



Enhancing Accountability



THE AUDITOR-GENERAL

ON

CHEPSIREI TECHNICAL VOCATIONAL COLLEGE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2021





CHEPSIREI TECHNICAL & VOCATIONAL COLLEGE

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CHEPSIREI TECHNICAL AND VOCATIONAL COLLEGE

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2021

OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL NORTH RIFT REGIONAL OFFICE

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PO 80x 2774 30100, ELDORET

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KEY CHEPSIREI TECHNICAL AND VOCATIONAL COLLEGE INFORMATION AND MANAGEMENT

(a) Background information

Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College was established as a Youth Poly early 1970s. In the year 2015 the institution was revived and proposed to be upgraded to a Technical Training Institution (TTI). The establishment of Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College was presided over by The Principal Secretary, State Department of Vocational and Technical Training in March 2015. The institution was later commissioned on 19 October 2019. The institution was registered by the Technical Vocational Education and Training Authority (TVETA) in July 2021 to operate as TechnicalandVocational College in accordance with TVET ACT, No 29 of 2013.

(b) Principal Activities

Vision

To be a global power house in innovations, research, technical and vocational training.

Mission

To impart quality technical, vocational and innovative skills relevant for individual and national development that meets the demands of the global market.

Mandate

- To offer technical training
- To provide and promote lifelong learning

Core Values

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College is an integral part of the society and endeavours to exhibit high social and professional standards. Core Values are the fundamental ideals at the heart of the institution and lays the foundation on which it operates. Guided by our vision and mission, we shall uphold the following values at all times:

- Integrity
- Accountability
- Professionalism
- Diversity
- Team work
- Customer focus

The following are the strategic objectives;

- 1. To offer innovative and relevant academic programmes that meet the dynamic market needs.
- 2. To provide and maintain adequate infrastructure to support the core functions of the institution.
- 3. To develop capacity of staff through training to enhance service delivery
- To create an enabling environment and policy framework that promote research and development.
- To establish collaboration and linkages with relevant institutions for promotion of quality training.

- To upgrade facilities so as to correspond to standards of training required and expansion in enrolment.
- 7. To ensure digitalization of modern Information Communication Technology.

(c) Key Management

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's day-to-day management is under the following key organs:

- Board of council members
- Accounting officer/ Principal
- Management

(d) Fiduciary Management

The key management personnel who held office during the financial year ended 30th June 2021 and who had direct fiduciary responsibility were:

No.	Designation	Name	
1.	Principal	Jacob Kotut	
2.	Deputy Principal	Richard Kiprob	
3.	Head Of Finance	Hillary Salkong	7
4.	Head Of Procurement	Richard Kwambai	
5,	Registrar	Alice Jepchumba	
6.	Dean Of Students	DanielSirengo	

(e) Fiduciary Oversight Arrangements

Here, provide a high-level description of the key fiduciary oversight arrangements covering (say):

Audit committee activities

The duties and responsibilities of the audit committee include;

- Discussing risk management policies and practices
- Monitoring choice of accounting policies and principles
- Overseeing hiring, performance and independence of external auditor
- Overseeing the performance of internal audit function
- Development partner oversight activities
- Other oversight activities

(f) Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College Headquarters

P.O. Box 766-30100 ELDORET, KENYA

(g) Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College Contacts

Telephone: (254) 797868600 E-mail: chepsireitvc@gmail.com Website: www.chepsireitvc.ac.ke

(h) Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College Bankers

Kenya Commercial Bank

MTRH Branch

P.O Box 560-30100 Eldoret, Kenya

(i) Independent Auditors

Auditor General Office of Auditor General Anniversary Towers, Institute Way P.O. Box 30084 GPO 00100 Nairobi, Kenya

(j) Principal Legal Adviser

The Attorney General State Law Office Harambee Avenue P.O. Box 40112 City Square 00200 Nairobi, Kenya

1. THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS

Mr. Jacob Kotut

Director's photo-size photo and name Description of each Director's Date of birth, key and key profession/academic qualifications and work experience qualification Mr Sam Kiprotich Kalya was born in the year 1961. He holds MBA Degree and B. Com Degree from University of Nairobi. He has CPA K. He works as a branch Manager of the former Kenya Reinsurance. He was the county transition coordinator Elgeyo Marekwet County. He is currently a part time Lecture Koitalel Samoei University. He is the Chairperson, Infrastructure, Finance, Human Resource and Technical Training. Mr Sam Kalya Abraham Barsosio was born in March 1989. He has a Master's Science degree in Natural Resource Management from Egerton University and a Bachelor's of Science degree in Ecotourism and Hospitality Management form Egerton University. He is currently the County Executive Committee member of Elgeyo Marakwet County in charge of Water, Land, environment and Natural Resources. He is the Mr. Abraham Barsosio representative of the governor. Mr. Jacob Kotut was born in 21/11/1972, he has a Master's Degree in Public Health (Nutrition). B.Ed. Home science and technology from Moi University, He has served as deputy registrar and head of Hospitality and nutrition in Eldoret National Polytechnic. He was the registrar and Deputy Principal at Koshin TTI. He is the Principal and Secretary to the Board of

Governors.

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Dr. KiyengChumo

Mr. Chumo was born in 1972 he has a PhD in Business Economics from Vrije University of Brussels (Belgium). He has also MBA from the university of Nairobi and Bachelor of Science(statistics) and computer from Moi University. He is currently the Project manager Digital Literacy

He is currently the Project manager Digital Literacy program (DLP) Kenya. He is also ICT planning and development officer, Moi University. He is the Chairman of Risk and Audit Committee



Mr. Stephen Wafula

Mr Stephen Wafula was born in the year 1977.He holds a MSc degree in Biostatistics and BSc Mathematics (statistics).He is a senior Data Analytic Advisor, Palladium

He is a member of Finance, Infrastructure, Human resource, Education and Technical Training



Dr. Hosea Kiplagat

Dr. Hosea Kiplagat was born 16th January 1978
He has PhD in Educational Technology in university
of Eldoret. MPhil. Technology Education and
(Technology Education) Both from Moi University.
He currently the head of Department, Technology
Education

He is a member of Audit and Risk Committee

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Rose Janet Ayugi was born in January 1966. She has a master Degree in law and Bachelor's Degree in Law. She is a senior lecturer and Chair of public law department at Moi University. Sheworked as an international consultant in southern Sudan She is a member of Audit Committee.

Ms Rose Janet Ayubi



Eng Janet Jeruto was born in the year 1978. She holds MBA Degree and BSC(Electrical and Electronic Engineerin) from University of Nairobi. She is currently the manager ,Subcriber Data Management (SDM), Safaricom Limited. She is a member of Finance ,infrastructure, Human Resource, Education and Technical Training.

Eng. Janeth Jeruto



Mr. GichuruMutulili was born on 3rd September 1966. He has MBA Degree and B.Ed..He is Currently the TVET Countly Director Elgeyo Marekwet County, Uasin Gishu and Nandi Counties

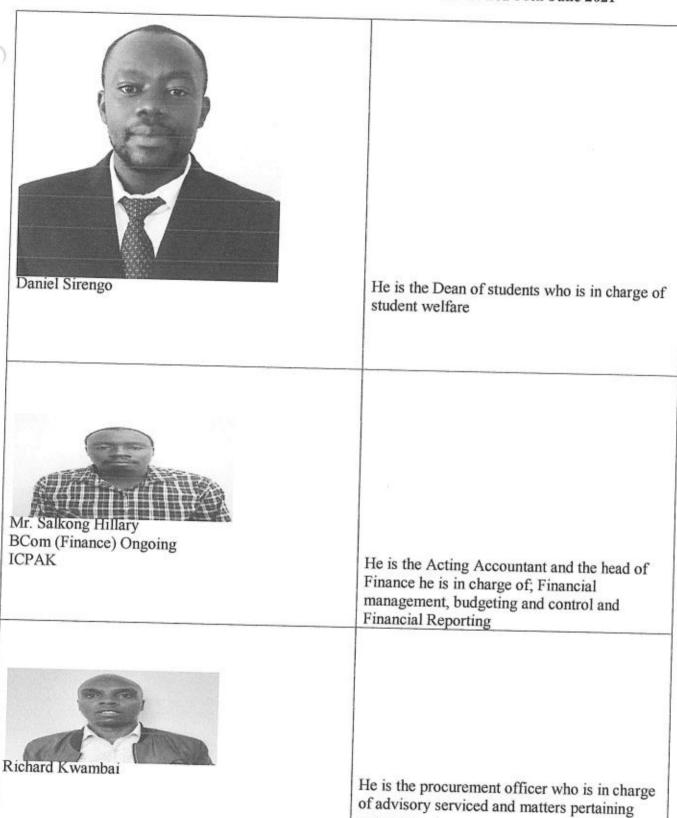
Mr. Gichuru Mutulili

EA.

2.MANAGEMENT TEAM

Responsibility
He is the Principal and the Secretary to the Board of Governors
He is the Deputy Principal. He is in charge of Administration and Academic affairs
She is the registrar in charge of student admissions and marketing

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procurement

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2. CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

The institution strategic plan 2021-2026 is written and bears in mind the reforms that the MOE has undertaken resulting in the enactment of various laws and policies. Thus, it has become necessary for Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College to come up with a strategic plan to guide its alignment to these new laws and policies. In addition, the ongoing restructuring in government requires programmes to align with the country's development blueprint and national priorities in Kenya's Vision 2030, the Second Medium Term Plan (MTP II) and the 'Big Four Agenda', which will guide the development agenda of the country in the period 2019-2022.

The institution strategic plan 2021-2026 highlights the following key areas: -

- i. Infrastructure
- ii. Curriculum and student enrolment
- iii. Governance and
- iv. leadership
- v. Information communication Technology
- vi. Financial Capacity
- vii. Human Resource Management

The institution focuses on the current reforms that places special demands on TVET as the leading engine that the economy must essentially rely upon, to produce skilled and adequate middle level professionals needed to attain the Vision 2030. The remaining period of implementation will endeavour to achieve this by networking with funders from various levels of government and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs).

Chairman of Board of Governors

Date 25-57, 2-20

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3. REPORT OF THE PRINCIPAL

As mentioned by the chairperson of the board of governors the main strategic issues considered at Chepsirei Technical Training and Vocational College were Infrastructure, Curriculum and student enrolment, Governance and leadership, Information Communication Technology, Financial Capacity, Research and Innovation and Human Resource Management.

During the year under consideration the following activities are to be undertaken:

- Physical Infrastructure- Construction of the new workshops to accommodate additional equipment and training.
- Curriculum implementation Marketing of the institution courses for increased enrolment.
- Governance and leadership Workshop Training for Board of Governors conducted to enhance the management skills of the members of the board
- ICT infrastructure- To build ICT capacity in curriculum development, service delivery and institutional management and to purchase more modernized computers and accessories.
- 5. Financial Capacity Mobilisation of resources and policy implementation.
- Research and Innovation Encourage culture of creativity and innovation to both trainers and trainees and to participate in TVET fairs with the country and outside the country.
- Human Resource Management Recruitment of qualified and competent trainers and non-trainers.

Principal/BOG Secretary

Date 25 7/2022

4. STATEMENT OF PERFORMANCE AGAINST PREDERMINED OBJECTIVES

Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College has 7 strategic pillars and objectives within its Strategic Plan for 2021-2026. These strategic pillars are as follows:

Pillar 1: Physical Infrastructure

Pillar 2: Curriculum implementation

Pillar 3: Governance and leadership

Pillar 4: ICT infrastructure

Pillar 5: Financial Capacity

Pillar 6: Research and Innovation

Pillar 7: Human Resource Management

Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College develops its annual work plans based on the above 7 pillars. Assessment of the Board's performance against its annual work plan is done on a quarterly basis. The institution set to achieve its performance targets set for the FY 2020/2021period for its 7 strategic pillars, as indicated in the diagram below:

Strategic Pillar	Objective	Key Performance Indicators	Activities	Achievements	
Pillar1: Infrastructure	To upgrade facilities so as to correspond to standards of training required and expansion in enrolment	Availability of workshops	Increase student enrolment	We constructed six temporary classroom	
Pillar 2: Curriculum and student enrolment	-To provide quality and relevant technical training -To raise and maintain academic standard standards in all courses	- To increase enrolment	- Enhance marketing - Introduce more courses	Increase in students Enrolment	
Pillar 3: Governance and leadership -To develop a management structure that serves the institution -To establish		-Policies implemented -Programmes implemented and reforms implemented -A well working student organization -Monitoring and evaluation mechanism	-Policies and regulation implemented -Programmes implemented and relevant service reforms implemented -Implementation of the institutional policy framework	We have enhanced good corporate governance	

	period			*
Information communication Technology	-To build ICT capacity in curriculum delivery, service delivery and institutional managementTo acquire, install, commission-n and	-Use of ICT in instruction -Interconnectivity of departments through viable means of communication	-Develop an ICT framework -Interaction of ICT in teaching and learning -Develop and maintain fully functional networked and wireless internet facilities	The institution hasacquired more computers and installation of reliable Wire fire network
	maintainmachines and equipment -To build ICT capacity in curriculum delivery.		lacinies	
Pillar5: Financial Capacity	-Improve financial sustainability through effective and efficient financial and procurement systems	-Implemented financial policies in daily operations -Developed proposals	-Reduce fees defaults -Cost reductions and savings -Develop funding to the GOK -Develop funding to donors and income	The institution has come up with sound Financial Management policies, Strong Internal Control
Pillar6: Research and Innovation	-To enhance research and development in the institution	-Research and development infrastructure	generating activitiesResearch and development infrastructure	The institution has participated in trade fairs
Pillar 7: Human Resource Management	-To formulate policies and practices that Promotes effective and efficient performance	 High morale and productivity of staff Enhanced HR management Smooth organization management Proper staff placement and training needs identification Identification of staff job related needs. To ensure continuous smooth flow of work. 	 High morale and productivity of staff Enhanced HR management Smooth organization management 	The institution enacted HR Policies in the strategic plan

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5. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College is a Technical and Vocational Colleges which is mandated to offer programs up to Diploma level (Artisan, certificate and diploma) accordance with the TVETA act of 2013. The institution is governed by the Board of governors which comprises of the chairperson representative of the principal secretary state department of vocational and technical training, the principal and other appointed members.

Functions of the board of governor include:

- Encouraging, nurturing and promoting democratic culture, dialogue and tolerance in the institute
- Making regulations governing the institute, conduct and discipline of staff and students

- Overseeing the conduct of education and Training in the institute

- Promoting and maintaining quality standards and relevance in education and Training

Administering and managing the institutes property

- Preparing annual estimates of revenue and expenditure as well as incurring expenditure

- Regulating admissions subject to the Act

- Approving collaborations or associations with other institutions and industries

Recruiting trainers from among qualified professionals

 Determine suitable terms and conditions of service for support staff and trainers and remunerating them in consultation with the Authority.

Providing for the welfare on staff and students.

6. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SECTION A

Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College operational and financial performance. The institution received Government grants of Kshs 7,425,000, being Capitation grants of Kshs.5,925,000 and Recurrent grants of Kshs. 1,500,000 and rendering of services (A.I.A) of Kshs 9,426,000 and incurred an expenditure of Kshs 10,991,813.

SECTION B

Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College compliance with statutory requirements. Chepsirei Technical and Vocational Collegehascomplied with all statutory requirements which include prompt remittance of NSSF, NHIF, PAYE, HELB and withholding Taxes.

SECTION C

Key projects Chepsirei Training Institute is implementing
Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College does not have any project that is on-going.

SECTION D

Major risks facing Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College

Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College desires to enhance good and competitiveness in the global market. However, to succeed in competitive world the Institution requires a lot of support from the Government and other stakeholders in terms of funding and other development projects because the institution has inadequate; classrooms, student hostels, equipped library, computers, insufficient funds and means of transport-utility vehicles. The other challenges the institution is facing include untimely disbursement of student Capitation.

SECTION E

Material arrears in statutory/financial obligations

Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College is a law-abiding Institution and is committed to its core mandate hence it has no Statutory or tax default to date

SECTION F

The entity's financial probity and serious governance issues

The Institute has no governance issues among the Board of Governors members or the top management in so far as conflict of interest is concerned.

7. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT/SUSTAINABILITY REPORTING

Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College exists to transform lives. This is our purpose; the driving force behind everything we do. It's what guides us to deliver our strategy, which is founded on 7 pillars:

- 1. Physical Infrastructure
- 2. Curriculum implementation
- 3. Governance and leadership
- 4. ICT infrastructure
- 5. Financial Capacity
- 6. Research and Innovation
- 7. Human Resource Management

8. REPORT OF THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS

The Board members submit their financial statements and reports for the year ended June 30th, 2021 which show the state of Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College affairs.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the entity are:

- To offer technical training
- To provide and promote life-long learning

BOARD OF GOVERNORS

The members of the Board who served during the year are shown on the page vi-viii.

Auditors

The Auditor General is responsible for the statutory audit of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College in accordance with Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenyaand the Public Audit Act 2015. In accordance to section 23 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 which empowers the Auditor General to appoint an auditor to audit on his behalf.

By Order of the Board

MR. Patrick Tororei Principal/BOG Secretary

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9. STATEMENT OF BOARD OF GOVERNORS MEMBERS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Section 81 of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and (section 14 of the State Corporations Act, and section 29 of schedule 2 of the Technical and Vocational Education and Training Act, 2013 -(entities should quote the applicable legislation under which they are regulated)) require the council members to prepare financial statements in respect of that Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College at the end of the financial year/period and the operating results of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College for that year/period. The council members are also required to ensure that the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College keeps proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College. The council members are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College.

The council members are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College for and as at the end of the financial year (period) ended on June 30,2021 This responsibility includes:

maintaining adequate financial management arrangements and ensuring that these continue (i) to be effective throughout the reporting period

maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any (ii) time the financial position of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College

designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and (iii) fair presentation of the financial statements, and ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud

safeguarding the assets of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College (iv)

selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies (v)

(vi) Making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The council members accept responsibility for the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, in conformity with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS), and in the manner required by the PFM Act, 2012 and (the State Corporations Act, and the TVET Act) - entities should quote applicable legislation as indicated under). The council members are of the opinion that the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's transactions during the financial year ended June 30th, 2021 and of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's financial position as at that date. The BOG members further confirm the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

Nothing has come to the attention of the council members to indicate that the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

Approval of the financial statements

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's financial statements were approved by the Board on

and signed on its behalf by:

Chairperson of the Board

accounting officer/Principa

REPUBLIC OF KENYA

Telephone: +254-(20) 3214000 E-mail: info@oagkenya.go.ke Website: www.oagkenya.go.ke



HEADQUARTERS
Anniversary Towers
Monrovia Street
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NAIROBI

Enhancing Accountability

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON CHEPSIREI TECHNICAL VOCATIONAL COLLEGE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2021

PREAMBLE

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on the Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements.
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazette notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure Government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for intended purpose.
- C. Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, the risk management environment, and the internal controls developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An unmodified opinion does not necessarily mean that an entity has complied with all relevant laws and regulations, and that its internal controls, risk management and governance systems are properly designed and were working effectively in the financial year under review.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report, when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Adverse Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Chepsirei Technical Vocational College set out on pages 1 to 40, which comprise of the statement of financial position as

at 30 June, 2021, and the statement of financial performance, statement of changes in net assets, statement of cash flows and statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, because of the significance of the matters discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section of my report, the financial statements do not present fairly, the financial position of the Chepsirei Technical Vocational College as at 30 June, 2021, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual Basis) and do not comply with the Technical and Vocational Education and Training Act, 2013 and the Public Finance Management Act, 2012.

Basis for Adverse opinion

1.0 Presentation, Accuracy and Disclosure in the Annual Reports and Financial Statements

Review of the statement of financial position comparatives balance for net assets Kshs.7,500,766, capital fund Kshs.213,700 and total net assets and liabilities of Kshs.15,326,965 against the balances reported in the year 2019/2020 of Kshs.7,518,898, Kshs Nil and Kshs.7,610,481 respectively, revealed an unexplained variance totalling Kshs.7,948,317. Further, the statement of financial position reflects net assets balance of Kshs.2,020,764 while the total net asset and liabilities shows an amount of Kshs.8,222,272 resulting to an unexplained variance of Kshs.6,201,508.

In addition, the statement of cashflows reflects depreciation and amortization expenses of Kshs.49,110 which is a non-cash item and the net cash flows from operating activities is a debit balance of Kshs.960,040. Re-Computation of net cash flows is Kshs.5,987,808 resulting to an unexplained variance of Kshs.6,947,848.

In the circumstances, the financial statements are not prepared in accordance with the Accrual Basis of Accounting Method under the International Public Sector Accounting Standards.

2.0 Variances between Financial Statement Amounts and Supporting Schedules

Review of the statement of financial position reflects current portion of receivables from exchange transactions balance of Kshs.1,903,780 against the supporting schedule amount of Kshs.1,500,000 resulting to an unexplained variance of Kshs.403,780. Further, the statement of financial performance reflects repairs and maintenance amount of Kshs.2,124,880. The supporting schedule had an amount of Kshs.2,230,250. The resultant variance has not been explained and supported.

In the circumstances, the accuracy and completeness of the financial statements could not be confirmed.

3.0 Lack of Ownership Documents and Valuation of Property, Plant and Equipment

The statement of financial position reflects property, plant and equipment balance of Kshs.115,480 as disclosed in Note 25 to the financial statements. However, as previously reported, the College received donations of land, buildings and equipment from the defunct Chepserei Polytechnic, Community and the Ministry of Education and refrigeration and air conditioning technology equipment which have not been included as property, plant and equipment in the year under review.

Further, refrigeration and air conditioning technology equipment received on 14 May, 2019 is lying idle, have not been connected and put to use due to lack of electric switch gear connectivity. The equipment has not been utilized and risk becoming obsolete.

In the circumstances, the accuracy and completeness of the property plant and equipment balance of Kshs.115,480 could not be confirmed.

4.0 Lack of a Fixed Assets Register

The statement of financial position reflects property, plant and equipment balance of Kshs.115,480. However, the College did not prepare and maintain a fixed asset register for all assets which were donated and acquired contrary to Section 29(1) Second Schedule of the Technical and Vocational Education and Training Act, 2013 which provides that a Board of Governors of a public institution shall cause to be kept all proper books and records of accounts of the income, expenditure and assets of the institution.

In the circumstances, the accuracy and completeness of property, plant and equipment balance of Kshs.115,480 could not be confirmed.

5.0 Unsupported Cash and Cash Equivalents

The statement of financial position reflects cash and cash equivalents balance of Kshs.1,211,906. However, Note 21(a) to the financial statement reflects a negative balance of Kshs.907,809. The overdrawing had not been approved by the Board of Governors as required by Section 28 (4) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012. Further, the College did not prepare bank reconciliation statements for the reported balance.

In the circumstances, the accuracy and completeness of the cash and cash equivalents balance of Kshs.1,211,906 could not be confirmed.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the Chepsirei Technical Vocational College Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my adverse opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

Other Matter

1. Budgetary Control and Performance

The statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts reflects final revenue budget and actual on comparable basis of Kshs.47,410,000 and Kshs.16,851,000 respectively, resulting to an under-funding amounting to Kshs.30,559,000 or 64% of the budget. Similarly, the College spent Kshs.11,170,013 against approved budget of Kshs.47,410,000 resulting to an underperformance of Kshs.36,239,987 or 76% of the budget.

The underperformance affected the planned activities and may have impacted negatively on service delivery to the public.

2. Unresolved Prior Year Audit Matters

In the audit report of the previous year, several issues were raised. However, the Management has not resolved the issues or given any explanation for failure to adhere to the provisions of the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board templates. The report has not been tabled before the Board.

REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES

Conclusion

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, because of the significance of the matters discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion, Basis for Conclusion on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources sections of my report, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

Basis for Conclusion

1.0 Non-deduction and Non-Remittance of Statutory Deductions

As previously reported, the statement of financial performance reflects employee costs amount of Kshs.1,050,376. However, review of personnel and payment records revealed that no staff had been deducted the statutory deductions and remittances done to the respective authorities. This was contrary to Section 37(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1973 (Revised 2012) which states that an employer paying emoluments to an employee shall deduct therefrom, and account for tax thereon, to such extent and in such manner as may be prescribed; Section 15(1)(c) of the National Hospital Insurance Fund Act, 2012 which

states that subject to this Act, any person whose total income, whether derived from salaried or self-employment, in the immediately preceding month, was not less than such amount as the Board, in consultation with the Minister, may prescribe, shall be liable as a contributor to the Fund and Section 19(1) of the National Social Security Fund Act, 2013 which states that every employer who, under a contract of service, employs one employee or more shall register with the Fund as a contributing employer and shall, register his employee or employees, as members of the Fund.

In the circumstances, Management was in breach of the law.

2.0 Non-Compliance with Law on Ethnic Composition

The College recruited five (5) staff from the same dominant ethnic community. This is contrary to Section 7(2) of the National Cohesion and Integration Act, 2008 which provides that no public establishment shall have more than one third of its staff from the same ethnic community.

In the circumstances, Management was in breach of the law.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 4000. The standard requires that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance, in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

Conclusion

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, because of the significance of the matters discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion and Basis for Conclusion on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance sections of my report, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that internal controls, risk management and governance were not effective.

Basis for Conclusion

1. Lack of Internal Audit Function, Audit Risk and Governance Committee

Review of records revealed that the College had not established an internal audit department to carry out internal audit functions contrary to Section 73(1)(a) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012. Further, the audit, risk and governance committee of the board was not established contrary to Section 6(1) Second Schedule of Technical and Vocational Education and Training Act, 2013.

In the circumstances, the Management did not benefit from the assurance and advisory services from the Audit and Risk Committee.

2.0 Lack of an Approved Staff Establishment, Terms and Conditions of Service

The statement of financial performance reflects employee costs amount of Kshs.1,050,376. However, review of the human resource function of the College revealed that there was no approved salary structure, staff establishment, terms and conditions of service.

In the circumstances, Management may not be able to adequately plan for the optimum number of employees to offer services to its stakeholders.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standard requires that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether effective processes and systems of internal controls, risk management and overall governance were operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual Basis) and for maintaining effective internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and overall governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the College's ability to continue to sustain its services, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to sustainability of services and using the applicable basis of accounting unless Management is aware of the intention to terminate the College or to cease operations.

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the College's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how the Management monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit

The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229(6) of the Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and audit of compliance, I consider internal control in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and overall governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal controls would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal controls may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the College's policies and procedures may deteriorate.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the applicable basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the College's ability to continue to sustain its services. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the College to cease to continue to sustain its services.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the College to express an opinion on the financial statements.
- Perform such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

CPA Nancy Gathungu, CBS AUDITOR-GENERAL

Nairobi

15 September, 2022

11. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Notes	2020/2021	2019-202
Payanua framesa		Kshs	Ksl
Revenue fromnon-exchangetransactions			
Transfers from the National Government-grants/ gifts in kind	1	7,425,000	45,00
Grants from donors and development partners	2	0	,
Transfers from other levels of government	3	0	
Public contributions and donations	4	0	
Revenue from evolution of the control of the contro		7,425,000	45,00
Revenue from exchange transactions			
Rendering of services- Fees from students	5	7,926,000	7,635,380
Sale of goods	6	0	(
Rental revenue from facilities and Hostels	7	1,500,000	3,300,000
Finance income-external investments	8	0	(
Other incomes	9	360,000	346,800
Revenue from exchange transactions		9,786,000	10,935,380
Total revenue		17,211,000	11,327,180
Expenses			,,100
Use of goods and services	10	7,785,757	1,599,480
Employee costs	11	1,050,376	1,608,500
Remuneration of directors	12	209,000	67,000
Depreciation and amortization expense	13	49,110	
Repairs and maintenance	14	2,124,880	49,110 388,540
Contracted services	15	0	
Grants and subsidies	16	0	0
Finance costs	17	4,069	-
Total expenses	17	11,223,192	2,051
Other gains/(losses)		11,223,192	3,714,681
Gain on sale of assets	18	0	^
Unrealized gain on fair value of investments	19	0	0
Impairment loss	20	0	0
Total other gains/(losses)	20		0
Net Surplus for the year		0	0
Attributable to:		5,987,808	7,612,499
Surplus attributable to minority interest		0	0
Surplus attributable to owners of the controlling Chenging	-	0	0
Cechnical and Vocational College		0	0
		5,987,808	7,612,499

The notes set out on pages19to 43 form an integral part of the Annual Financial Statements.



12. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITIONAS AT 30th June 2021

	Notes	2020/2021	2019-20
Assets		Kshs	
Currentassets			
Cash and cash equivalents	21	1,211,906	5,654,5
Current portion of receivables from exchange transactions			7,02 1,0
	22(a)	1,903,780	1,873,59
Receivables from non-exchange transactions Inventories	22(c)	0	-
	23	0	
Investments	24	0	
Non		3,115,686	7,528,17
Non-currentassets		,,	7,020,1
Property, plant and equipment	25	115,480	164,59
Investments	24	0	104,33
Intangible assets	26	0	
Investment property	27	0	
Long term receivables from exchange transactions	22(b)	0	
Totalassets		3,231,166	7,692,76
Liabilities			
Currentliabilities			
Trade and other payables from exchange			
transactions	28	1 210 400	192,000
Refundable deposits from customers	29	1,210,402	
Provisions		0	(
Finance lease obligation	30	0	(
Current portion of borrowings	31	0	
Deferred income	35	0	0
Employee benefit obligation	32	0	0
1 y south obligation	33	0	0
Non-currentliabilities		1,210,402	192,000
Non-current employee benefit obligation	- 11		
Ion-current provisions	41	0	0
orrowings	34	0	0
ervice concession liability	35	0	0
	37	0	0
otalliabilities		0	0
et assets		1,210,402	192,000
eserves		2,020,764	7,500,766
ccumulated surplus		0	0
apital Fund		5,987,808	7,612,499
otal net assets and liabilities		213,700	213,700
Financial Statements set out on pages 1 to 5 were		8,222,272	15,326,965

The Financial Statements set out on pages 1 to5 were signed on behalf of the InstituteBoard of Governors by:

Chairman of Board of Governors

27486

Finance Officer ICPAK NO Principal

Date... 26-57, 202

Date 25/07/2022

Date 25 07/132

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Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College Annual Report and Financial Statements for The Year Ended 30th June 2021

13. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETFOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

16,200,257	2,600,000	13,600,257	,		
					At June 30, 2021
	1		,	•	fund to retained earnings
1		•			Transfer of depreciation/amortisation from carrital
000,101,0			,	•	year
5 987 808	•	5,987,808			Capital/Development grants received during the
•					Total comprehensive income
	•				The same adjustment on quoted investments
			1	r	Sair value adirectment
10,212,449	2,600,000	7,612,449			Revaluation gain
	Grants/Fund		o comment	0	At July 1, 2020
Total	Capital/ Development	Retained	adjustment	Revaluation reserve	A F.L. 1 adag

A Property of the Community of the Commu

14. STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2020/2021	2019-202
Cash flows from operating activities	Note	KShs	KSI
Receipts			
Transfers from other Government entities/Govt. grants			
Public contributions and donations		7,425,000	45,00
Rendering of services- Fees from students	4	0	
Sale of goods	5	7,926,000	7,635,38
Rental revenue from facilities and equipment	6	0	
Financeincome	7	1,500,000	3,300,00
Other income	8	0	
Total Receipts	9	360,000	346,80
Payments		17,211,000	11,327,18
Use of goods and services			
Employees cost	10	7,785,757	1,599,480
Remuneration of directors	11	1,050,376	1,608,500
Finance cost	12	209,000	67,000
Depreciation and amortization expenses	17	4,069	2,051
Repairs maintenance and improvement	13	49,110	49,110
Total Payments	14	2,124,880	388,540
Net cash flows from operating activities		11,223,192	3,714,681
Cash flows from investing activities	38	-960,040	1,732,758
Purchase of property, plant			, , , , ,
Purchase of property, plant, equipment and intangible as	sets	0	0
roceeds, from sale of property, and plant and equipmen becrease in non-current receivables	t	0	0
acrease in investments		0	0
et cash flows used in investments		0	0
et cash flows used in investing activities		0	0
ash flowsfromfinancingactivities roceeds from borrowings			
epayment of borrowings		0	0
crease in deposits		0	0
eteashflowers 1' C		0	0
etcashflowsusedinfinancingactivities		0	0
etincrease/(decrease)incashandcash equivalents		-4,442,673	5,654,579
ash and cash equivalents at 30 th June 2020	21	5,654,579	5,654,579
ash and cash equivalents at 30 JUNE 2021	21	1,211,906	5,654,579

97 March 1 47 March 1 48 March 1 38 March 1 48 March 1

02

Annual Report and Financial Statements for The Year Ended 30th June 2021 Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College

15. STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTSFOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

					1000	
	budget	Adjustments	Final	Actual on	Performance	Percentago
Revenue	2020-2021	2020-2021	2020_2021	comparable basis	difference	Deviation
Transferr	Kshs	Kehe	1707-070	2020-2021	2020-2021	2020-2021
D. H.	17,500,000	CHEW	NShs	Kshs	Kshs	Kehe
rubile contributions and donations	0		17,500,000	7,425,000	10,075,000	A)
Rendering of services- Fees from students	13 210 000	0	0	0	0	747
Sale of goods	000,012,01	0	13,210,000	7.926 000	5 204 000	0
Finance Income	0	0	0	000,000	2,204,000	09-
Other Income - Devision	0	0	0		0	0
Caine on direct 1	16,700,000	0	16 700 000	0	0	0
Trains on disposal, rental income and agency fees	0		10,700,000	0	16,500,000	
10tal income	47 410 000		0	1,500,000	-1.500.000	
Expenses	DODGOTAGOTA	0	47,410,000	16,851,000	30 550 000	
Compensation of employees					000,555,000	-102
Use of Goods and services	8,201,492	0	8,201,492	1 050 276		
Finance costs	20,858,838	0	20.858.838	0/5,050,1	7,151,116	-12
Rent naid	0	C	00000	151,501,1	13,073,081	-37
Dome paid	0			0	0	0
remuneration of directors	478 000		0	0	0	
Repairs Maintenance and Improvement	1 171 641	0	478,029	209,000	000 090	2 0
Rental Expenses	1,1/1,1,041	0	1,171,641	2,124,880	052 220	54
Other expenses/development	0	0	0		-733,239	181
Totalexpenditura	16,700,000	0	16,700,000		0	0
Surplisfor therewich	47,410,000	0	47,410,000	0 000	16,700,000	0
Part inches 100	0	0	00060161	11,1/0,013	36,239,987	89
budget notes			0	5,680,987	-5,680,987	0
Low ethidant amount						>

1. Low student enrolment

Less disbursement of Government grants and Capitation during the year.
 The effect ofCovid19affected the planned activities of the year.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

GENERAL INFORMATION

Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College is established by and derives its authority and accountability from TVET Act 2013 and PFM Act 2015. The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College is wholly owned by the Government of Kenya and is domiciled in Kenya.

1. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the measurement at re-valued amounts of certain items of property, plant and equipment, marketable securities and financial instruments at fair value, impaired assets at their estimated recoverable amounts and actuarially determined liabilities at their present value. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) allows the use of estimates and assumptions. It also requires management to exercise judgement in the process of applying the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational Collegeaccounting policies.

The financial statements have been prepared and presented in Kenya Shillings, which is the functional and reporting currency of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the PFM Act, the State Corporations Act, the TVET Act and International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS). The accounting policies adopted have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS

Relevant new standards and amendments to published standards effective for the year ended 30 June 2021

Standard	Impact
IPSAS 40: Public Sector Combinations	Applicable: 1 st January 2019 The standard covers public sector combinations arising from exchange transactions in which case they are treated similarly with IFRS 3(applicable to acquisitions only). Business combinations and combinations arising from non-exchange transactions are covered purely under Public Sector combinations as amalgamations.

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					22
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					-

ii. New and amended standards and interpretations in issue but not yet effective in the year ended 30 June 2021

Standard	Effective date and impact:
IPSAS 41:	Applicable: 1st January 2022:
Financial Instruments	The objective of IPSAS 41 is to establish principles for the financial reporting of financial assets and liabilities that will present relevant and useful information to users of financial statements for their assessment of the amounts, timing and uncertainty of Chepsire Technical and Vocational College's future cashflows. IPSAS 41 provides users of financial statements with more useful information than IPSAS 29, by:
	 Applying a single classification and measurement model for financial assets that considers the characteristics of the asset's cash flows and the objective for which the asset is held;
	 Applying a single forward-looking expected credit loss model that is applicable to all financial instruments subject to impairment testing; and
	 Applying an improved hedge accounting model that broadens the hedging arrangements in scope of the guidance. The model develops a strong link between Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's risk management strategies and the accounting treatment for instruments held as part of the risk management strategy.
SAS 42:	Applicable: 1st January 2022
cial Benefits	The objective of this Standard is to improve the relevance, faithful representativeness and comparability of the information that a reporting Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College provides in its financial statements about social benefits. The information provided should help users of the financial statements and general-purpose financial reports assess: (a) The nature of such social benefits provided by the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College; (b) The key features of the operation of those social benefit schemes; (c) The impact of such social benefits provided on the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's financial performance, financial
	position and cash flows.



Standard	Effective date and impact:
Amendments	Applicable: 1st January 2022:
to Other IPSAS	a) Amendments to IPSAS 5, to update the guidance related t
resulting from	the components of borrowing costs which were inadvertently
IPSAS 41,	omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.
Financial Instruments	 b) Amendments to IPSAS 30, regarding illustrative examples on hedging and credit risk which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued. c) Amendments to IPSAS 30, to update the guidance for accounting for financial guarantee contracts which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued. d) Amendments to IPSAS 33, to update the guidance on classifying financial instruments on initial adoption of
	accrual basis IPSAS which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.
Other	Applicable: 1st January 2021:
Improvements to IPSAS	 a) Amendments to IPSAS 13, to include the appropriate references to IPSAS on impairment, in place of the current references to other international and/or national accounting frameworks b) IPSAS 13, Leases and IPSAS 17, Property, Plant, and
	Equipment. Amendments to remove transitional provisions which should have been deleted when IPSAS 33, First Time Adoption of Accrual Basis International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSASs) was approved c) IPSAS 21, Impairment of Non-Cash-Generating Assets and IPSAS 26, Impairment of Cash Generating Assets. Amendments to ensure consistency of impairment guidance to account for revalued assets in the scope of IPSAS 17, Property, Plant, and Equipment and IPSAS 31, Intangible Assets. d) IPSAS 33, First-time Adoption of Accrual Basis International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSASs). Amendments to the implementation guidance ondeemed cost in IPSAS 33 to make it consistentwith the core principles in the Standard.

iii. Early adoption of standards

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College did not early – adopt any new or amended standards in year 2020

3 Revenue recognition

Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Transfers from other government entities

Revenues from non-exchange transactions with other government entities are measured at fair value and recognized on obtaining control of the asset (cash, goods, services and property) if the transfer is free from conditions and it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential related to the asset will flow to the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College and can be measured reliably. Recurrent grants are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. Development/capital grants are recognized in the statement of financial position and realised in the statement of comprehensive income over the useful life of the assets that has been acquired using such funds

ii) Revenue from exchange transactions

Rendering of services

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College recognizes revenue from rendering of services by reference to the stage of completion when the outcome of the transaction can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is measured by reference to labour hours incurred to date as a percentage of total estimated labour hours.

Where the contract outcome cannot be measured reliably, revenue is recognized only to the extent that the expenses incurred are recoverable.

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, usually on delivery of the goods and when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College.

Interest income

Interest income is accrued using the effective yield method. The effective yield discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount. The method applies this yield to the principal outstanding to determine interest income each period.

Dividends

Dividends or similar distributions must be recognized when the shareholder's or the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's right to receive payments is established.

ii) Revenue from exchange transactions.

Rental income

Rental income arising from operating leases on investment properties is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and included in revenue.

4 Budget information

The original budget for FY 2020/2021 was approved by the Board on13th August 2021. Subsequent revisions or additional appropriations were not made to the approved budget in accordance with specific approvals from the appropriate authorities.

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College budget is prepared on a different basis to the actual income and expenditure disclosed in the financial statements. The financial statements are prepared on accrual basis using a classification based on the nature of expenses in the statement of financial performance, whereas the budget is prepared on a cash basis. The amounts in the financial statements were recast from the accrual basis to the cash basis and reclassified by presentation to be on the same basis as the approved budget. A comparison of budget and actual amounts, prepared on a comparable basis to the approved budget, is then presented in the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts.

In addition to the Basis difference, adjustments to amounts in the financial statements are also made for differences in the formats and classification schemes adopted for the presentation of the financial statements and the approved budget.

5 Taxes

Current income tax

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College is a tax compliant institution.

Sales tax/ Value Added Tax

Expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of sales tax, except:

- When the sales tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the sales tax is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable.
- When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of sales tax included.

The net amount of sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

6 Investment property

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. The carrying amount includes the replacement cost of components of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met and excludes the costs of day-to-day maintenance of an investment property.

Investment property acquired through a non-exchange transaction is measured at its fair value at the date of acquisition.

Investment properties are derecognized either when they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit or service potential is expected from its disposal. The difference

				-
				# #
			5	

Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College Annual Report and Financial Statements for The Year Ended 30th June 2021 between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in the surplus or deficit in the period of de-recognition.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use.

Property, plant and equipment

Chepsirei TVC applied IPSAS 33 on disclosure of its assets. All property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in surplus or deficit as incurred. Where an asset is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially measured at its fair value.

During the year under review, ChepsireiTvc did not acquire any asset, however, it has the following assets which there are value are yet to be disclosed;

- 1. Land
- 2. Buildings
- 3. Refrigeration equipment
- 4. Computers and printers
- 5. Furniture and fittings

Leases

Finance leases are leases that transfer substantially the entire risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item to the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College. Assets held under a finance lease are capitalized at the commencement of the lease at the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, at the present value of the future minimum lease payments. The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College also recognizes the associated lease liability at the inception of the lease. The liability recognized is measured as the present value of the future minimum lease payments at initial recognition.

Subsequent to initial recognition, lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognized as finance costs in surplus or deficit.

An asset held under a finance lease is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College will obtain ownership of the asset by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Operating leases are leases that do not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item to the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College. Operating lease payments are recognized as an operating expense in surplus or deficit on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognized at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a non-exchange transaction is their fair value at the date of the exchange. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in surplus or deficit in the period in which the expenditure is incurred. The useful life of the intangible assets is assessed as either finite or indefinite

10 Research and development costs

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College expenses research costs as incurred. Development costs on an individual project are recognized as intangible assets when the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College can demonstrate:

- The technical feasibility of completing the asset so that the asset will be available for use or sale
- Its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset
- How the asset will generate future economic benefits or service potential
- The availability of resources to complete the asset
- The ability to measure reliably the expenditure during development.

Following initial recognition of an asset, the asset is carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization of the asset begins when development is complete and the asset is available for use. It is amortized over the period of expected future benefit. During the period of development, the asset is tested for impairment annually with any impairment losses recognized immediately in surplus or

11 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of IPSAS 29 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are classified s financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments oravailable-for-sale financial assets, as appropriate. The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College determines the classification of its financial assets atinitial recognition.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quotedin an active market. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account anydiscount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that

Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College

Annual Report and Financial Statements for The Year Ended 30th June 2021

are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Lossesarising from impairment are recognized in the surplus or deficit.

Held-to-maturity

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities are classified as held tomaturity when the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College has the positive intention and ability to hold it to maturity. After initial measurement, held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, lessimpairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and feesor costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in surplus or deficit.

Impairment of financial assets

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or Chepsirei Technical and Vocational Collegeoffinancial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cashflows of the financial asset or the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include the following indicators:

Impairment of financial assets

- > The debtors of debtors are experiencing significant financial difficulty
- Default or delinquency in interest or principal payments
- > The probability that debtors will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization
- Observable data indicates a measurable decrease in estimated future cash flows (e.g.changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of IPSAS 29 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through surplus or deficit or loans and borrowings, as appropriate. The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

Loans and borrowing

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are

Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College

Annual Report and Financial Statements for The Year Ended 30th June 2021 recognized in surplus or deficit when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest method amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

12 INVENTORIES

Inventory is measured at cost upon initial recognition. To the extent that inventory was received through non-exchange transactions (for no cost or for a nominal cost), the cost of the inventory is its fair value at the date of, acquisition.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and conditions are accounted for, as follows:

- Raw materials: purchase cost using the weighted average cost method
- Finished goods and work in progress: cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity, but excluding borrowing costs

After initial recognition, inventory is measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. However, to the extent that a class of inventory is distributed or deployed at no charge or for a nominal charge, that class of inventory is measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of operations, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale, exchange, or distribution.

Inventories are recognized as an expense when deployed for utilization or consumption in the ordinary course of operations of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College.

13 PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognized when the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a pastevent, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will berequired to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Where the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of financial performance net of any reimbursement.

Contingent liabilities

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College does not recognize a contingent liabilitybut discloses details of any contingencies in the notes to the financial statements, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote.

Contingent assets

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College does not recognize a contingent asset, but discloses details of a possible asset whose existence is contingent on the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College in the notes to the financial statements. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits or service potential will arise and the asset's value can be measured reliably, the asset and the related revenue are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

14 NATURE AND PURPOSE OF RESERVES

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College creates and maintains reserves in terms of specific requirements.

15 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College recognizes the effects of changes in accounting policy retrospectively. The effects of changes in accounting policy are applied prospectively if retrospective application is impractical.

16 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Retirement benefit plans

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational Collegedoes not provideretirement benefits for its employees and directors.

Defined benefit plans are post-employment benefit plans other than defined-contribution plans. The definedbenefitfunds are actuarially valued tri-annually on the projected unit credit method basis. Deficits identified are recovered through lump sum payments or increased future contributions on proportional basis to all participating employers. The contributions and lump sum payments reduce the post-employment benefit obligation.

17 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially accounted for at the ruling rate of exchange on the date of the transaction. Trade creditors or debtors denominated in foreign currency are reported at the statement of financial position reporting date by applying the exchange rate on that date. Exchange differences arising from the settlement of creditors, or from the reporting of creditors at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the period, are recognized as income or expenses in the period in which they arise.

18 BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs are capitalized against qualifying assets as part of property, plant and equipment.

Such borrowing costs are capitalized over the period during which the asset is being acquired or constructed and borrowings have been incurred. Capitalization ceases when construction of the asset is complete. Further borrowing costs are charged to the statement of financial performance.

19 RELATED PARTIES

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College regards a related party as a person or an Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College with the ability to exert control individually or jointly, orto exercise significant influence over the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College, or vice versa. Members of key management are regarded asrelated parties and comprise the directors, the CEO/Principal and senior managers.

20SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College analyses all aspects of service concession arrangements that it enters into in determining theappropriate accounting treatment and disclosure requirements. In particular, where a private party contributes an asset to the arrangement, the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College recognizes that asset when, and only when, it controls or regulates theservices. The operator must provide together with the asset, to whom it must provide them, and at what price. Inthe case of assets other than 'whole-of-life' assets, it controls, through ownership, beneficial entitlement orotherwise — any significant residual interest in the asset at the end of the arrangement. Any assets so recognizedare measured at their fair value. To the extent that an asset has been recognized, the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College also recognizes corresponding liability, adjusted by a cash consideration paid or received.

21 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and cash at bank, short-term deposits on call and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank account balances include amounts held at the Central Bank of Kenya and at various commercial banks at the end of the financial year. For the purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents also include short term cash imprest and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year.

22 COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Where necessary comparative figures for the previous financial year have been amended or reconfigured to conform to the required changes in presentation.

23 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There have been no events subsequent to the financial year end with a significant impact on the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021.

24 SIGNIFICANT JUDGMENTS AND SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College financial statements in conformity with IPSAS requires management to makejudgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. However, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond thecontrol of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occurIPSAS 1.140

Useful lives and residual values

The useful lives and residual values of assets are assessed using the following indicators to inform potential future use and value from disposal:

- The condition of the asset based on the assessment of experts employed by the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College
- The nature of the asset, its susceptibility and adaptability to changes in technology and processes
- The nature of the processes in which the asset is deployed
- Availability of funding to replace the asset
- Changes in the market in relation to the asset

Provisions

Provisions were raised and management determined an estimate based on the information available. Additional disclosure of these estimates of provisions is included in Note xxx.

Provisions are measured at the management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation atthe reporting date, and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.



Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College Annual Report and Financial Statements for The Year Ended 30th June 2021 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 TRANSFERS FROM NATIONAL GOVERNMENT MINISTRIES

Description	2020/2021	2019-2020
Unconditionalgrants	KShs	KShs
Operational grant	T 10.	
Other grants	7,425,000	45,000
S. M. S. S. M. S.	0	0
Conditional grants		
Library grant	0	
Hostels grant	0	0
Administration block grant	0	0
Laboratory grant	0	0
Learning facilities grant	0	0
Other prominet:	0	0
Other organizational grants	0	0
Total government grants and subsidies	7,425,000	45,000

a) TRANSFERS FROM MINISTRIES, DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES

Name of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational	Amount recognized to Statement of Comprehensive Income	deferred	Amount recognised in capital fund.	Total grant income during the year	2019-2021
College sending the grant	KShs	KShs	KShs	KShs	KShs
State Department of Technical and vocational	7,425,000		0	0	7,425,000
				-	7,723,000
Total	7,425,000		0	0	7,425,000

b) GRANTS FROM DONORS AND DEVELOPMENT PARTNERS

Description	2019-2021	2019-2019
HCA Personal	KShs	KShs
JICA- Research grant		
World Bank grants		
Other grants		
Total grants from development partners	0	0

2 GRANTS FROM DONORS AND DEVELOPMENT PARTNERS

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
	KShs	KSha
Balance unspent at beginning of year		11/11/18
Current year receipts	0	
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	0	0
Conditions to be mot your about 111111	0	0
Conditions to be met - remain liabilities	0	0

3 TRANSFERS FROM OTHER LEVELS OF GOVERNMENT

Description		
	2020-2021	2019-2020
Transfer from County	KShs	KShs
Transfer from University	0	0
Transfer from institute	0	0
Total Transfers	0	0
- This is a second of the seco	0	0

4 PUBLIC CONTRIBUTIONS AND DONATIONS

Description	TOTAL CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF T	
	2020-2021	2019-2020
Dublic deser	KShs	KShs
Public donations	0	0
Donations from local leadership	0	0
Donations from religious institutions	0	0
Donations from alumni	0	0
Other donations	0	0
Total donations and sponsorships		0
and sponsorships	0	0

5 RENDERING OF SERVICES

Description	2020 2021	
	2020-2021	2019-2020
Tuities C	KShs	KShs
Tuition fees	1,500,000	1,445,000
Activity fees	360,000	326,000
Examination fees	0	320,000
Library fees	450,000	0
Facilities/ materials and others	450,000	433,500
Registration fees	5,616,000	5,430,880
	0	0
Total revenue from the rendering of services	7,926,000	7,635,380

6 SALE OF GOODS

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
SERVICE AND THE STATE OF THE ST	KShs	KShs
Sale of goods	0	0
Sale of books	0	0
Sale of publications	0	0
Sale of farm produce	0	0
Other(include in line with your organisation)	0	0
Total revenue from the sale of goods	0	0

Chepsirei Technical and Training College did not sale any goods during the financial year

7 RENTAL REVENUE FROM FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT/HOSTELS

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
	KShs	KShe KShe
Straight-lineoperatinglease receipts	0	0
Contingent rentals/Hostels	1,500,000	3,300,000
Total rentals	1,500,000	3,300,000

Rental revenue was from the student accommodation.

8 FINANCE INCOME

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
	KShs	KShs
Cashinvestmentsandfixeddeposits	0	0
Interest income from Treasury Bills	0	0
Interest income from Treasury Bonds	0	0
Interest from outstanding debtors	0	0
Totalfinanceincome	0	0

Chepsirei Technical and Training did not finance income

9 OTHER INCOME

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
	KShs	KShs
Insurance recoveries		TEONS
Registration-	360,000	346,800
Income from sale of tender	0	0.000
Servicesconcessionincome	0	0
Skillsdevelopmentlevy	0	0
Income from disposal of assets	0	0
Totalotherincome	360,000	346,800

USE OF GOODS AND SERVICES 10

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
Floatricity	KShs	KShs
Electricity Water	103,896	3,000
Security	0	0,000
Professional services	0	0
Subscriptions	0	0
Advertising/Activity	0	0
Admin costs	0	19,000
Audit fees	4,641,972	1,074,045
	0	0
Conferences and delegations	0	0
Consulting fees	0	0
Consumables	0	0
Fuel and oil/Local Transport	89,100	
Insurance	0	47,280
Legal expenses	0	0
Licenses and permits	0	
Postage	0	0
Printing and stationery	0	0
Hire charges		0
Rent expenses	0	0
Security costs	0	0
Sewage treatment costs	0	0
Skills development levies	0	0
Inventory scrapping	0	0
Telecommunication	0	0
Training expenses/Tuition	0	0
General expenses	2,950,789	456,155
Total good and services	0	0
Soon and services	7,785,757	1,599,480

EMPLOYEE COSTS 11

	2020-2021	2019-2020
Coloriana	KShs	KShs
Salariesandwages	1,050,376	1,608,500
Employer relatedcosts- contributiontopensionsand medical aids		1,008,500
Travel, motorcar, accommodation, subsistence and other allowances	0	0
Housingbenefitsandallowances		0
Overtimepayments	0	0
Performanceandotherbonuses	0	0
Social contributions	0	0
	0	0
Employeecosts	1,050,376	1,608,500

Manager Company of the Company of th

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS 12

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
Chairman's Honoraria	KShs	KShs
Directors' emoluments	0	0
Other allowances	0	0
Total director emoluments	209,000	67,000
emoralicats	209,000	67,000

DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSE 13

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
Property plantandequipment	KShs	KShs
Intangible assets	49,110	49,110
Investmentpropertycarried at cost	0	0
Totaldepreciationandamortization	0	0
P - cometonanualiior (12ation	49,110	49,110

REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE

Description	2020-2021	2019-202
Property	KShs	KSh
0Investment property-earningrentals	0	
Equipment and machinery	0	
Vehicles Vehicles	0	
Furniture and fittings	0	
Computers and accessories	0	(
Other	0	(
Total repairs and maintenance	2,124,880	388,540
ONTRACTED SERVICES	2,124,880	388,540

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
Actuarialvaluations	KShs	KShs
Investmentvaluations	0	0
Propertyvaluations	0	0
Total contracted Services	0	0
	0	0

GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES 16

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
Communitydevelopment	KShs	KShs
Educationinitiati	0	(
Educationinitiativesandprograms Socialdevelopment	0	(
Communitytrust	0	- (
Sportingbodies	0	
Totalgrantsandsubsidies	0	0
rotalgi antsanusubsidies	0	0

17 FINANCE COSTS

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
Borrowings (amortizedcost)	KShs	KShs
Financeleases (amortizedcost)	0	0
Unwindingofdiscount	0	0
Bank charges	0	0
Interest on loans from commercial banks	4,069	2,051
Totalfinancecosts	0	0
	4,069	2,051

18 GAIN ON SALE OF ASSETS

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
	KShs	KShs
Property, plant and equipment		
Intangible assets	0	0
Other assets not capitalised	0	0
Totalgain on sale ofassets	0	0
g said diassets	0	0

19 UNREALIZED GAIN ON FAIR VALUE INVESTMENTS

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
Investmentsatfairvalue	KShs	KShs
Totalgain		
0	0	0

20 IMPAIRMENT LOSS

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
Property, plant andequipment	KShs	KShs
Intangibleassets	0	0
Totalimpairmentloss	0	0
The second of th	0	0

21 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Total cash and cash equivalents	1,211,906	5,654,579
Others (specify)	0	0
Staff car loan/ mortgage	0	0
Fixed deposits account	0	0
On - call deposits	1,211,906	5,654,579
Current account	KShs	KShs
Description	2020-2021	2019-2020

(a). DETAILED ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Financial institution		2020-2021	2019-202
mountainen	Account number	KShs	KSI
a) Current account			
Kenya Commercial bank	127		
Ja Commercial Dalik	1265240752	(907,809)	2,483,23
	1265240787	26,481	110,48
Sub- total	1265240825	1,180,902	2,644,45
Sub-total		299,574	5,238,16
b) On - call deposits			
Kenya Commercial bank			
Equity Bank - etc.	0	0	(
Sub- total	0		
	0	0	
c) Fixed deposits account			
Kenya Commercial bank			
Bank B	0		
Sub- total	0		
	0	0	0
d) Staff car loan/ mortgage			
Kenya Commercial bank			
Bank B	0		
Sub- total	0		
	0	0	0
) Others(specify)			
Cash in transit	0		
cash in hand		0	0
M -pesa	0	912,332	416,416
Sub- total	0	0	0
Grand total		912,332	416,416
		1,211,906	5,654,579

22(a) RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Description	2020 2021	
	2020-2021	2019-2020
Current receivables	KShs	KShs
Student debtors		
Rent debtors	1,903,780	1,873,597
Consultancy debtors	0	0
Other exchange debtors	0	0
Less: impairment allowance	0	0
anowance	0	0
	1,903,780	1,873,597

(b) NON-CURRENT RECEIVABLES

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
Non-current receivables	KShs	KShs
Refundable deposits	0	0
Advance payments	0	0
Public organizations	0	0
Less: impairment allowance	0	0
Total	0	0
Currentportiontransferredtocurrentreceivables	0	0
Totalnon-currentreceivables		
Totalreceivables	0	0
	0	0

c) RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
Currentreceivables	KShs	KSh
Transfers from other govt. entities	0	(
Undisbursed donor funds	0	(
Otherdebtors (non-exchangetransactions)	0	(
Less: impairmentallowance	0	(
Totalcurrent receivables	0	
INVENTORIES	0	(

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
Consumablestores	KShs	KShs
Maintenance stores	0	0
Health Unit stores	0	0
Electrical stores	0	0
Cleaning materials stores	0	0
Catering stores	0	0
Totalinventoriesatthelowerofcostandnet	0	0
realizablevalue	0	0

24 INVESTMENTS

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
a) Investment in Treasury bills and back	KShs	KShs
Treasury bills and bonds	0	0
Financial institution CBK	0	0
	0	0
CBK	0	0
Sub- total	0	0
	0	0
b) Investment with Financial Institutions/ Banks		
Bank		

Bank Bank	The Year Ended 30th June 20	021
Sub- total	0	0
c) Equity investments (specify)		
Equity/ shares in company		
Sub- total		
Grand total		

d) Shareholding in other entities

For investments in equity share listed under note 30 (c) above, list down the equity investments under the following categories:

0

Name of Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College where investment is held	Direct	No of shares Indirect	Effective	Nominal value of shares	Fair value of shares Current	Fair value of shares
	shareholding	shareholding	shareholding		year	year
	%	%	%	Shs.	Shs.	Shs.
Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College A Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College B Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College C Chepsirei Technical and College C Chepsirei Technical and College C						

Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College Annual Report and Financial Statements for The Year Ended 30th June 2021

25 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

in Total bs Shs 0 0 0 0 213,500 0 0 0	49,110	49,110	164,590
Work in Progress Shs Shs	0 0	00	0
Plant and equipment Shs 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0 0	0
Orther Assets (Specify) Shs 0 0 0 0	0 0	0 0	0
Computers Shs 0 138,500 0	41,610	41,610	97,090
Furniture and fittings Shs 0 75,000 0 0	7,500	7,500	67,500
Motor vehicles Shs 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0 0	0
Land and Buildings Shs 0 0 0 0	0	0 0	0
tion and			
Cost At 1July 2019 Additions Disposals Transfers/adjustments At 30th June 2021 Accumulated Depreciation and impairment As At 30th June 2020	2021	lues	2021
Cost At 1July 2019 Additions Disposals Transfers/adjustment At 30th June 2021 Accumulated Depreimpairment As At 30th June2020	Depreciation Impairment At 30th June 2021	Impairment Net book values At 30th June 2020	At 30th June 2021

115,480

Telephone Designation Designat

8

26 INTANGIBLE ASSETS-SOFTWARE

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
Cost	KShs	KShs
At beginning of the year		
Additions	0	0
At end of the year	0	0
Additions-internal development	0	0
At end of the year	0	0
Amortization and impairment	0	0
At beginning oftheyear	0	0
Amortization	0	0
At end of the year	0	0
Impairment loss	0	0
At end of the year	0	0
NBV	0	0
ND V	0	0

27 INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
At beginning of the year	KShs	KShs
Additions		
Fair value gain	0	(
Depreciation (where investment property is at cost)	0	0
At end of the year	0	0
J Com	0	0

28 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Description		
	2020-2021	2019-2020
Tradepayables	KShs	KShs
Fees paid in advance	1,201,402	0
Employee advances	0	0
Third-partypayments	0	52,000
Other payables	0	0
Fotal trade and other payables	0	140,000
and other payables	1,201,402	192,000

29 REFUNDABLE DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS/STUDENTS

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
Consumerdeposits	KShs	KShs
Caution money		
Other refundable deposits	0	0
Total deposits	0	0

30 CURRENT PROVISIONS

Description	Leave provision	Bonus provision	Other provision	Total
Rolongo et the Last at a	KShs	KShs	KShs	KShs
Balance at the beginning of the year				
Additional Provisions	0	0		
Provision utilised	0	0	0	0
Change due to discount and time value	0	0	0	0
for money	0	0	0	0
Transfers from non -current provisions	0		0	0
Total provisions	0	0	0	0
I	0	0	0	0

31 FINANCE LEASE OBLIGATION

Description	Minimum lease payments	Future finance charges	Present value of minimum lease payments	2021-2021
Within	KShs	KShs	KShs	KShs
Within current year	0	0	0	0
Long term portion of lease payments	0	0	0	0
Total provisions	0	0	0	0

32 DEFERRED INCOME

Description		
	2020-2021	2019-2020
National government	KShs	KShs
International funders	0	0
Publiccontributionsanddonations	0	0
Total deferred income	0	0
activities income	0	0

The deferred income movement is as follows:

Ralance brought C	National governmen t	Internation al funders/ donors	Publiccontributions and dona tions	Total
Balance brought forward	0	0		
Additions during the year	0	0	0	0
Transfers to Capital fund	0	0	0	0
Transfers to income statement	0	0	0	0
Other transfers	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	- 0
Balance carried forward	0	0	0	0
			0	0

33 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

Description	Defined benefit plan	Post- employment medical benefits	Other Provisions	2020-2021	2010 2000
Cumantle S. IV	KShs	KShs	KShs		2019-2020
Current benefit obligation	0	0	IXOUS	KShs	KShs
Non-current benefit obligation	0	0	0	0	0
Totalemployee benefits	0	0	0	0	0
obligation	0	0	0	0	0

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College operates a defined benefit scheme for all full-time employees from July 1, 2022.

	2020-2021	2019-2020
	KShs	KShs
Valuation at the beginning of the year		
Changes in valuation during the year	0	0
Valuation at end of the year	0	0
Jone Jone	0	0
	0	0

The Institution contributes to the statutory National Social Security Fund (NSSF). This is a defined contribution scheme registered under the National Social Security Act. The Institution's obligation under the scheme is limited to specific contributions legislated from time to time and is currently at Kshs. 360 per employee per month.

34 NON-CURRENT PROVISIONS

Description	Long service leave	Gratuity	Other Provisions	Tota
Balance at the beginning of the year	KShs	KShs	KShs	KShs
Additional Provisions	0	0	0	0
Provision utilised	0	0	0	0
Change due to discount and time	0	0	0	0
value for money Less: Current portion	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0
Totaldeferredincome	0	0	0	0

35 BORROWINGS

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
Balance at beginning of the period	KShs	KShs
External borrowings during the year	0	0
Domestic borrowings during the year	0	0
Repayments of external horrowings during the	0	0
Repayments of domestic's borrowings during the year	0	0
Balance at end of the period	0	0
Politor	0	0

36a) ANALYSIS OF EXTERNAL AND DOMESTIC BORROWINGS

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
External Borrowings	KShs	KShs
Dollar denominated loan		
Sterling Pound denominated loan	0	0
Euro denominated loan	0	0
Domestic Borrowings	0	0
Kenya Shilling loan from KCB		
Kenya Shilling loan from Barclaye Book	0	0
Kenya Shilling loan from Consolidated Book	0	0
Total balance at end of the year	0	0
or the year	0	0

b) BREAKDOWN OF LONG- AND SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
Short term borrowings (current portion)	KShs	KShs
Long term borrowings	0	0
Total Total	0	0
	0	0

37 SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
Fair value of service concession	KShs	KSh
Fair value of service concession assets recognized under PPE Accumulated depreciation to date	0	(
Net carrying amount	0	0
Serviceconcessionliabilityat beginning of the year	0	0
Serviceconcessionrevenuerecognized	0	0
Serviceconcessionliabilityat end of the year	0	0
y at the year	0	0

38 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

Surplus for the year before tax	2020-2021	2019-2020
Adjustedfor:	KShs	KShs
Depreciation		
Non-cashgrantsreceived	49,110	49,110
Contributedassets	0	0
Impairment	0	0
Gains and losses on disposal of assets	0	0
Contribution to provisions	0	0
Contribution to impairment allowance	0	0
Finance income	0	0
Financecost	0	0
Working Capital adjustments	4,069	2,051
Increase in inventory	0	0
ncrease in receivables	0	0
ncrease in deferred income	30,183	1,873,597
ncrease in payables	0	0
ncrease in payments received in advance	-1,009,402	-192,000
Net cash flow from an artistic	0	0
Net cash flow from operating activities	-926,040	1,764,959

39 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's activities does not expose it to a variety of financial risks including credit and liquidity risks and effects of changes in foreign currency. The company's overall risk management programme focuses on unpredictability of changes in the business environment and seeks to minimise the potential adverse effect of such risks on its performance by setting acceptable levels of risk. The company does not hedge any risks and has in place policies to ensure that credit is only extended to customers with an established credit history.

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's financial risk management objectives and policies are detailed below:

(i) Credit risk

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College has exposure to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, and deposits with banks, as well as trade and other receivables and available-for-sale financial investments.

Management assesses the credit quality of each customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external assessment in accordance with limits set by the directors. The amounts presented in the statement of financial position are net of allowances for doubtful receivables, estimated by the company's management based on prior experience and their assessment of the current economic environment.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements representing the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral obtained is made up as follows:

At 30 June 2021	Total amount Kshs	Fully performing Kshs	Past due Kshs	Impaired Kshs
Receivables from exchange transactions	0			
Receivables from non-exchange	0	0	0	0
transactions			2000	
Bank balances	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0
At 30 June 2021	0	0	0	0
Receivables from exchange transactions	0	0	0	
Receivables from non-exchange transactions				0
Bank balances	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0

(i) Credit risk (continued)

The customers under the fully performing category are paying their debts as they continue trading. The credit risk associated with these receivables is minimal and the allowance for uncollectible amounts that the company has recognised in the financial statements is considered adequate to cover any potentially irrecoverable amounts.

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College has no concentration of credit risk.

Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College

Annual Report and Financial Statements for The Year Ended 30th June 2021 The board of directors sets the company's credit policies and objectives and lays down parameters within which the various aspects of credit risk management are operated.

(ii) Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's directors, who have built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College manages liquidity risk through continuous monitoring of forecasts and actual cash flows.

The table below represents cash flows payable by the company under non-derivative financial liabilities by their remaining contractual maturities at the reporting date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not

	Less than 1 month	Between 1-3 months	Over 5 months	Total
A4 20 X	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
At 30 June 2020				ENGLIS
Trade payables	0	0		
Current portion of borrowings		0	0	0
Provisions	0	0	0	0
Deferred income	0	0	0	0
Employee benefit obligation	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0
At 30 June 2021	0	0	0	0
Trade payables				
Current portion of borrowings	0	0	0	0
Provisions	0	0	0	0
Deferred income	0	0	0	0
Employee benefit obligation	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	
Iotai	0	0	0	0



46. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(iii) Market risk

The board has put in place an internal audit function to assist it in assessing the risk faced by the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College on an ongoing basis, evaluate and test the design and effectiveness of its internal accounting and operational controls.

Market risk is the risk arising from changes in market prices, such as interest rate, equity prices and foreign exchange rates which will affect the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. Overall responsibility for managing market risk rests with the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

The company's Finance Department is responsible for the development of detailed risk management policies (subject to review and approval by Audit and Risk Management Committee) and for the day-to-day implementation of those policies.

There has been no change to the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

a) Foreign currency risk

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College has transactional currency exposures. Such exposure arises through purchases of goods and services that are done in currencies other than the local currency. Invoices denominated in foreign currencies are paid after 30 days from the date of the invoice and conversion at the time of payment is done using the prevailing exchange rate.

The carrying amount of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	Ksh	Other currencies	Tota
At 30 June 2021	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Financial assets(investments, cash, debtors)			
(asin ,debtors)		0	0
Liabilities			
Trade and other payables		0	0
Borrowings		0	0
		0	0
Net foreign currency asset/(liability)			
		0	0

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College manages foreign exchange risk form future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities by projecting for expected sales proceeds and matching the same with expected payments.

a) Foreign currency risk

	Ksh	Other currencies	Total
At 30 June 2021	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Financial assets (investments, cash, debtors)			
Liabilities (cash, debtors)		0	0
Trade and other payables		0	0
Borrowings		0	0
Net foreign currency asset/(liability)		0	0
y(intollity)		0	0

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The following table demonstrates the effect on the company's statement of comprehensive income on applying the sensitivity for a reasonable possible change in the exchange rate of the three main transaction currencies, with all other variables held constant. The reverse would also occur if the Kenya Shilling appreciated with all other variables held constant.

	Change in currency rate	Effect on Profit before tax	Effect or equity
2021	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Euro	10%		
USD	10%		
2021	10%		
Euro	10%		
USD	10%		

b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's financial condition may be adversely affected as a result of changes in interest rate levels. The company's interest rate risk arises from bank deposits. This exposes the company to cash flow interest rate risk. The interest rate risk exposure arises mainly from interest rate movements on the company's deposits.

Management of interest rate risk

To manage the interest rate risk, management has endeavoured to bank with institutions that offer favourable interest rates.

b) Interest rate risk

Sensitivity analysis

The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College analyses its interest rate exposure on a dynamic basis by conducting a sensitivity analysis. This involves determining the impact on profit or loss of defined rate shifts. The sensitivity analysis for interest rate



Risk assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign exchange rates, remain constant. The analysis has been performed on the same basis as the prior year.

iv) Capital Risk Management

The objective of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's capital risk management is to safeguard the Board's ability to continue as a going concern. The Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College capital structure comprises of the following funds:

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
Revaluation reserve	KShs	KShs
Retained earnings	0	0
Capital reserve	0	0
	0	0
Total funds		
	0	0
Total borrowings		
Less: cash and bank balances	0	0
Net debt/(excess cash and cash equivalents)	0	0
Gearing Gearing	0	0
V	0	0

40 RELATED PARTY BALANCES

Nature of related party relationships

Entities and other parties related to the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College include those parties who have ability to exercise control or exercise significant influence over its operating and financial decisions. Related parties include management personnel, their associates and close family members.

Government of Kenya

The Government of Kenya is the principal shareholder of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College, holding 100% of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College's equity interest. The Government of Kenya has provided full guarantees to all long-term lenders of the Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College, both domestic and external. Other related parties include:

- The National Government;
- The Parent Ministry;
- iii) Key management;
- iv) Board of Governors



Description	2020-2021	2019-202
Transactions with related parties	KShs	KSł
related parties		KOI
a) Sales to related parties		
Sales of goods to Chensirei TVC		
Sales of services Chepsirei Tvc	0	(
Total	0	(
	0	(
b) Grants from the Government		
Grants from National Govt		
Grants from County Government	7,425,000	45,000
Donations in kind	0	2,600,000
Total	0	0
- ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	7,425,000	2,645,000
c) Expenses incurred on behalf of related party		
Payments of salaries and wages for 2 employees		
Payments for goods and services for employees	0	0
Total	0	0
	0	0
l) Key management compensation		
Directors' emoluments		
Compensation to the CEO	209,000	67,000
Compensation to key management	0	0
Total	0	0
- V 255.4	209,000	67,000

41 SEGMENT INFORMATION

Chepsirei Technical and Vocational does not have a branch.

42 CONTINGENT ASSETS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Description	2019-2021	2019-2019
Court case against the Institution	KShs	KShs
Bank guarantees in favour of subsidiary		
Total		
	0	0

43 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments	2020-2021	2019-2020
Authorised	Kshs	Kshs
Authorised and contracted	0	0
Total	0	0
	0	0



44 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There were no material adjusting and non- adjusting events after the reporting period.

45 ULTIMATE AND HOLDING CHEPSIREI TECHNICAL AND VOCATIONAL COLLEGE

Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College is a State Corporation under the Ministry of Education. Its ultimate parent is the Government of Kenya.

46 Currency

The financial statements are presented in Kenya Shillings (Kshs).

16. APPENDICES APPENDIX 1: PROGRESS ON FOLLOW UP OF AUDITOR RECOMMENDATIONS

Reference No. on the external audit Report	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Focal Point person to resolve the issue (Name and designation)	Status: (Resolved / Not Resolved)	Timeframe: (Put a date when you expect the issue to be resolved)
					resorreuj

				1	SP		
Princip	oal /Bo	OG Se	cretary	Ighi	1		
Date	2	-/=	Hwz	7	300		
Date		.>/	1.1		100		1
					100		7.
						1	16



APPENDIX II: PROJECTS IMPLEMENTED BY THE CHEPSIREI TECHNICAL AND VOCATIONAL COLLEGE

Projects

Projects implemented by the State Corporation/ SAGA Funded by development partners

Project title	Project Number	Donor	Period/ duration	Donor commitmen t	Separate donor reporting required as per the donor agreement	d in these
	n/a				(Yes/No)	
2	n/a					

Status of Projects completion

1	Project	Total project Cost	Total expended to date	Completion % to date	Budget	Actual	Sources of funds
1							
2							
3							



APPENDIX III: INTER-CHEPSIREI TECHNICAL AND VOCATIONAL COLLEGE

-	COLLEGE NAME:	CHEPSIREI	TECHNICAL AND V	OCATIONAL COLLEGE
	Breakdown of Tran	sfers from the State	Department of Techn	OCATIONAL COLLEGE
	FY 2021/2021	lom the State	Department of Techn	ical and Vocational
	 a. Recurrent Grants 			
		Bank Statement	Amount (KShs)	· · · ·
		Date	Amount (KSns)	Indicate the FY to which
		15/02/2021	2 167 50	the amounts relate
		28/02/2021	2,167,50	
		14/04/2021	500,00	
		28/04/2021	1,507,500	
		05/07/2021	500,000	
		12/07/2021	2,250,000	
		Total	500,000	
		Total	7,425,000	
b	. Development Grants			
	- Facility Ording	Ponle Ctot		
		Bank Statement Date	Amount (KShs)	Indicate the EV
		Date		Indicate the FY to which the amounts relate
				the amounts relate
_		Total	0	
_				
c.	Direct Payments			
	4-14-20-20-20-20-20	Bank Statement	Amount (KShs)	To I' and The
_		Date	Amount (Kons)	Indicate the FY to which
				the amounts relate
		Total	0	
			0	
i.	Donor Receipts			
		Bank Statement	Amount (I/O1	
		Date	Amount (KShs)	Indicate the FY to which
				the amounts relate
			0	
			0	
		Total	0	
e s	above amounts have been	Total	0	

The above amounts have been communicated to and reconciled with the parent Ministry

	with the parent willistry
Accounting Officer/Principal Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College	Head of Accounting Unit State Department of Technical Education
Sign CAESSIREI TECHE	Sign
Cmod. thepst. 2000 CC.	



Chepsirei Technical and Vocational College Annual Report and Financial Statements for The Year Ended 30th June 2021

APPENDIX IV: RECORDING OF TRANSFERS FROM OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES

Nature: as per bank Recurrent Development of Education 15/02/2021 Recurrent 15/02/2021	Name of the	Date								
is per bank string the string the string in string the string the statement of panent/Others Nature: Statement Inspiration statement of panent/Others statement lopment/Others Total Financial Financial Financial Financial String of Education Statement Inspiration string for string string of Education Amount - Financial Financial Financial Financial Financial Inscrimance (Fund Income string of Education) Amount - Financial Income string in String for Education The current (Financial Inscrimance string of Education) Amount - Financial Income string in String for Education Amount - Financial Income string in String for Education (String of Education) Amount - Financial Income string in String for Education (String of Education) Amount - Financial Income string in String for Education (String of Education) Amount - Financial Income string in String in String for Education (String of Education) Amount - Financial Income string in S	MDA/Donor					Where R	ecorded/rec	ognized		
stry of Education 15/02/2021 Recurrent Recurrent Recurrent Astronomers 2,167,500 Astronomers Astronomers Find Income Recurrent Income Recurrent Astronomers Find Income Recurrent Income Recurrent Income	funds	as per bank		Ашс	Statement of Financial	Capital	Deferred		Others -	Total Transfers
stry of Education 12/07/2021 Recurrent Recurrent Problement of Education 12/07/2021 Recurrent Recurrent Problement Prob	Ministry of Education	15/02/2021	-	KES	Performance	Fund	Income	Mecelvable	must be	during
stry of Education 28/02/2021 Recurrent 500,000 500,000 500,000 0	Trancalloll	1707/70/17	Recurrent	2,167,500	2,167,500		тисоше	90	specific	the Year
28/02/2021 Recurrent 500,000 500,000 500,000 0	Ministry of Education		III III III III III III III III III II			0	0	c	•	2,167,500
stry of Education 14/04/2021 Recurrent 1,507,500 1,507,500 0 0 0 0 0 1,507,500 1,507,500 0 0 0 0 1,507,500 1,507,500 0 <td></td> <td>28/02/2021</td> <td>Recurrent</td> <td>200 000</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td></td>		28/02/2021	Recurrent	200 000					0	
stry of Education 28/04/2021 Recurrent 1,507,500 1,507,500 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,507,500 1,507,500 2,250,000 500,000 2,250,000 2,250,000 2,250,000 2,250,000 2,250,000 0 <td>Ministry of Education</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>200,000</td> <td>200,000</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>C</td> <td>c</td> <td></td>	Ministry of Education			200,000	200,000	0	0	C	c	
stry of Education 28/04/2021 Recurrent Lysologie 1,307,300 0		14/04/2021	Recurrent	1 507	200 500				٥	500,000
try of Education 05/07/2021 Recurrent 2,250,000 2,250,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Ministry of Education	1000/10/00		10061	1,507,500	0	0	0	0	1 507 500
try of Education 05/07/2021 Recurrent 2,250,000 2,250,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2, 250,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		707/40/07	Recurrent	500 000	000					1,507,500
try of Education 12/07/2021 Recurrent 2,250,000 2,250,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 2, 250,000 12/07/2021 Recurrent 500,000 500,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Ministry of Education			200,000	200,000	0	0	0	(
try of Education Recurrent So0,000 So0,000 So0,000 O So0,000 O So0,000 O So0,000 O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O		05/07/2021	Recurrent	2 250 000					0	200,000
try of Education Development Developme	Ministry of Education		The state of the s	2,230,000	2,250,000	0	0	0	(
try of Education Development Development 0		12/07/2021	Recurrent	500 000					0	2,250,000
try of Education Development 0 </td <td>Ministry of Education</td> <td></td> <td>Walman.</td> <td>200,000</td> <td>200,000</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>c</td> <td>000</td>	Ministry of Education		Walman.	200,000	200,000	0	0	0	c	000
Ly of Education Donor Fund 0 <td>Minister of D.A.</td> <td></td> <td>Development</td> <td>0</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>200,000</td>	Minister of D.A.		Development	0	•					200,000
try of Education	runsaly of Education		Donor Fund		0	0	0	0	<	•
Direct Payment 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Ministry of Education		DIM T TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0 0		0
			Direct Payment	•					0	0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Lotal		-	0 00 10	0	0	0	C	(
0 0				/,425,000	7,425,000	0			0	0
						,	0	0	0	7.425.000

