICENT KIGURIA	23,045.34
Mar-19	MILICENT KIGURIA	23,102.95
Apr-19	MILICENT KIGURIA	23,160.71
May-19	MILICENT KIGURIA	23,218.61
Jun-19	MILICENT KIGURIA	23,276.66
Oct-18	SILVESTER THUO	23,203.04
Nov-18	SILVESTER THUO	23,261.04
Dec-18	SILVESTER THUO	23,319.20
Jan-19	SILVESTER THUO	23,377.49
Feb-19	SILVESTER THUO	23,435.94
Mar-19	SILVESTER THUO	23,494.53
Apr-19	SILVESTER THUO	23,553.26
May-19	SILVESTER THUO	23,612.15
Jun-19	SILVESTER THUO	23,671.18
Oct-18	NICHOLAS MUTUKU	61,875
Nov-18	NICHOLAS MUTUKU	62,029
Dec-18	NICHOLAS MUTUKU	62,185
Jan-19	NICHOLAS MUTUKU	62,340
Feb-19	NICHOLAS MUTUKU	62,496
Mar-19	NICHOLAS MUTUKU	62,652
Apr-19	NICHOLAS MUTUKU	62,809
May-19	NICHOLAS MUTUKU	62,966
Jun-19	NICHOLAS MUTUKU	63,123
Oct-18	JAMES OGUNJU	23,203.04
Nov-18	JAMES OGUNJU	23,261.04
Dec-18	JAMES OGUNJU	23,319.20
Jan-19	JAMES OGUNJU	23,377.49
Feb-19	JAMES OGUNJU	23,435.94
Mar-19	JAMES OGUNJU	23,494.53
Apr-19	JAMES OGUNJU	23,553.26
May-19	JAMES OGUNJU	23,612.15
Jun-19	JAMES OGUNJU	23,671.18
Oct-18	JOYCE WANGARE	23,203.04
Nov-18	JOYCE WANGARE	23,261.04
Dec-18	JOYCE WANGARE	23,319.20
Jan-19	JOYCE WANGARE	23,377.49
Feb-19	JOYCE WANGARE	23,435.94
Mar-19	JOYCE WANGARE	23,494.53
Apr-19	JOYCE WANGARE	23,553.26
May-19	JOYCE WANGARE	23,612.15



Jun-19	JOYCE WANGARE	23,671.18
Oct-18	JUSTUS OCHENGO	16,242.13
Nov-18	JUSTUS OCHENGO	16,282.73
Dec-18	JUSTUS OCHENGO	16,323.44
Jan-19	JUSTUS OCHENGO	16,364.25
Feb-19	JUSTUS OCHENGO	16,405.16
Mar-19	JUSTUS OCHENGO	16,446.17
Apr-19	JUSTUS OCHENGO	16,487.28
May-19	JUSTUS OCHENGO	16,528.50
Jun-19	JUSTUS OCHENGO	16,569.82
Jan-19	LUCAS TANUI	19,335.86
Feb-19	LUCAS TANUI	19,384.20
Mar-19	LUCAS TANUI	19,432.66
Apr-19	LUCAS TANUI	19,481.25
May-19	LUCAS TANUI	19,529.95
Jun-19	LUCAS TANUI	19,578.77
Jan-19	WESLEY MBUNYA	23,203.04
Feb-19	WESLEY MBUNYA	23,261.04
Mar-19	WESLEY MBUNYA	23,319.20
Apr-19	WESLEY MBUNYA	23,377.49
May-19	WESLEY MBUNYA	23,435.94
Jun-19	WESLEY MBUNYA	23,494.53
Apr-19	MARY ASAVA	17,788.99
May-19	MARY ASAVA	17,833.47
Jun-19	MARY ASAVA	17,878.05
Apr-19	JUDITH AYUMA	45,632.64
May-19	JUDITH AYUMA	45,746.72
Jun-19	JUDITH AYUMA	45,861.09
Jan-19	SHIRLEY KIBUT	14,231.20
Feb-19	SHIRLEY KIBUT	14,266.77
Mar-19	SHIRLEY KIBUT	14,302.44
Apr-19	SHIRLEY KIBUT	14,338.20
May-19	SHIRLEY KIBUT	14,374.04
Jun-19	SHIRLEY KIBUT	14,410.91
		7140505.999
	BANK STATEMENT BALANCE	38,554,086.00
	CASHBOOK BANK BALANCE	41,345,506.00



## REPUBLIC OF KENYA

## BANK RECONCILIATION- MORTGAGE

AS AT 30TH JUNE 2019

Station .....

Balance as per Bank Certificate ..			91,438,329.00
Less			
1. Payments in Cash Book not yet recorded in B. (Unpresented	5,300,000.00		
2. Receipts in Bank Statements not			
yet recorded in Cash Book ..	2,188,329.00		7,488,329.00
Add			
3. Payments in Bank Statement not yet recorded in Cash Book ..	3,500,000.00		
4. Receipts in Cash Book not yet recorded in Bank Statements	3,243,302.62		6,743,302.62
Bank Balance as per Cash Book .. ..			90,693,302.62

I Certify that I have verified the Bank Balance in the Cash Book with the Bank Statement and that the above Reconciliation is Correct.

Reconciled by Jeteris Maudin Signature [Signature] Date 04/06/2022

Approved by Zanana Zanaba Signature [Signature] Date 04/06/2022

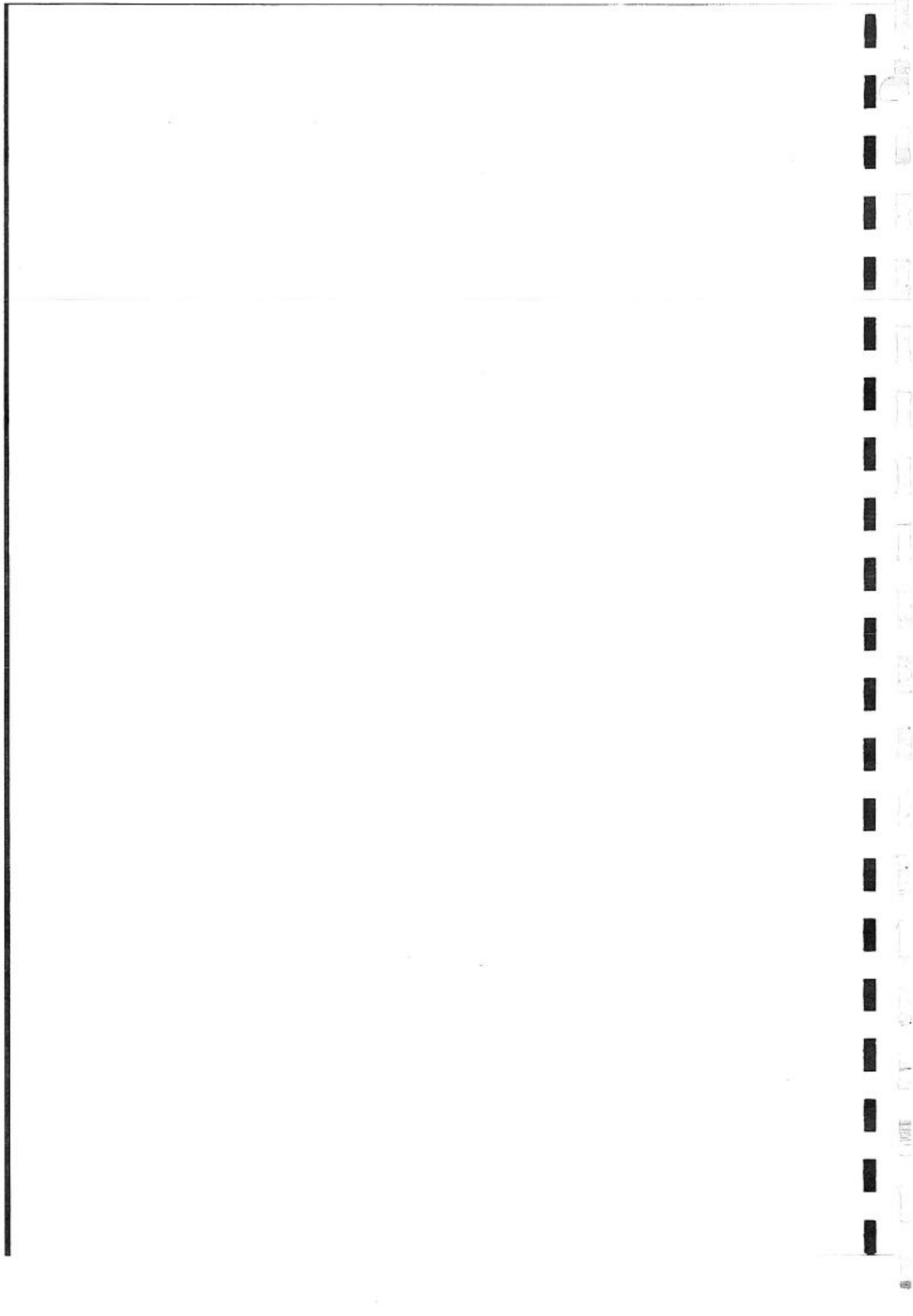




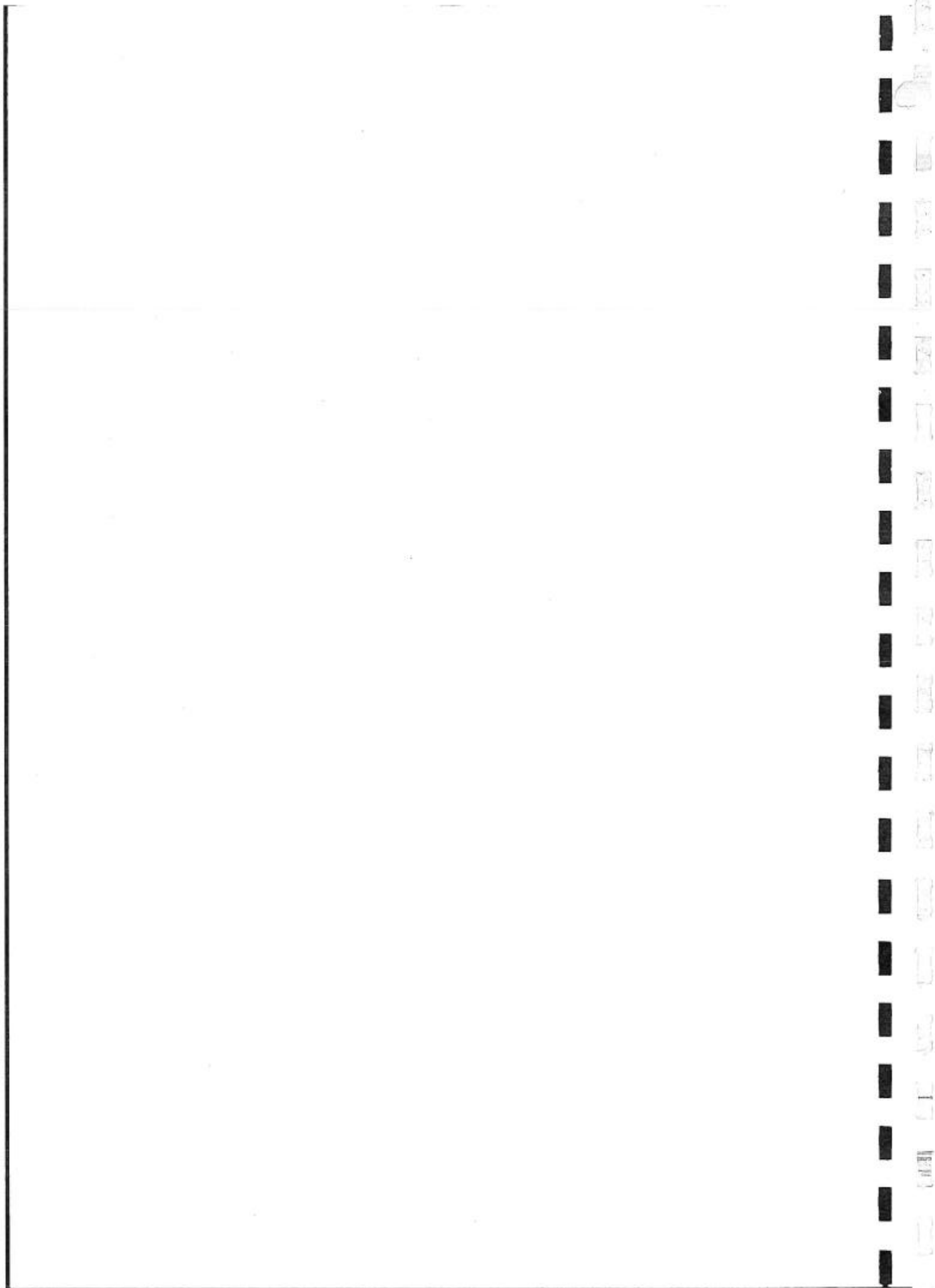
PAYMENTS IN CASHBOOK NOT IN BANK AS 30TH JUNE 2019			
DATE	CHQ.NO.	PAYEE	AMOUNT
20.03.2019		BRIAN AYODO	5,300,000.00
			5,300,000.00
RECEIPTS IN BANK NOT IN CASHBOOK			
DATE	CHQ.NO.	PAYEE	AMOUNT
10.04.2019		PRINCIPAL RECEIPT	2,188,329.00
			2,188,329.00
PAYMENTS IN BANK NOT IN CASH BOOK			
DATE	CHQ.NO.	PAYEE	AMOUNT
08.10.2018		ANN KAJUJU	3,500,000.00
			3,500,000.00
RECEIPTS IN CASHBOOK NOT IN BANK STATEMENT			
DATE	CHQ.NO.	PAYEE	AMOUNT
Apr-18		SUSAN NYAWIRA KURUGA	30,459.57
May-18		SUSAN NYAWIRA KURUGA	30,535.91
Jun-18		SUSAN NYAWIRA KURUGA	30,612.25
Jul-18		SUSAN NYAWIRA KURUGA	30,688.78
Aug-18		SUSAN NYAWIRA KURUGA	30,765.50
Sep-18		SUSAN NYAWIRA KURUGA	30,842.42
Oct-18		SUSAN NYAWIRA KURUGA	30,919.52
Nov-18		SUSAN NYAWIRA KURUGA	30,996.82
Dec-18		SUSAN NYAWIRA KURUGA	31,074.31
Jan-19		SUSAN NYAWIRA KURUGA	31,152.00
Feb-19		SUSAN NYAWIRA KURUGA	31,229.88
Mar-19		SUSAN NYAWIRA KURUGA	31,307.95
Apr-19		SUSAN NYAWIRA KURUGA	31,386.22
May-19		SUSAN NYAWIRA KURUGA	31,464.69
Jun-19		SUSAN NYAWIRA KURUGA	31,543.35
Feb-18		JACOB BARTONYI KIBET	11,117.81
Mar-18		JACOB BARTONYI KIBET	11,145.61
Apr-18		JACOB BARTONYI KIBET	11,173.47
May-18		JACOB BARTONYI KIBET	11,201.40
Jun-18		JACOB BARTONYI KIBET	11,229.41
Jul-18		JACOB BARTONYI KIBET	11,257.48
Aug-18		JACOB BARTONYI KIBET	11,285.63
Sep-18		JACOB BARTONYI KIBET	11,313.84
Oct-18		JACOB BARTONYI KIBET	11,342.12
Nov-18		JACOB BARTONYI KIBET	11,370.48
Dec-18		JACOB BARTONYI KIBET	11,398.91
Jan-19		JACOB BARTONYI KIBET	11,427.40
Feb-19		JACOB BARTONYI KIBET	11,455.97
Mar-19		JACOB BARTONYI KIBET	11,484.61
Apr-19		JACOB BARTONYI KIBET	11,513.32
May-19		JACOB BARTONYI KIBET	11,542.11
Jun-19		JACOB BARTONYI KIBET	11,570.96
Apr-18		LINDAH NYACHIO	19,798.84
May-18		LINDAH NYACHIO	19,848.34
Jun-18		LINDAH NYACHIO	19,897.96
Jul-18		LINDAH NYACHIO	19,947.71
Aug-18		LINDAH NYACHIO	19,997.58



Sep-18	LINDAH NYACHO	20,047.57
Oct-18	LINDAH NYACHO	20,097.69
Nov-18	LINDAH NYACHO	20,147.93
Dec-18	LINDAH NYACHO	20,198.30
Jan-19	LINDAH NYACHO	20,248.80
Feb-19	LINDAH NYACHO	20,299.42
Mar-19	LINDAH NYACHO	20,350.17
Apr-19	LINDAH NYACHO	20,401.04
May-19	LINDAH NYACHO	20,452.05
Jun-19	LINDAH NYACHO	20,503.18
Jul-18	PAUL MAINA NDEMO	49,785.73
Aug-18	PAUL MAINA NDEMO	49,910.19
Sep-18	PAUL MAINA NDEMO	50,034.97
Oct-18	PAUL MAINA NDEMO	50,160.05
Nov-18	PAUL MAINA NDEMO	50,285.45
Dec-18	PAUL MAINA NDEMO	50,411.17
Jan-19	PAUL MAINA NDEMO	50,537.19
Feb-19	PAUL MAINA NDEMO	50,663.54
Mar-19	PAUL MAINA NDEMO	50,790.20
Apr-19	PAUL MAINA NDEMO	50,917.17
May-19	PAUL MAINA NDEMO	51,044.46
Jun-19	PAUL MAINA NDEMO	51,172.08
Aug-18	MIRIAM NGARI	14,620.68
Sep-18	MIRIAM NGARI	14,657.24
Oct-18	MIRIAM NGARI	14,693.88
Nov-18	MIRIAM NGARI	14,730.61
Dec-18	MIRIAM NGARI	14,767.44
Jan-19	MIRIAM NGARI	14,804.36
Feb-19	MIRIAM NGARI	14,841.37
Mar-19	MIRIAM NGARI	14,878.47
Apr-19	MIRIAM NGARI	14,915.67
May-19	MIRIAM NGARI	14,952.96
Jun-19	MIRIAM NGARI	14,990.34
Aug-18	MARY ANN MWANGI	24,367.81
Sep-18	MARY ANN MWANGI	24,428.73
Oct-18	MARY ANN MWANGI	24,489.80
Nov-18	MARY ANN MWANGI	24,551.02
Dec-18	MARY ANN MWANGI	24,612.40
Jan-19	MARY ANN MWANGI	24,673.93
Feb-19	MARY ANN MWANGI	24,735.62
Mar-19	MARY ANN MWANGI	24,797.46
Apr-19	MARY ANN MWANGI	24,859.45
May-19	MARY ANN MWANGI	24,921.60
Jun-19	MARY ANN MWANGI	24,983.90
Jul-18	WILKESHER OJHENDA	15,229.88
Aug-18	WILKESHER OJHENDA	15,267.95
Sep-18	WILKESHER OJHENDA	15,306.12
Oct-18	WILKESHER OJHENDA	15,344.39
Nov-18	WILKESHER OJHENDA	15,382.75
Dec-18	WILKESHER OJHENDA	15,421.21
Jan-19	WILKESHER OJHENDA	15,459.76
Feb-19	WILKESHER OJHENDA	15,498.41
Mar-19	WILKESHER OJHENDA	15,537.16
Apr-19	WILKESHER OJHENDA	15,576.00
May-19	WILKESHER OJHENDA	15,614.94
Jun-19	WILKESHER OJHENDA	15,653.98
Jul-18	SHADRACK KIBI T RUTO	21,321.83
Aug-18	SHADRACK KIBI T RUTO	21,375.14



Sep-18	SILADRACK KIBET RUTO	21,428.57
Oct-18	SILADRACK KIBET RUTO	21,482.15
Nov-18	SILADRACK KIBET RUTO	21,535.85
Dec-18	SILADRACK KIBET RUTO	21,589.69
Jan-19	SILADRACK KIBET RUTO	21,643.66
Feb-19	SILADRACK KIBET RUTO	21,697.77
Mar-19	SILADRACK KIBET RUTO	21,752.02
Apr-19	SILADRACK KIBET RUTO	21,806.40
May-19	SILADRACK KIBET RUTO	21,860.91
Jun-19	SILADRACK KIBET RUTO	21,915.57
Aug-18	MIKALI HILLARY	10,660.92
Sep-18	MIKALI HILLARY	10,687.57
Oct-18	MIKALI HILLARY	10,714.29
Nov-18	MIKALI HILLARY	10,741.07
Dec-18	MIKALI HILLARY	10,767.93
Jan-19	MIKALI HILLARY	10,794.85
Feb-19	MIKALI HILLARY	10,821.83
Mar-19	MIKALI HILLARY	10,848.89
Apr-19	MIKALI HILLARY	10,876.01
May-19	MIKALI HILLARY	10,903.20
Jun-19	MIKALI HILLARY	10,930.46
Aug-18	EBBY MASWAI	30,459.76
Sep-18	EBBY MASWAI	30,535.91
Oct-18	EBBY MASWAI	30,612.25
Nov-18	EBBY MASWAI	30,688.78
Dec-18	EBBY MASWAI	30,765.50
Jan-19	EBBY MASWAI	30,842.42
Feb-19	EBBY MASWAI	30,919.52
Mar-19	EBBY MASWAI	30,996.82
Apr-19	EBBY MASWAI	31,074.31
May-19	EBBY MASWAI	31,152.00
Jun-19	EBBY MASWAI	31,229.88
Nov-18	ANN KAJUJU KARIMI	30,459.76
Dec-18	ANN KAJUJU KARIMI	30,535.91
Jan-19	ANN KAJUJU KARIMI	30,612.25
Feb-19	ANN KAJUJU KARIMI	30,688.78
Mar-19	ANN KAJUJU KARIMI	30,765.50
Apr-19	ANN KAJUJU KARIMI	30,842.42
May-19	ANN KAJUJU KARIMI	30,919.52
Jun-19	ANN KAJUJU KARIMI	30,996.82
Apr-19	BRIAN AYODO	31,495.26
May-19	BRIAN AYODO	31,574.00
Jun-19	BRIAN AYODO	31,652.93
		3,243,302.62
	BANK STATEMENT BALANCE	91,438,329.00
	CASHBOOK BANK BALANCE	90,693,302.62



ODPP STAFF MORTGAGE AND CARLOAN SCHEME					
TRIAL BALANCE AS AT 30TH JUNE 2019					
		CURRENT		PREVIOUS	
		2018-2019		2017-2018	
CODE	ITEM	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
		KSHS.	KSHS.	KSHS.	KSHS.
	Housing Mortgage Bank Balance	90,543,303		79,257,021	
	Car Loan Bank Balance	41,345,506		31,389,283	
	Current portion of Carloan Loan Receivables	7,894,724		4,167,405	
	Current Portion of Long Term Receivables-Housing Mortgage	3,624,199		1,803,440	
	Long Term Receivables-Housing Mortgage	80,832,499		41,439,539	
	Long Term Receivables-Car Loan	25,759,770		16,943,312	
	3% Interest Housing Mortgage scheme-Income		1,880,800		179,663
	3% Interest Carloan Scheme-Income		892,141		138,706
	Bank Service Charges	-			
	3% Interest Housing Mortgage scheme-Loan Administrative Expense	1,880,800		138,706	
	3% Interest Car loan Scheme-Loan Administrative Expenses	892,141		179,663	
	Staff Carloan fund		75,000,000		52,500,000
	Housing Mortgage fund		175,000,000		122,500,000
	Accumulated Reserves		-		
		252,772,942	252,772,942	175,318,369	175,318,369



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# 2018-2019 CAR LOAN CASHBOOK

RECEIPTS			PAYMENTS		
NAME	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT (KSHS)	NAME	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT (KSHS)
	BAL B/F	31,389,283			
		22,500,000			
Odpp car loan fund			Milicent Kagira	LOAN DISBURSEMENT	1,475,000
Muchina William	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	249,594	Silvester Githiga	LOAN DISBURSEMENT	1,500,000
Tafar Isaac	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	191,039	Nicholas Mutuku	LOAN DISBURSEMENT	4,000,000
Annette Wangari	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	161,978	James Mchira	LOAN DISBURSEMENT	1,500,000
Juliet Adhambho	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	209,619	Joyce Wangare	LOAN DISBURSEMENT	1,500,000
Edna Ntobo	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	285,843	Justus Ochieng	LOAN DISBURSEMENT	1,050,000
Alex Akula	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	285,843	Lucas Kipkosgei	LOAN DISBURSEMENT	1,250,000
Muruki Evans	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	303,381	Wesley Nyamache	LOAN DISBURSEMENT	1,500,000
Gatobu Mutembei	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	245,882	Asava Mudemba	LOAN DISBURSEMENT	1,150,000
Thyaka Sharon Ace	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	283,710	Mukoya Judith	LOAN DISBURSEMENT	2,950,000
Mugambi Anne Wangari	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	274,253	Shirley Kebut	LOAN DISBURSEMENT	920,000
Gichuhi Lillian Njeri	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	261,013			
James Opundo	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	301,117			
Wangechi Biden	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	225,838			
Mary Nyambura	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	135,503			
Dorcas Agik	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	752,792			
Milicent Kagira	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	207,412			
Silvester Githiga	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	210,928			
Nicholas Mutuku	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	562,474			
James Mchira	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	210,928			
Joyce Wangare	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	210,928			
Justus Ochieng	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	147,649			
Lucas Kipkosgei	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	116,743			
Wesley Nyamache	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	140,091			
Asava Mudemba	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	53,501			
Mukoya Judith	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	137,240			
Shirley Kebut	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	85,923			
		60,140,506			18,795,000
				BAL C/D	41,345,506
		60,140,506			60,140,506
	BAL BD	41,345,506			



Fund Administrator  
Name: Mr. Noordin M. Haji, CBS, OGW  
Date: 21/11/2022



Head of Accounts  
Name: Zuwenza Zamabu  
Date: 21/11/2022



Chairperson of the Fund  
Name: Mrs. Dorcas Oduor, EBS, OGW  
Date: 21/11/2022



# 2018-2019 MORTGAGE CASHBOOK

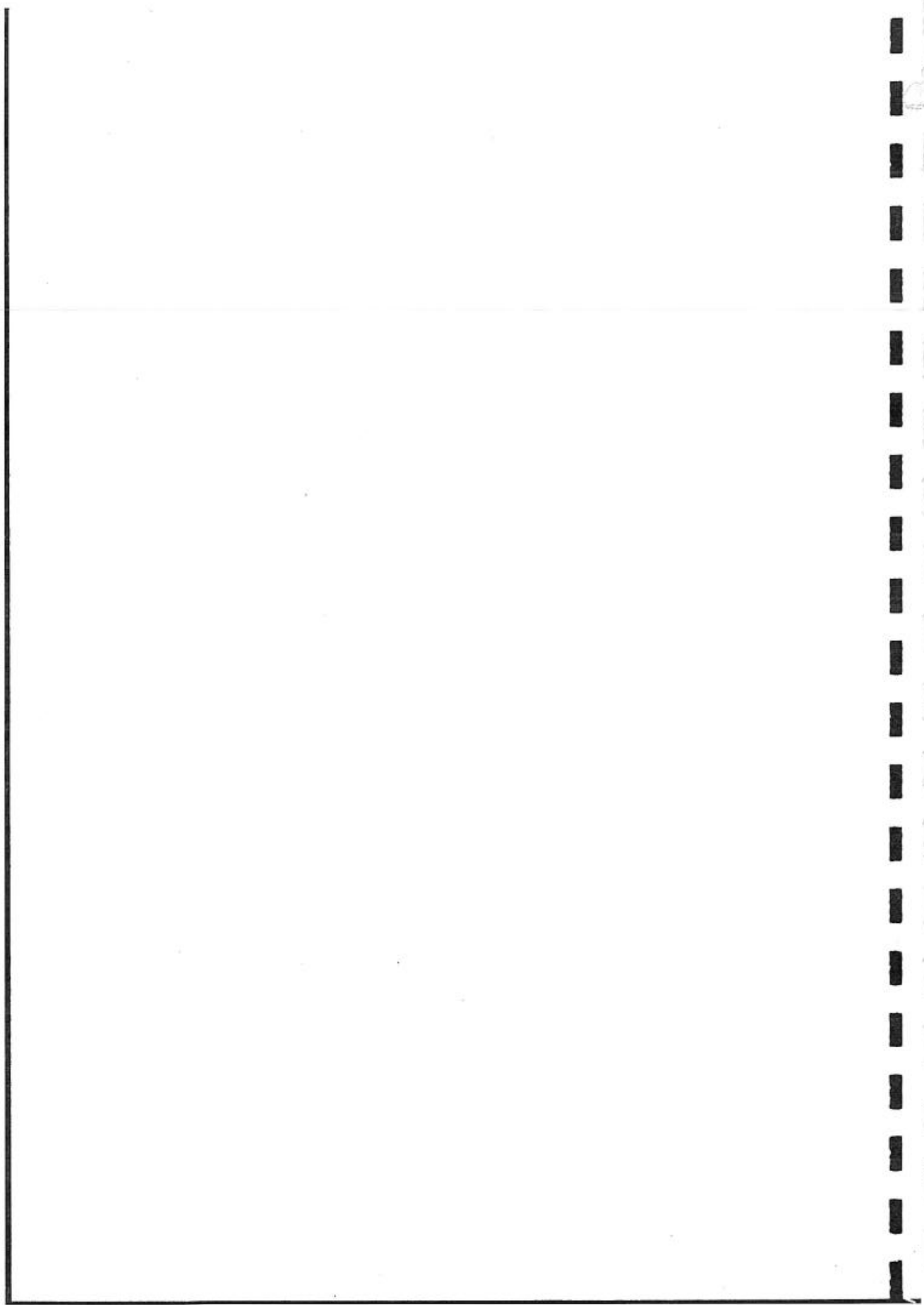
RECEIPTS			PAYMENTS		
NAME	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT (KSHS)	NAME	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT (KSHS)
	BALANCE	79,257,021	Miriam Ngari	LOAN DISBURSEMENT	4,800,000
Oldipo Mortgage loan fund		52,500,000	Maryanne Mwangi	LOAN DISBURSEMENT	8,000,000
Kiriga Susan	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	373,371	Makali Hillary	LOAN DISBURSEMENT	3,500,000
Jacobi Bartoney	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	136,963	Ebby Maswai	LOAN DISBURSEMENT	10,000,000
Linda Nyauncho	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	242,691	Ann Kapuja	LOAN DISBURSEMENT	6,500,000
Paul Ndemo	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	605,712	Brian Ayedo	LOAN DISBURSEMENT	11,300,000
Wolkoster Opemda	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	185,293			
Shadrack Rutto	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	259,410			
Miriam Ngari	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	162,853			
Maryanne Mwangi	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	271,422			
Makali Hillary	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	118,747			
Ebby Maswai	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	339,277			
Ann Kapuja	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	245,821			
Brian Ayedo	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	94,722			
		134,793,303			44,100,000
			BAL C/D		90,693,303
		134,793,303			134,793,303
BAL/BD		90,693,303			



Fund Administrator  
Name: Mr. Noordin M. Hap, CBS, OGW  
Date: 21/11/2022

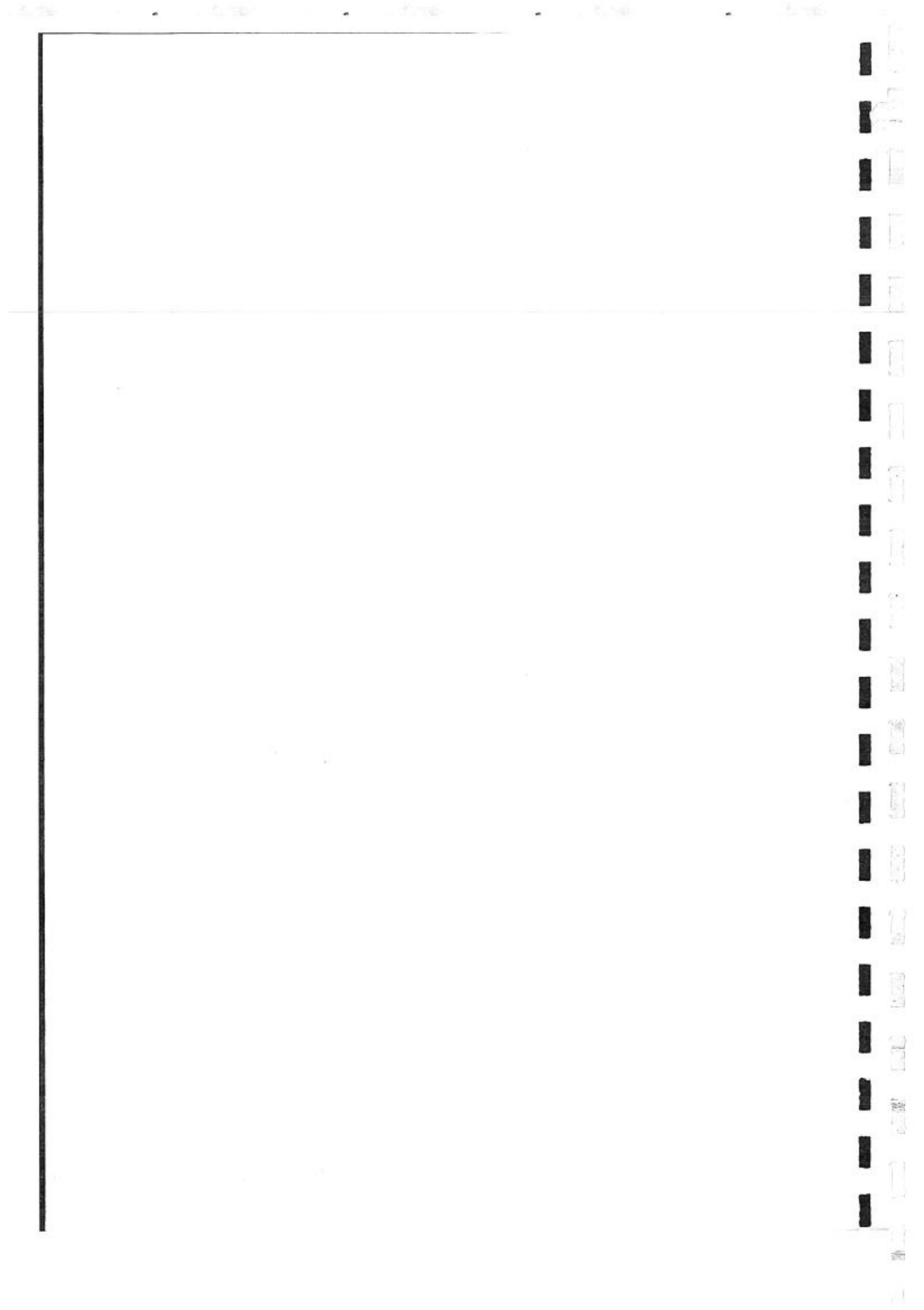
  
Head of Accounts  
Name: Zuweni Zamabu  
Date: 21/11/2022

  
Chairperson of the Fund  
Name: Mrs. Dorcas Oduor, EBS, OGW  
Date: 21/11/2022



## Consolidated CAR LOAN WORKINGS SCHEDULE FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

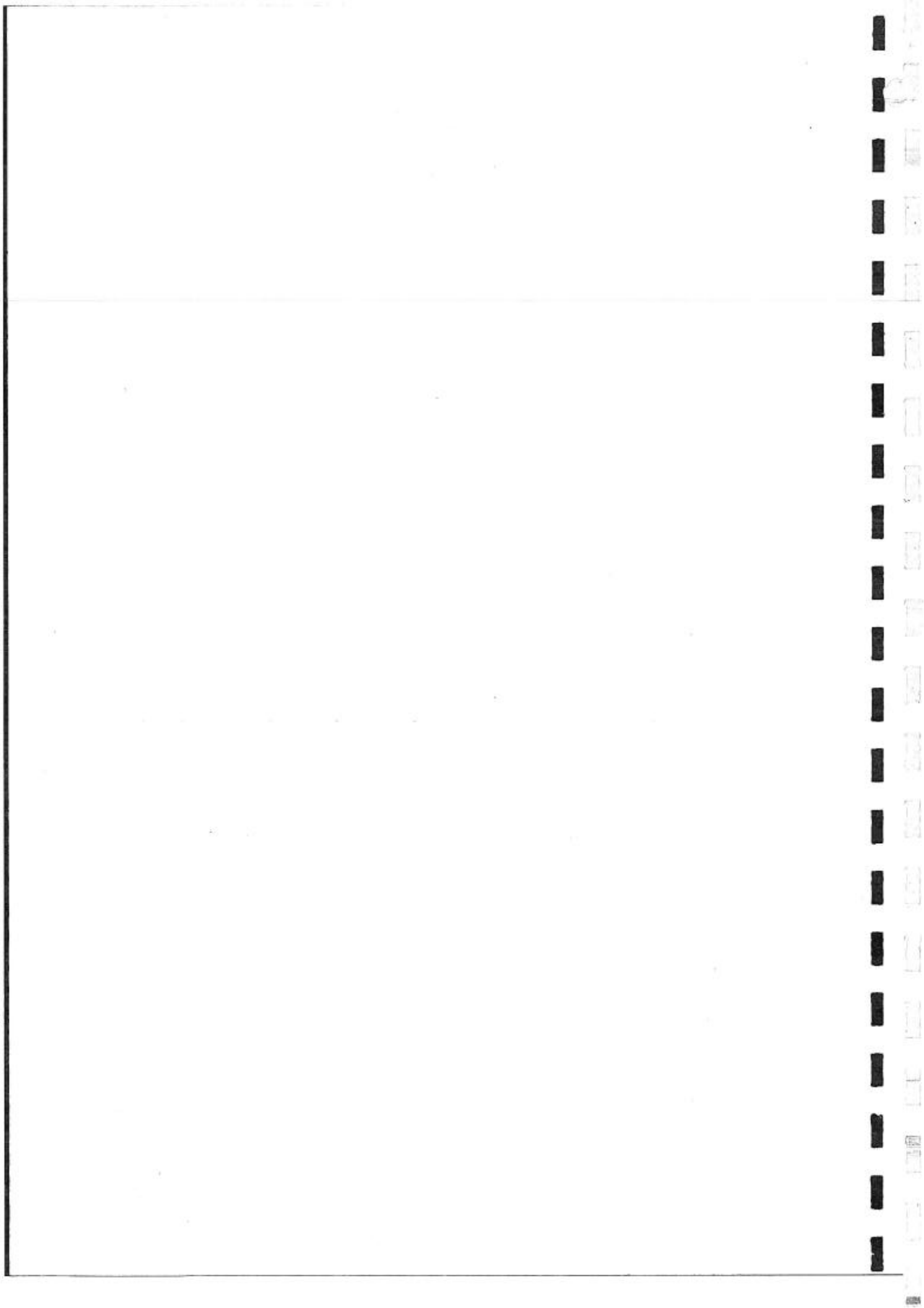
Name of Payee	Staff No.	DISBURSED 2018-2019	TOTAL LOAN DISBURSED	LOAN BALANCE 01.07.2018	PRINCIPAL PAID 30.06.2019	LOAN BALANCE 30.06.2019	SHORTTERM RECEIVABLES	LONGTERM RECEIVABLES	LOAN INTEREST
Muchina William	2007006764	1,300,000.00	1,300,000.00	1,137,710.91	249,593.59	888,117.32	257,185.22	610,932.10	30,717.98
Talati Isaac	20142414597	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	906,605.01	191,032.68	715,567.16	196,849.11	518,717.85	24,585.60
Annette Wangia	20142414644	850,000.00	850,000.00	783,928.53	161,977.84	621,950.59	166,904.65	455,045.94	21,302.71
Jules Adhiambo	20178401409	1,100,000.00	1,100,000.00	1,014,495.75	209,618.51	804,877.24	215,994.25	588,882.99	27,568.21
Edna Ntalo	20142414563	1,500,000.00	1,500,000.00	1,383,403.29	285,813.42	1,097,559.87	294,537.62	803,022.25	37,593.01
Alex Akula	20142414466	1,500,000.00	1,500,000.00	1,383,403.29	285,813.42	1,097,559.87	312,608.46	909,575.20	41,618.02
Muniki Evans	2009060285	1,600,000.00	1,600,000.00	1,525,564.31	303,330.85	1,222,183.66	253,360.97	760,487.92	34,429.34
Gatebu Mutembai	20178402057	1,300,000.00	1,300,000.00	1,259,731.13	245,882.23	1,013,848.90	292,339.59	877,486.07	39,726.17
Ithaka Sharon Ace	20160819666	1,500,000.00	1,500,000.00	1,453,535.92	283,710.27	1,169,825.65	282,594.93	848,236.53	38,401.96
Mugambi Anne Wangari	20142412626	1,450,000.00	1,450,000.00	1,405,084.72	274,253.26	1,130,831.48	268,952.42	807,287.19	36,548.07
Gichuhi Julian Njiru	2007107510	1,380,000.00	1,380,000.00	1,337,253.05	261,013.45	1,076,239.60	310,275.57	988,607.43	43,882.04
James Opundo	2007074872	1,600,000.00	1,600,000.00	1,600,000.00	403,117.00	1,296,883.00	232,706.63	741,455.32	32,011.53
Wangezi Biden	20142413729	1,200,000.00	1,200,000.00	1,200,000.00	225,098.00	974,162.00	139,624.01	444,872.99	19,746.92
Mary Nyambura	2007014826	720,000.00	720,000.00	720,000.00	135,549.00	584,497.00	775,688.94	2,471,519.06	109,705.11
Dorcas Achi	1991096575	4,000,000.00	4,000,000.00	4,000,000.00	452,797.00	3,247,203.00	4,294,160.25	12,649,151.09	576,329.69
<b>SUB Total</b>		<b>22,000,000.00</b>	<b>22,000,000.00</b>	<b>21,110,716.94</b>	<b>4,167,405.60</b>	<b>16,943,311.34</b>			
<b>2018-2019</b>									
Milcent Kapira	20142414220	1,475,000.00	1,475,000.00		207,412.00	1,267,588.00	283,901.00	983,687.00	31,122.01
Silverster Guthega	20142414270	1,500,000.00	1,500,000.00		210,928.00	1,289,072.00	288,713.00	1,000,359.00	31,649.50
Nicholas Mutuku	1999015400	4,000,000.00	4,000,000.00		562,474.00	3,437,526.00	769,900.00	2,667,626.00	84,398.66
James Michira	20178401545	1,500,000.00	1,500,000.00		210,928.00	1,289,072.00	288,713.00	1,000,359.00	31,649.50
Joyce Wangari	20142414571	1,500,000.00	1,500,000.00		210,928.00	1,289,072.00	202,099.00	700,252.00	22,154.65
Justus Otheng	20142412862	1,050,000.00	1,050,000.00		147,649.00	902,351.00	238,795.00	894,459.00	18,022.48
Lucas Kikongo	2009050405	1,250,000.00	1,250,000.00		116,743.00	1,133,257.00	286,558.00	1,078,351.00	21,626.98
Wesley Nyemache	20131142527	1,500,000.00	1,500,000.00		140,091.00	1,359,909.00	218,055.00	878,444.00	9,491.47
Asara Mudemba	2006046347	1,150,000.00	1,150,000.00		53,501.00	1,096,499.00	559,358.00	2,253,402.00	21,782.47
Mukoya Judith	20131143109	2,950,000.00	2,950,000.00		137,143.00	2,812,760.00	175,756.00	658,321.00	13,264.55
Shirley Kibut	20131142551	920,000.00	920,000.00		85,923.00	834,077.00	3,600,564.00	19,110,619.00	315,811.77
<b>sub Total</b>		<b>18,795,000.00</b>	<b>18,795,000.00</b>		<b>2,083,817.00</b>	<b>16,711,183.00</b>	<b>7,894,724.25</b>	<b>25,759,770.09</b>	<b>892,141.46</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>40,795,000.00</b>	<b>40,795,000.00</b>	<b>21,110,716.94</b>	<b>6,251,222.60</b>	<b>33,654,494.34</b>			





Consolidated Mortgage WORKINGS SCHEDULE FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Name of Payee	Staff No	PURPOSE	DISBURSED 2018-2019	TOTAL LOAN DISBURSED	LOAN BALANCE 01.07.2018	PRINCIPAL PAID 30.06.2019	LOAN BALANCE 30.06.2018	SHORTTERM RECEIVABLES	LONGTERM RECEIVABLES	LOAN INTEREST
01.04.2018	Kampha Serein	2009022649	PURCHASE	10,000,000	10,000,000	9,974,792	175,171	9,535,621	398,728	9,155,291	292,146
07.02.2018	Tarikh Bortoney	20142412229	PURCHASE	3,450,000	3,550,000	3,514,132	136,861	3,457,169	141,129	3,106,041	105,951
18.04.2018	Linda Nysancho	20106116101	PURCHASE	6,500,000	6,500,000	6,440,455	242,601	6,197,761	250,071	5,947,690	189,895
11.05.2018	Paul Ndere	2006001749	PURCHASE	11,100,000	11,200,000	11,100,000	605,717	10,594,286	624,136	10,070,152	189,717
22.05.2018	Winkster Gyenda	20110199156	PURCHASE	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	287,251	4,814,767	190,928	4,623,779	147,466
29.06.2018	Sharrack Rette	20142403070	PURCHASE	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	259,419	6,740,580	267,300	6,473,282	206,852
SUB TOTALS				43,450,000	43,450,000	43,142,979	1,801,440	41,439,539	1,858,191	39,581,248	1,272,626
<b>2018-2019</b>											
5.07.2018	Miriam Ngati	20100619780	CONSTRUCTION	4,400,000	4,800,000		162,851	2,437,167	182,834	4,454,111	129,875
1.07.2018	Maryanne Mwango	2011142666	CONSTRUCTION	8,000,000	8,000,000		271,422	7,726,578	304,724	7,423,855	216,624
16.08.2018	Makasi Miliary	20142412416	PURCHASE	3,500,000	3,500,000		118,747	3,381,253	133,917	3,247,336	94,773
27.07.2018	Edy Maswai	20121042664	PURCHASE	10,000,000	10,000,000		330,277	9,669,721	380,905	9,279,818	270,780
8.10.2018	Ann Kaputa	20142414490	PURCHASE	6,500,000	6,500,000		245,871	6,254,129	178,062	6,076,117	197,857
20.01.2019	Brian Ayudo	20090607001	PURCHASE	11,100,000	11,200,000		91,722	11,205,278	386,064	10,819,213	44,764
SUB TOTALS				44,100,000	44,100,000		1,332,842	42,867,158	1,765,995	41,103,253	954,773
TOTALS				87,550,000	87,550,000	43,142,979	3,035,282	84,306,697	3,624,189	80,682,499	2,227,399



# Consolidated Bank

HEAD OFFICE  
Consolidated Bank House  
Koromanga Street  
P.O. Box 51111 - 00100 Nairobi

Tel: +254-703-016-100  
Call Center: +254-703-016-016  
Email: [telus@consolidated-bank.com](mailto:telus@consolidated-bank.com)  
[www.consolidated-bank.com](http://www.consolidated-bank.com)

15<sup>th</sup> August, 2022

Your Ref: ODPP/4/13/2/2

The Deputy Director, Central Facilitation Services,  
Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions,  
P.O. Box 30701-00100,  
NAIROBI.

Dear Sir,

**REF: CERTIFICATE OF BANK BALANCE AS AT 30.06.2019**

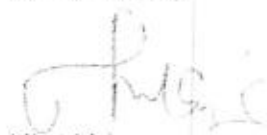
Reference is made to your letter dated 2<sup>nd</sup> August 2022.

The account details as at 30<sup>th</sup> June 2019 were as follows:

Account Name	Account No	Currency	Account Type	Balances as at 30.06.2019
Mortgage Fund Account	10011209000007	KES	Agency account	91,438,329.00
Asset Finance Fund Account	10011209000008	KES	Agency account	38,554,086.00

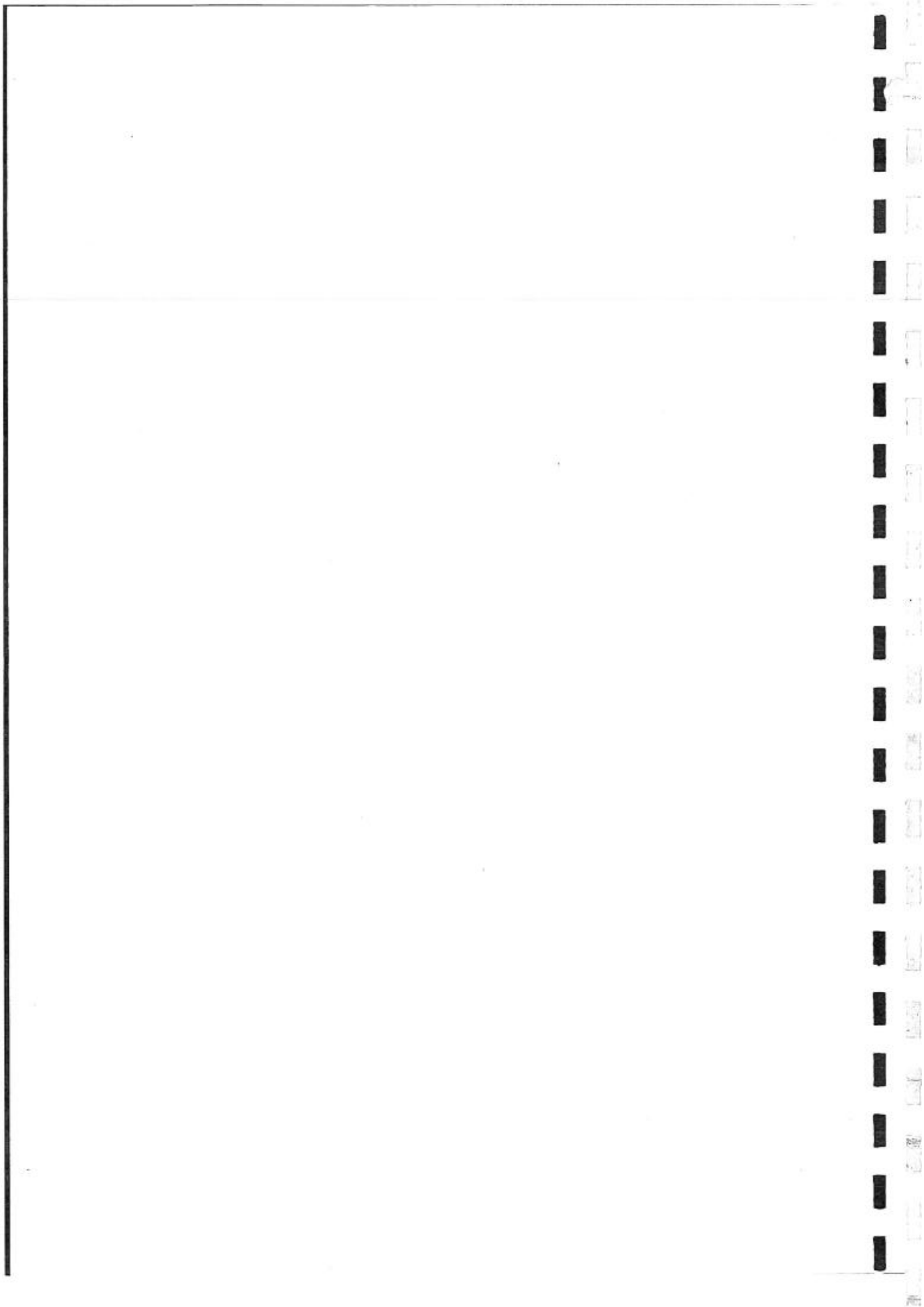
Find enclosed herewith the bank statements as per data provided above.

Yours Faithfully,



Njeri Maita

Ag. Head of Corporate Banking



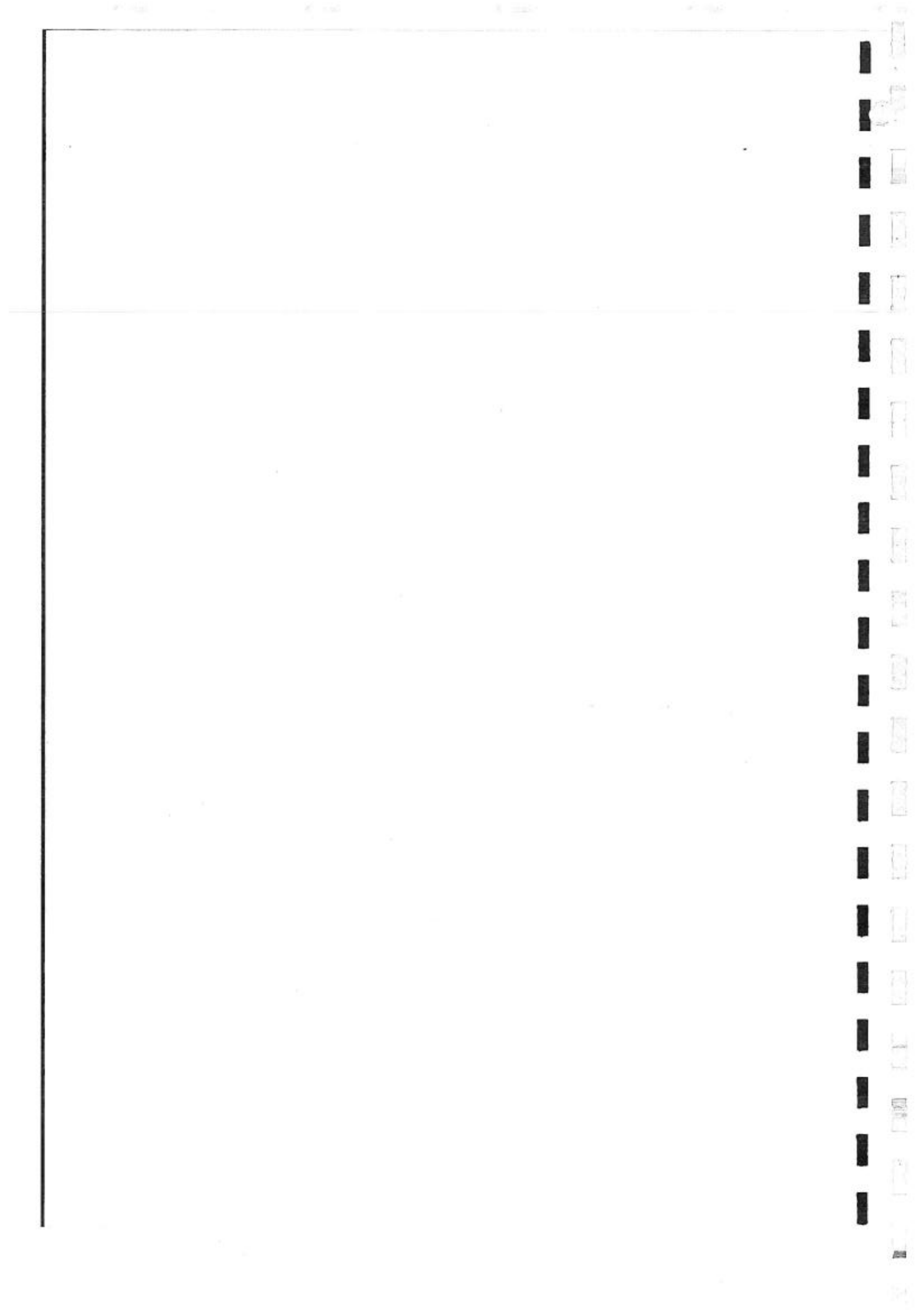
Print Date 15-Aug-2022  
 Print Time 13:18:50  
 User Id. 493

Head office

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC 30701-00100 NRB KENYA	Branch	Statement	Page
	Head office		1 of 2
	Account Number	Currency	
	10011209000007	KES	
	Type of Account	Period	
AGEN	01-Jul-2018	30-Jun-2019	

Date	Value Date	Tran Code	Transaction	Ref.No.	Debit	Credit	Balance
			Opening Balance				88,550,000.00 CR
03-Jul-2018	03-Jul-2018	td	DPP STAFF MORTGAGE LOAN IFO MARYANNE NJERI MWANGI 999824 NEG FEE AND RTGS MARYANNE NJERI MWANGI 999824	03072018/1000/1654/2	2,400,000.00		86,150,000.00 CR
05-Jul-2018	05-Jul-2018	td	1ST TRANCHE - MORTGAGE DISB MIRIAM WAWIRA NGARI MIRIAM WAWIRA NGARI	05072018/1000/1624/1	2,400,000.00		83,750,000.00 CR
27-Jul-2018	27-Jul-2018	td	MORTGAGE A/C 1001251 EBBY CHERUTO MASWAI EBBY CHERUTO MASWAI	27072018/1000/1767/1	10,000,000.00		73,750,000.00 CR
10-Aug-2018	10-Aug-2018	td	A/C MAKULI HILLARY ISIAHO	10082018/1000/1749/2	3,500,000.00		70,250,000.00 CR
08-Oct-2018	08-Oct-2018	td	LOAN-KIRIMI ANNE KAJUJU	08102018/1000/3512/1	10,000,000.00		60,250,000.00 CR
10-Jan-2019	10-Jan-2019	td	MARY ANNE MWANGI	10012019/1001/342/1	5,600,000.00		54,650,000.00 CR
10-Jan-2019	10-Jan-2019	td	SUSAN KURUGA	10012019/1001/345/1	3,000,000.00		51,650,000.00 CR
10-Jan-2019	10-Jan-2019	td	MIRIAM WAWIRA	10012019/1001/359/1	2,400,000.00		49,250,000.00 CR
10-Jan-2019	10-Jan-2019	td	WILKISTER OJIENDA	10012019/1001/362/1	2,500,000.00		46,750,000.00 CR
18-Jan-2019	18-Jan-2019	td	KURUGA SUSAN NYAWIRA-FINAL TRANCHE	18012019/1000/741/1	4,000,000.00		42,750,000.00 CR
18-Feb-2019	18-Feb-2019	tc	F119049K2053-B/O DPP DPP	18022019/1000/3227/2		52,500,000.00	95,250,000.00 CR
20-Mar-2019	20-Mar-2019	td	BRIAN PRATT OMONDI AYODO	20032019/1000/2112/1	6,000,000.00		89,250,000.00 CR
10-Apr-2019	10-Apr-2019	tc	Rev Int. (07092017 to 31032019) (07092017 to 31032019)	10042019/1000/1304/8		2,188,329.00	91,438,329.00 CR



Head office

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT

Print Date: 15-Aug-2022

Print Time: 11:18:50

User ID: 493

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC 30701-00100 NRB KENYA	Branch	Statement	Page
	Head office		2 of 2
	Account Number	Currency	
	10011209000007	KES	
Type of Account		Period	
AGEN		01-Jul-2018 - 30-Jun-2019	

Date	Value Date	Tran Code	Transaction	Ref.No.	Debit	Credit	Balance
			Balance B/F				91,438,329.00 CR
Total					51,800,000.00	54,668,329.00	
Total Number of Debit/Credit					11	2	
Closing Balance							91,438,329.00 CR
Uncleared Balance							0.00

Unless the constituent notifies the Bank immediately of any discrepancy found by him in the statement of account, it will be taken that he has found the account correct. -





Head office

## STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT

Print Date 15-Aug-2022

Print Time 13:27:04

User Id. 493

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC 30701-00100 NRB KENYA	Branch	Statement	Page
	Head office		1 of 2
	Account Number	Currency	
	1001120900009	KES	
	Type of Account	Period	
	AGEN	01-Jul-2018 - 30-Jun-2019	

Date	Value Date	Tran Code	Transaction	Ref.No.	Debit	Credit	Balance
			Opening Balance				30,500,000.00 CR
14-Sep-2018	14-Sep-2018	td	SILVESTER GITHAIGA THUO-CAR LOAN	14092018/1000/921/1	1,500,000.00		29,000,000.00 CR
02-Oct-2018	02-Oct-2018	td	NICHOLAS KILATYA MUTUKU	02102018/1000/1723/1	4,000,000.00		25,000,000.00 CR
05-Oct-2018	05-Oct-2018	td	LOAN OCHENGO JUSTUS	05102018/1000/537/1	1,050,000.00		23,950,000.00 CR
09-Oct-2018	09-Oct-2018	td	LOAN JAMES NGUNJU MACHIRAH	09102018/1000/1139/1	1,500,000.00		22,450,000.00 CR
11-Oct-2018	11-Oct-2018	td	JOYCE WANGARE SERLING.	11102018/1000/2922/2	1,500,000.00		20,950,000.00 CR
14-Nov-2018	14-Nov-2018	td	LOAN LUCAS KIPKOGEL	14112018/1000/1308/1	1,250,000.00		19,700,000.00 CR
20-Nov-2018	20-Nov-2018	td	CHEPKONGA SHIRLEY KEBUT CAR LOAN CAR LOAN	20112018/1000/1958/1	920,000.00		18,780,000.00 CR
21-Nov-2018	21-Nov-2018	td	Loan - Nyamache Wesley Mburia	21112018/1000/1275/1	1,500,000.00		17,280,000.00 CR
03-Jan-2019	03-Jan-2019	tc	FT19053C72MS B/O DIRECTORATE OF PUBLIC PROSECUT IFO CONSOLIDATED BANK OF KENYA B/O DIRECTORATE OF PUBLIC	03012019/1000/1749/1		7,500,000.00	24,780,000.00 CR
10-Jan-2019	10-Jan-2019	td	MILLICENT KIGIRA	10012019/1001/340/1	1,475,000.00		23,305,000.00 CR
11-Feb-2019	11-Feb-2019	tc	FT19042Z0MX-B/O DIRECTORATE OF PUBLIC PROS. OF PUBLIC PROS	11022019/1000/2399/2		15,000,000.00	38,305,000.00 CR
21-Mar-2019	21-Mar-2019	td	MUKOYA JUDITH BETTY AYUMA AYUMA	21032019/1000/2150/2	2,950,000.00		35,355,000.00 CR
10-Apr-2019	10-Apr-2019	tc	Rev Mt. (07092017 to 31032019) (07092017 to 31032019)	10042019/1000/1394/6		4,349,086.00	39,704,086.00 CR
15-May-2019	15-May-2019	td	MARY MUEMBA ASAVA	15052019/1001/339/1	1,150,000.00		38,554,086.00 CR

