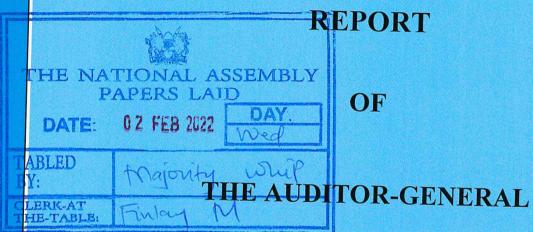




Enhancing Accountability



ON

UPGRADING OF "GILGIL MACHINERY" ROAD PROJECT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2021

KENYA RURAL ROADS AUTHORITY

4 2 5 8 8 s



Project Name: Upgrading of "Gilgil Machinery" road project

Connecting Devolved Kenya

Implementing Entity: Kenya Rural Roads Authority

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2021



Prepared in accordance with the Cash Basis of Accounting Method under the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS)

TABLE CONTENTS

1.	PROJECT INFORMATION AND OVERALL PERFORMANCE	Î
2.	STATEMENT OF PERFORMANCE AGAINST PROJECT'S PREDETRMINED OBJECTIVES	ix
3.	STATEMENT OF PROJECT MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITIES	×
4. MA	REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR ON THE UPGRADING OF "GILGIL - CHINERY" PROJECT	xii
5.	STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2021	1
6.	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AS AT 30TH JUNE 2021	2
7.	STATEMENT OF CASHFLOW FOR THE PERIOD 30TH JUNE 2021	3
8.	STATEMENT OF COMPARATIVE BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS	4
9.	SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	5
10.	NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	.13
11.	OTHER IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES	. 15
12.	PROGRESS ON FOLLOW UP OF PRIOR YEAR AUDITOR'S RECOMMENDATIONS	. 17
13.	ANNEXES	.18

i

1. PROJECT INFORMATION AND OVERALL PERFORMANCE

1.1 Name and registered office

Name

The project's official name is Upgrading of the "Gilgil-Machinery" road project.

Objective

The overall objective of the project is to contribute to economic and social development of Kenya, develop the public transport sector, develop, expand and integrate the road network with the capital Nairobi and link administrative towns and villages.

Address

The project headquarters offices are Nairobi, Nairobi County, Kenya.

The address of its registered office is:

Kenya Rural Roads Authority,
Block B, Barabara Plaza, Off Msa Rd
Opposite KCAA Building Along Airport South Rd, JKIA
P.O. Box 48151-00100 Nairobi

Contacts: The following are the project contacts

Telephone: (254) (20) 2710464/0724735568/0733619197

E-mail: kerra@kerra.go.ke/dgkerra@kerra.go.ke

Website: www.kerra.go.ke

ii

PROJECT INFORMATION AND OVERALL PERFORMANCE (Continued)

1.2 Project Information

Project's Loan Signature Date:	The loan signature date was 25 th May, 2016
Loan Effective Date	The Loan was declared effective on 11th May, 2017
Original Project Loan End Date:	The original project end date is 30 th June, 2019
Revised Project Loan End Date:	Loan Extension Agreement (D L.A./000783) was issued, extending the Loan Closing Date to 30 th June, 2022.
Project Coordinator:	The Project Coordinator is Eng. Kennedy O. Nyakuti
Project Accountant	The Project Accountant is CPA. Kelvin Muchiri Maina
Project Sponsor:	The Project Sponsors are Government of Kenya (GOK) (contributing 33.15%) and Arab Bank for Economic Development in Africa (BADEA) (contributing 66.85% of the Roadworks Cost).

1.3 Project Overview

Line Ministry/State Department of the project	The project is under the supervision of Kenya Rural Roads Authority which falls under the State department of Infrastructure of the Ministry of Transport, Infrastructure, Housing and Urban Development.
Strategic goals of the project	The project aims at improving 23 Kilometers of Gilgil - Machinery Road (D390) to bitumen standards.
Achievement of strategic goals	The Mobilization of Plant and Equipment has been done. The contractor has begun clearing the site and constructing diversions.

iii

Other important background information of the project	The loan agreement required that the Implementing agency form a project implementation unit. This condition was fulfilled with the appointment of a Project Coordinator and an Accountant. The loan was declared effective. The project is managed by a Project Implementation Unit (PIU) composed of a Civil Engineer and an Accountant as specified in Article III Section 3.03 of the Financing Agreement. Currently, Eng. K.O. Nyakuti and CPA Kelvin Muchiri Maina were appointed as the Project Coordinator and Project Accountant respectively.
	The project road length is approximately 23km long and traverses Nakuru and Nyandarua Counties with 5km being in Nakuru County and 18km being in Nyandarua County. The project road starts in Gilgil Town, on road C77 (Gilgil – Nyahururu), to the Njabini –Ol Kalou (C69) which was constructed with funding from BADEA. The project road is currently to gravel standard and traverse through generally a rolling/hilly terrain. The road is in fair to bad condition.
Current situation that the project was formed to intervene	The project was formed to intervene in the following areas: (i) Linking of administrative towns and villages (ii) Infrastructure development
Project duration	The project civil works construction started on 4 th May, 2019 and is expected to run until 30th June , 2022 with a 12-month Maintenance Period.

PROJECT INFORMATION AND OVERALL PERFORMANCE (Continued)

1.4 Bankers

The following are the bankers for the current year:

Kenya Commercial Bank

Kencom House, Moi Avenue Branch,

P.O. Box 48400-00100,

Nairobi Kenya.

KeRRA BADEA Funds Account-1259504255

1.5 Auditors

The project is audited by:

The Auditor General

Office of the Auditor General,

Anniversary Towers, University Way,

P.O. Box 30084-00100, Nairobi Kenya.

1.6 Roles and Responsibilities

List the different people who will be working on the project. This list would include the project manager and all the key stakeholders who will be involved with the project. Also, record their role, their positions:

Name and Contact	Title designation	Key qualification	Responsibilities
Details			
Eng. Philemon K. Kandie	Ag. Director	Bsc. Hons., MIEK,	Accounting Officer
+254 (20) 2710464	General	P. Eng, MSc.	
dgkerra@kerra.go.ke			
Eng. J. K. Magondu	Director	BSc., MIEK, P.Eng,	Engineer
+254 (20) 2710464	Development	M(IBL), A(CLArb-	
jackson.magondu@kerra.go.ke	*	UK)	
Eng. Kennedy O. Nyakuti	Project Coordinator	BSc MIEK, P.Eng	Coordination of the
+254 (20) 2710464	744		activities of the
kennedy.nyakuti@kerra.go.ke.			project.
CPA Kelvin Muchiri Maina	Project Accountant	B. Econ., CPA (K)	Assisting in
+254 (20) 2710464			Coordination of the
kelvin.maina@kerra.go.ke			activities of the
			project.

1.7 Funding summary

below:

The Project is for duration of six (6) years from 2016 to 2022 with an approved budget of USD 15,000,000 as highlighted in the table

PROJECT INFORMATION AND OVERALL PERFORMANCE (Continued)

Below is the funding summary:

A. Source of Funds

Source of Funds	Donor C	Donor Commitment	Amount Re Ju	Amount Received as at 30 th June 2021	Undrawn Ba Jun	Undrawn Balance as at 30 th June 2021
	OSD	Kshs	USD	Kshs	USD	Kshs
	(A)	(A")	(B)	(B')	(A)-(B)	(A')-(B')
		GRANT	GRANT SUMMARY			
Loan-Arab Bank for						
Economic Development in	11,000,000	1,100,000,000	2,521,070	252,107,028	8,478,930	847,892,972
Africa (BADEA)						
Total Grants	11,000,000	1,100,000,000	2,521,070	252,107,028	8,478,930	847,892,972
-		LOAN	LOAN SUMMARY			
		COUNTERPART FUNDS SUMMARY	FUNDS SUN	IMARY		74
(iii) Counterpart Funds						
Government of Kenya	4,000,000	400,000,000	875,000	87,500,000	3,125,000	312,500,000
Total GoK Counterpart	4,000,000	400,000,000	875,000	87,500,000	3,125,000	312,500,000
Total Funding Summary	15,000,000	1,500,000,000	3,396,070	339,607,028	11,603,930	1,160,392,972

PROJECT INFORMATION AND OVERALL PERFORMANCE (Continued)

B. Application of Funds

				(30th June 2021)	
	Donor currency	Kshs	Kshs	Donor currency	Kshs
	(4)	(4)	(B')	(A)-(B)	(A')-(B')
(i) Loan					
Loan-Arab Bank for Economic Development in Africa (BADEA)	2,521,070.28	252,107,027.61	252,107,027.61	r	,
(ii) Counterpart funds					
Government of Kenya	875,000.00	87,500,000.00	85,875,024.07	16,249.76	1,624,975.93
Total	3,396,070.28	339,607,027.61	337,982,051.68	16,249.76	1,624,975.93

PROJECT INFORMATION AND OVERALL PERFORMANCE (Continued)

1.8 Summary of Overall Project Performance:

- i) During the financial year, the project absorbed 62% of its approved budget.
- ii) The absorption rate for each year since the commencement of the project:

Year	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21
Absorption	60%	55%	62%

- iii) The project has faced the following implementation challenges:
 - Delay in relocation of utility services.
 - Challenges of obtaining approval of exemption from taxes of materials to be utilized in execution of the project from the National treasury.

1.9 Summary of Project Compliance:

The Program has ensured that all the activities carried out are within the laws of the Republic of Kenya and that all regulations and procedures have been followed.

The project has therefore fully complied with both the financing agreement and other statutory requirements.

2. STATEMENT OF PERFORMANCE AGAINST PROJECT'S PREDETRMINED OBJECTIVES

Introduction

Section 81 (2) (f) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires that, at the end of each financial year, the Accounting Officer when preparing financial statements of each National Government entity in accordance with the standards and formats prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board includes a statement of the national government entity's performance against predetermined objectives.

The key development objectives of the *project's agreement/* plan are to:

- a) Link administrative towns and villages.
- b) Expand and integrate the road network with the capital Nairobi.
- c) Contribute to economic and social development of the area.

3. STATEMENT OF PROJECT MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITIES

The Director General Kenya Rural Roads Authority and the **Project Coordinator** for **Upgrading of** "Gilgil - Machinery" *project* are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Project's financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Project for and as at the end of the financial year (period) ended on June 30, 2021.

This responsibility includes (i) Maintaining adequate financial management arrangement and ensuring that these continue to be effective throughout the reporting period; (ii) Maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the project; (iii) Designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement, and ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud; (iv) safeguarding the assets of the project; (v) Selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and (v) Making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Director General Kenya Rural Roads Authority and the **Project Coordinator** for **Upgrading of** "Gilgil - Machinery" project accept responsibility for the Project's financial statements, which have been prepared on the Cash Basis Method of Financial Reporting, using appropriate accounting policies in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards.

The Director General Kenya Rural Roads Authority and the **Project Coordinator** for **Upgrading of** "Gilgil - Machinery" project are of the opinion that the Project's financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of Project's transactions during the financial year/period ended June 30, 2021, and of the Project's financial position as at that date. The Director General Kenya Rural Roads Authority and the **Project Coordinator** for **Upgrading of "Gilgil - Machinery" project** further confirm the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Project, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Project financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

The Director General Kenya Rural Roads Authority and the **Project Coordinator** for **Upgrading of**"Gilgil - Machinery" project confirm that the Project has complied fully with applicable Government

Regulations and the terms of external financing covenants, and that Project funds received during the financial year/period under audit were used for the eligible purposes for which they were intended and were properly accounted for.

Approval of the Project financial statements

The Director General Kenya Rural Roads Authority and the Project Coordinator for Upgrading of "Gilgil - Machinery" project on 29th September, 2021 and signed by them.

Ag. Director General

Eng. Philemon K. Kandie

Project Coordinator

Eng. Kennedy O. Nyakuti

Director of Corporate Services

CPA Dan Manyasi

ICPAK Member Number: 6407

REPUBLIC OF KENYA

Telephone: +254-(20) 3214000 E-mail: info@oagkenya.go.ke Website: www.oagkenya.go.ke



HEADQUARTERS
Anniversary Towers
Monrovia Street
P.O. Box 30084-00100
NAIROBI

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON UPGRADING OF "GILGIL MACHINERY" ROAD PROJECT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2021-KENYA RURAL ROADS AUTHORITY

PREAMBLE

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on the Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements.
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazetted notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for intended purpose.
- C. Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, the risk management environment, and the internal controls developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An unmodified opinion does not necessarily mean that an entity has complied with all relevant laws and regulations, and that its internal control, risk management and governance systems are properly designed and were working effectively in the financial year under review.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report, when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Upgrading of "Gilgil Machinery" Road Project set out on pages 1 to 18, which comprise the statement of financial assets as at 30 June, 2021, and the statement of receipts and payments, statement of cash flows and statement of comparative budget and actual amounts for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Upgrading of "Gilgil Machinery" Project as at 30 June, 2021, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and comply with Financing Agreement dated 25 May, 2016 between the Arab Bank for Economic Development in Africa (BADEA) and the Republic of Kenya.

Basis Opinion

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of Upgrading of "Gilgil Machinery" Road Project Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

Other Matters

1. Low Absorption of Project Funds

Sections 1.7 of the annual report under Project information and overall performance, indicates that the Project is to be implemented within a duration of six (6) years from 2016 to 2022, with a total expected funding of Kshs.1,500,000,000 equivalent to US\$15,000,000. However, only Kshs.339,607,028 or 22.6% of the expected funding had been drawn as at 30 June, 2021, leaving a balance of Kshs.1,160,392,972 or 77.4% undrawn despite a time lapse of 83%.

Clearly, the project is behind schedule and the envisaged strategic goals may not be achieved within the expected timelines.

2. Budget Control and Performance

The statement of comparative budget and actual amounts reflects an approved receipt budget of Kshs.420,000,000 during the year against actual receipts amounting to Kshs.199,994,359 resulting to a shortfall in receipts of Kshs.220,005,641. Similarly, budgeted expenditure amounted to Kshs.420,000,000 against actual expenditure of Kshs.263,879,023 resulting in an overall under expenditure of Kshs.156,120,977, an indication that some programmed activities were not undertaken during the year.

Consequently, the Project's goals and objectives during the year under review may not have been achieved.

REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES

Conclusion

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

Basis of Conclusion

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 4000. The standard requires that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance, in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

Conclusion

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal controls, risk management and governance were not effective.

Basis of Conclusion

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether effective processes and systems of internal control, risk management and overall

governance were operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and for maintaining effective internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control, risk management and governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Project's ability to sustain services, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to sustainability of services and using the applicable basis of accounting unless Management is aware of the intention to terminate the Project or to cease operations.

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Project's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how the Project monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit

The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229(6) of the Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and review of compliance, I consider internal control in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non-compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the Project's policies and procedures may deteriorate.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the applicable basis
 of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material
 uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on
 the Project's ability to continue to sustain its services. If I conclude that a material
 uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the

Report of the Auditor-General on Upgrading of ''Gilgil Machinery'' Road Project for the year ended 30 June, 2021 – Kenya Rural Roads Authority

related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Project to cease to continue to sustain its services.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the Project to express an opinion on the financial statements.
- Perform such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

CPA Namey Gathungu, CBS AUDITOR-GENERAL

Nairobi

29 November, 2021

5. STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2021

RECEIPTS The state of the stat	Receipts and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	The state of the s
			Receipts and		Cummletive to
RECEIPTS			payments	Receipts and	Cumulative 10
RECEIPTS	controlled by the	payments Made	controlled by the	payments Made	Date
RECEIPTS	entity	by third parties	entity	by third parties	
RECEIPTS	Kshs		Kshs		Kshs
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
Receipts from Government of Kenya	1	ı	1	1	87.500.000
Loan from Development Partner 2	1	199,994,359	1	44,316,541	252,107,028
Total Receipts	1	199,994,359	I	44,316,541	339,607,028
i.					
PAYMENTS					
Consultancy 3		35,720,826	z	1	43,516,954
Road Works Expenditure 3	63,884,665	164,273,533	ı	44,316,541	294,450,703
Other operating costs 4	8,290		6,105		14,395
Total Payments	63,892,955	199,994,359	6,105	44,316,541	337,982,053
Surplus/Deficit	(63,892,955)	- ((6,105)	1	1,624,975

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

Ag. Director General

Eng. Philemon K. Kandie

Project Coordinator Eng. Kennedy O. Nyakuti

Director Corporate Services

CPA Dan Manyasi

ICPAK Member Number: 6407

*PSAS 1.3.24 requires an entity to separately disclose third party payments separately on the statement of receipts and payments. These are payments made by *opment partners directly on behalf of the entity. In recognising these transactions, the receipts must be equal to the payments made and therefore there is no surplus

6. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AS AT 30TH JUNE 2021

		2020/2021	2019/2020
	Note	Kshs	Kshs
FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Bank Balances	5.A	1,624,975	65,517,930
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,624,975	65,517,930
REPRESENTED BY			
Fund balance brought forward	6	65,517,930	65,524,035
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		(63,892,955)	(6,105)
Net Financial Position		1,624,975	65,517,930

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements. The financial statements were approved on 29th September, 2021 and signed by:

Ag. Director General

Eng. Philemon K. Kandie

Project Coordinator

Eng. Kennedy O. Nyakuti

Director Corporate Services

CPA Dan Manyasi

ICPAK Member No. 6407

7. STATEMENT OF CASHFLOW FOR THE PERIOD 30TH JUNE 2021

		2020/2021	2019/2020
	Note	Kshs	Kshs
Cash flow from operating activities			
Receipts from Government of Kenya	1	-	
Loan from development partner	2	199,994,360	44,316,541
Payments for operating activities			
Road Works Expenditure(Acquisition of non-			
financial assets)	3	(263,887,314)	(44,322,646)
Net Cash flow from operating activities		(63,892,954)	(6,105)
Cash flow from borrowing activities			
Proceeds from foreign borrowings		-	
Net Cash flow from borrowing activities		-	-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(63,892,954)	(6,105)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of			
the year	5	65,517,930	65,524,035
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	5	1,624,975	65,517,930

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements. The entity financial statements were approved on 29th September, 2021 and signed by:

Ag. Director General

Eng. Philemon K. Kandie

Project Coordinator

Eng. Kennedy O. Nyakuti

Director Corporate services

CPA Dan Manyasi

ICPAK Member No:6407

8. STATEMENT OF COMPARATIVE BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS

				Actual on	Budget	
				comparable	Utilisation	Jo %
Consolidated	Original Budget	inal Budget Adjustments	Final Budget	basis	Variance	Utilisation
	A	В	C=a+b	D	E=c-d	F=d/c%
Receipts/Payment Item						
RECEIPTS			,			
Receipts from Government of Kenya	70,000,000	1	70,000,000	т	70,000,000	%0
Loan from development partner	350,000,000	1	350,000,000	199,994,359	150,005,641	21%
Total receipts	420,000,000	1	420,000,000	199,994,359	220,005,641	
		8				
PAYMENTS						
Consultancy services	120,000,000	t	120,000,000	35,720,826	84,279,174	30%
Road works	300,000,000	ı	300,000,000	228,158,197	71,841,803	%9 <i>L</i>
Total Payments	420,000,000	,	420,000,000	263,879,023	156,120,977	93%

Note: The significant budget utilisation/performance differences in the last column are explained in Annex 1 to these financial statements.

Ag. Director General

Eng. Philemon K. Kandie

Project Coordinator

Eng. Kennedy O. Nyakuti

Director Corporate Services

CPA Dan Manyasi

ICPAK Member No: 6407

9. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

10.1 Basis of Preparation

10.2 Statement of compliance and basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Cash-basis IPSAS financial reporting under the cash basis of accounting, as prescribed by the PSASB and set out in the accounting policy note below. This cash basis of accounting has been supplemented with accounting for; a) receivables that include imprests and salary advances and b) payables that include deposits and retentions. The financial statements comply with and conform to the form of presentation prescribed by the PSASB.

The accounting policies adopted have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

10.3 Reporting entity

The financial statements are for the Project **Upgrading of "Gilgil - Machinery"** under National Government of Kenya. The financial statements encompass the reporting entity as specified in the relevant legislation PFM Act 2012.

10.3.1 Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Kenya Shillings (KShs), which is the functional and reporting currency of the Project and all values are rounded to the nearest Kenya Shilling.

5

10.4 Significant Accounting Policies

a) Recognition of receipts

The Project recognises all receipts from the various sources when the event occurs, and the related cash has actually been received by the Government.

i) Transfers from the Exchequer

Transfer from Exchequer is be recognized in the books of accounts when cash is received. Cash is considered as received when payment instruction is issued to the bank and notified to the receiving entity.

ii) External Assistance

External assistance is received through grants and loans from multilateral and bilateral development partners.

iii) Other receipts

These include Appropriation-in-Aid and relates to receipts such as proceeds from disposal of assets and sale of tender documents. These are recognized in the financial statements the time associated cash is received.

b) Donations and grants

Grants and donations shall be recognized in the books of accounts when cash is received. Cash is considered as received when a payment advice is received by the recipient entity or by the beneficiary. In case of grant/donation in kind, such grants are recorded upon receipt of the grant item and upon determination of the value. The date of the transaction is the value date indicated on the payment advice.

c) Proceeds from borrowing

Borrowing includes Treasury bill, treasury bonds, corporate bonds, sovereign bonds and external loans acquired by the Project or any other debt the Project may take on will be treated on cash basis and recognized as a receipt during the year they were received.

d) Undrawn external assistance

These are loans and grants at reporting date as specified in a binding agreement and relate to funding for the Project currently under development where conditions have been satisfied or their ongoing satisfaction is highly likely and the project is anticipated to continue to completion. An analysis of the Project's undrawn external assistance is shown in the funding summary

e) Recognition of payments

The Project recognises all payments when the event occurs, and the related cash has actually been paid out by the Project.

i) Compensation of employees

Salaries and Wages, Allowances, Statutory Contribution for employees are recognized in the period when the compensation is paid.

ii) Use of goods and services

Goods and services are recognized as payments in the period when the goods/services are consumed and paid for. If not paid for during the period where goods/services are consumed, they shall be disclosed as pending bills.

iii) Interest on borrowing

Borrowing costs that include interest are recognized as payment in the period in which they incurred and paid for.

iv) Repayment of borrowing (principal amount)

The repayment of principal amount of borrowing is recognized as payment in the period in which the repayment is made. The stock of debt is disclosed as an annexure to the consolidated financial statements.

v) Acquisition of fixed assets

The payment on acquisition of property plant and equipment items is not capitalized. The cost of acquisition and proceeds from disposal of these items are treated as payments and receipts items respectively. Where an asset is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration and the fair value of the asset can be reliably established, a contra transaction is recorded as receipt and as a payment.

A fixed asset register is maintained by each public entity and a summary provided for purposes of consolidation. This summary is disclosed as an annexure to the consolidated financial statements.

f) In-kind donations

In-kind contributions are donations that are made to the Project in the form of actual goods and/or services rather than in money or cash terms. These donations may include vehicles, equipment or personnel services. Where the financial value received for in-kind contributions can be reliably determined, the Project includes such value in the statement of receipts and payments both as receipts and as payments in equal and opposite amounts; otherwise, the contribution is not recorded.

g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and cash at bank, short-term deposits on call and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily

convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank

account balances include amounts held at the Central Bank of Kenya and at various commercial banks at the end of the financial year. For the purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents also include short term cash imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year.

Restriction on cash

Restricted cash represents amounts that are limited/restricted from being used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. This cash is limited for direct use as required by stipulation. Amounts maintained in deposit bank accounts are restricted for use in refunding third part deposits.

h) Accounts receivable

For the purposes of these financial statements, imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year is treated as receivables. This is in recognition of the government practice where the imprest payments are recognized as payments when fully accounted for by the imprest or AIE holders. This is an enhancement to the cash accounting policy. Other accounts receivables are disclosed in the financial statements.

9

i)Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is:

- a) A possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity; or
- b) A present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because:
 - i) It is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation; or
 - ii) The amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Some of contingent liabilities may arise from: litigation in progress, guarantees, indemnities. Letters of comfort/ support, insurance, Public Private Partnerships,

The Entity does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses details of any contingencies in the notes to the financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote.

Section 89 (2) (i) of the PFM Act requires the National Government to report on the payments made, or losses incurred, by the county government to meet contingent liabilities as a result of loans during the financial year, including payments made in respect of loan write-offs or waiver of interest on loans

j) Contingent Assets

The Entity does not recognize a contingent asset, but discloses details of a possible asset whose existence is contingent on the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Entity in the notes to the financial statements. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits or service potential will arise and the asset's value can be measured reliably, the asset and the related revenue are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

k) Pending bills

Pending bills consist of unpaid liabilities at the end of the financial year arising from contracted goods or services during the year or in past years. As pending bills do not involve the payment of cash in the reporting period, they recorded as 'memorandum' or 'off-balance' items to provide a sense of the overall net cash position of the Project at the end of the year. When the pending bills are finally settled, such payments are included in the statement of receipts and payments in the year in which the payments are made.

l)Budget

The budget is developed on a comparable accounting basis (cash basis), the same accounts classification basis (except for accounts receivable - outstanding imprest and clearance accounts and accounts payable - deposits, which are accounted for on an accrual basis), and for the same period as the financial statements. The Project's budget was approved as required by Law and National Treasury Regulations, as well as by the participating development partners, as detailed in the Government of Kenya Budget Printed Estimates for the year. The Development Projects are budgeted for under the MDAs but receive budgeted funds as transfers and account for them separately. These transfers are recognised as inter-entity transfers and are eliminated upon consolidation.

A high-level assessment of the Project's actual performance against the comparable budget for the financial year/period under review has been included in an annex to these financial statements.

m) Third party payments

Included in the receipts and payments, are payments made on its behalf by to third parties in form of loans and grants. These payments do not constitute cash receipts and payments and are disclosed in the payment to third parties column in the statement of receipts and payments.

11

n) Exchange rate differences

The accounting records are maintained in the functional currency of the primary economic environment in which the Project operates, Kenya Shillings. Transactions in foreign currencies during the year/period are converted into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Any foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statements of receipts and payments.

o) Comparative figures

Where necessary comparative figures for the previous financial year/period have been amended or reconfigured to conform to the required changes in financial statement presentation.

p) Subsequent events

There have been no events subsequent to the financial year/period end with a significant impact on the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021.

q) Errors

Material prior period errors shall be corrected retrospectively in the first set of financial statements authorized for issue after their discovery by: i. Restating the comparative amounts for prior period(s) presented in which the error occurred; or ii. If the error occurred before the earliest prior period presented, restating the opening balances of assets, liabilities and net assets/equity for the earliest prior period presented.

10. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. RECEIPTS FROM GOVERNMENT OF KENYA

These represent counterpart funding and other receipts from government as follows:

	2020/21	2019/20	
	KShs	KShs	Cumulative to-date (from inception)
Counterpart funding through Mini	stry of Transport and 1	nfrastructure	
Counterpart funds Quarter 1	-	-	87,500,000
Total (See Annex 2)	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	87,500,000
Total	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	87,500,000

2. LOAN FROM EXTERNAL DEVELOPMENT PARTNERS

During the 12 months to 30th June, 2021 we received funding from development partners in form of loans negotiated by the National Treasury donors as detailed in the table below:

Name of Donor	Amount in loan currency	Loans received as revenue	Loans received as direct payment*	Total amoi	unt in KShs
		KShs	KShs	2020/21	2019/20
Loans Received from Multilateral	Donors (BADEA)				
BADEA	-	-	199,994,359	199,994,359	44,316,541
Total	-	-	199,994,359	199,994,359	44,316,541

3. ROADWORKS EXPENDITURE

		2020/21			
	Payments made by the Entity	Payments made by third parties	Total Payments	Total Payments	Cumulative to-date
	KShs	KShs	KShs	KShs	KShs
Construction of roads	63,884,665	164,273,533	228,158,198	44,316,541	294,450,703

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. OTHER OPERATING COSTS

Other Operating Costs	2020/2021	2019/2020
Bank charges	8,290.00	6,105.00
Total	8,290.00	6,105.00

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Bank accounts (Note 8.13A) Total	1,624,975 1,624,975	65,517,930 65,517,930
	KShs	KShs
	2020/21	2019/20

The project has one(1) number of project accounts spread within the project implementation area and does not have any foreign currency designated accounts managed by the National Treasury.

5. A Bank Accounts

Project Bank Accounts

	2020/21	2019/20
	KShs	KShs
Local Currency Accounts		
Kenya Commercial Bank [A/c No.1259504255]	1,624,975	65,517,930
Total local currency balances	1,624,975	65,517,930
Total bank account balances	1,624,975	65,517,930

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. FUND BALANCE BROUGHT FORWARD

	2019/20	2018/19
	KShs	KShs
Bank accounts	65,517,930	-
Total	65,517,930	_

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. OTHER IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES

1. PENDING ACCOUNTS PAYABLE (See Annex 3A)

	Balance b/f FY 2019/2020	Additions for the period	Paid during the year	Balance c/f FY 2020/2021
Description	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Construction of roads	-	15,984,862	-	15,984,862
Total	0	15,984,862	-	15,984,862

2. EXTERNAL ASSISTANCE

Description	FY 2020/2021 Kshs	FY 2019/2020 Kshs
External assistance received as grants	0	0
External assistance received in kindas payment by third parties	199,994,359	44,316,541
Total	199,994,359	44,316,541

a). External assistance relating loans and grants

	FY 2020/202	FY 2019/2020	
Description	Kshs	Kshs	
External assistance received as loans	199,994,359	44,316,541	
External assistance received as grants	-	-	
Total	199,994,359	44,316,541	

OTHER IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES (Continued)

b) Classes of providers of external assistance

	FY 2020/2021	FY 2019/2020
Description	Kshs	Kshs
Multilateral donors	199,994,359	44,316,541
Total	199,994,359	44,316,541

c)Purpose and use of external assistance

Payments Made by Third Parties	FY 2020/2021	FY 2019/2020
	Kshs	Kshs
Construction of roads	199,994,359	44,316,541
TOTAL	199,994,359	44,316,541

d) External Assistance paid by Third Parties on behalf of the Entity by Source

	FY 2020/2021	FY 2019/2020
Description	Kshs	Kshs
National government	-	-
Multilateral donors	199,994,359	44,316,541
Total	199,994,359	44,316,541

3. RETENTION

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
	Kshs	Kshs
Retention	22,974,967.98	-
Total	22,974,967.98	-

As at the end of the financial year 2020/2021, the project had retention funds amounting to Kshs. 22,974,967.98. Of this amount, the GoK Portion of Kshs. 6,547,614.04 is held in the KCB HoF Retention Fund Account No. 1119722543; the Donor Portion of Kshs. 16,427,353.27, is held by the Development Partner,BADEA.

12. PROGRESS ON FOLLOW UP OF PRIOR YEAR AUDITOR'S RECOMMENDATIONS

The following is the summary of issues raised by the external auditor, and management comments that were provided to the auditor. We have nominated focal persons to resolve the various issues as shown below with the associated time frame within which we expect the issues to be resolved.

All the Audit issues/observations for FY N/A N/A 2019/2020 were resolved	Reference No. on the external audit Report	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Status: (Resolved / Not Resolved)	Timeframe: (Put a date when you expect the issue to be resolved)
		issues/observations for FY	N/A	N/A	N/A

Ag. Director General

29/09/2021

Date

Project Coordinator

Date

13. ANNEXES

ANNEX1 - VARIANCE EXPLANATIONS - COMPARATIVE BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS

		Actual on	Tikilione	, , ,	
	Final Budget	basis	Variance	% oi Ufilisation	Comments on sociones
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs		Comments on variance
	g	q	c=a-p	d=b/a%	
RECEIPTS					
Receipts from Government	,	J	ı	%0	Due to funding constraints, we did not receive
or inclipa					any GoK allocation in the financial year.
Loan from development partner	350,000,000	199,994,359	150,005,641	27%	During the financial year, most of the expenditure was on the initial milestones, which progress
					relatively slow and have relatively low absorption.
Total receipts	350,000,000	199,994,359	150,005,641		
PAYMENTS					
Consultancy services	50,000,000	35,720,826	14,279,174	71%	N/A
Road works	300,000,000	228,158,197	71,841,803	76%	Expenditure for the year is more than the total
Total Payments	350,000,000	263.879.023	86.120.077		receipts due to cattyover lunds.
			1		

ANNEX 2: RECONCILIATION OF INTER-ENTITY TRANSFERS

	PROJECT NAME:			
	Break down of Transfers from the State Department of Infrastructure	tate Department of Infrastr	ucture	
a.	Government Counterpart Funding			
		Bank Statement Date	Amount (KShs)	Indicate the FY to which the amounts relate
			0	
			0	
	,		0	
		Total	0	
b .	Direct Payments			
		Bank Statement Date	Amonint (KShs)	Indicate the FY to which the amounts
	Supervision Consultancy Services		35,720,826.4	2020/2021
	Roadworks		164,273,533	2020/2021
		Total	199,994,359.4	
ပ	Others			
		Bank Statement Date	Amount (KShs)	Indicate the FY to which the amounts relate
			0	
			0	
		Total	0	
		TOTAL (a+b+c)	199,994,359.4	

ANNEX 3A - ANALYSIS OF PENDING BILLS

Supplier of Goods or Services	Original Amount	Date Contracted	Amount Paid To-Date	Amount Paid To-Date Outstanding Balance Comments 2019/20	standing Balance Co.	mments
	а	p	၁	d=a-c		
Sub-Total					100 E	
Construction of roads				20		
SS Mehta and Sons	22,884,862.02		6,900,000.00	15,984,862.02	o Insu	Insufficient Funds
4						
Grand Total	22,884,862.02		00'000'006'9	15,984,862.02		

APPPENDICES

i. Bank Reconciliations statement as at 30th June 2021